Online Help

Tektronix

ArbExpress AXW100 Waveform Creation and Editing Tool for Tektronix AWG/AFG Version 2.1

077-0000-01

Adapted from the ArbExpress Online Help, Version 2.1.

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ArbExpress AXW100 Waveform Creation and Editing Tool for Tektronix AWG/AFG version 2.1 Online Help.

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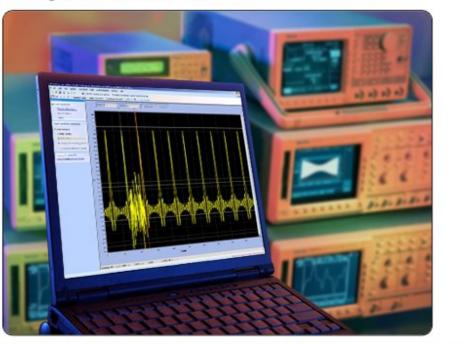
About ArbExpress AXW100 Software

ArbExpress AXW100 Waveform Creation and Editing Tool for Tektronix AWG/AFG is PC-based software that runs on the Windows 98, Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP Professional, and Windows Me operating systems.

ArbExpress generates waveforms for Tektronix signal sources instruments. You can create and edit waveforms: transfer waveforms to and from Tektronix oscilloscopes, Arbitrary Waveform Generators (AWG), and Arbitrary Function Generators (AFG): and remotely control AWGs and AFGs. ArbExpress generates the following standard waveforms: — Sine, Square, Triangle, Pulse, DC, Exponential Rise, Exponential Decay, Noise, Sinc, Sweep, Multi-Tone, and Lorentz.

ArbExpress Ver 2.1

The Arbitrary Waveform Editing Tool from Tektronix



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Configuration

The minimum requirements for the ArbExpress AXW100 application are listed in Table 1-1.

Table	1-1:	Minimum	system	requirements
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OS supported	Minimum requirements
Windows XP Professional Service Pack 1	Pentium III @ 800 MHz and higher
	256 MB RAM
Windows 2000	300 MB Free Disk Space
	Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.01 and higher
Windows 98/Me	.NET Framework 1.1 Redistributable
	800 X 600 Display Resolution
Windows NT Service Pack 6a	

The following table lists the conditions under which ArbExpress uses TekVisa version 2.03 build 97.

Table 1-2: ArbExpress and TekVisa

	AWG/AFG	Oscilloscope
LAN	AWG400, AWG500, AWG 600, and AWG 700 series of instruments are supported through raw sockets (TekVisa may not be required*). AFG3000 series of instruments are supported through VXI 11 server.	TekVisa required
GPIB	TekVisa required	TekVisa required
RS232*	Not supported	TekVisa required
USB	TekVisa required**	TekVisa required

* AFG and AWG2xxx series do not support LAN

** Only the AFG3xxx series instruments support USB

ArbExpress supports file transfer and control from MATLAB version 6.1, release 12.1. To use this feature, install TekVisa version 2.03 build 97 on the PC.

Installation

This section describes how to install the ArbExpress AXW100 application using the InstallShield Wizard. The installation program setup.exe installs the ArbExpress software. Do the following to install the ArbExpress software:

- 1. Insert the ArbExpress CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. If the installation program does not automatically start, find setup.exe under the folder \ArbExpress on the CD-ROM and double-click it. The InstallShield wizard displays the Splash Screen.

- 3. Follow the instructions given by the InstallShield wizard.
- 4. The installation follows this sequence of steps: Welcome, License Agreement, Choose Destination Location, Start Copying Files, Setup Status, and View Release Notes (optional).
 - Click **Next** to continue and navigate through the InstallShield wizard.
 - Click **Back** if you want to change the settings in the previous window.
- 5. In the Welcome window, click **Next** to display the License Agreement window.
- 6. In the License Agreement window, do the following:
 - Read the License Agreement carefully.
 - Select the I accept the terms of the License agreement option to continue.
- 7. After you have selected the I accept the terms of the License agreement option, click Next to display the Choose Install Folder window.
- 8. In the Choose Destination Location window, do one of the following:
 - To install ArbExpress in the default folder C:\Program Files\Tektronix\ArbExpress click Next.
 - To change the location where you would like to install the ArbExpress software, click Browse and browse to the location.
- **9.** Click **Next** to display the Start Copying Files window. This window displays the disk space available and the disk space required to install ArbExpress.
- **10.** Click **Next** to start installation. The Setup Status window displays a progress bar. ArbExpress will be installed in the selected folder with a shortcut in the Start menu.
- 11. When the installation is complete, the message "ArbExpress Software Setup completed successfully" is displayed. If you do not have TekVisa version 2.03 build 97 and .NET Runtime Framework version 1.1 installed on your computer, ArbExpress detects this and displays a message to install these before running ArbExpress.

You can install TekVisa version 2.03 build 97 from the folder \TekVisa and .NET Runtime Framework version 1.1 from the folder \DotNet Framework available in the ArbExpress CD-ROM.

12. Note that the USB Device Driver may not install automatically.

To install the driver manually, power on the USBTMC compliant instrument and connect it to the computer. Follow the screens of the "Found New Hardware Wizard." Choose the option "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)".

In the next dialog box, choose the option "Don't choose, I will choose the driver to install," and enter the location C:\vxipnp\winnt\tekvisa\bin. Select TekUSB.inf (may be automatically selected) and select Open.

The driver will be installed. See the TekVisa 2.03 build 97file readme.pdf for additional information.

13. Click Finish to exit.

Using Online Help

Select Help on the right side of the application menu bar to bring up the online help.

Table of Contents (TOC) tab—organizes the Help into book-like sections. Select a book icon to open a section; select any of the topics listed under the book.

Index tab—enables you to scroll through alphabetical list of keywords. Select the topic of interest to bring up the appropriate help page.

Search tab—-allows a text-based search. Follow these steps:

- **1.** Type the word or phrase you want to find in the search box.
- 2. Select some matching words in the next box to narrow your search.
- 3. Choose a topic in the lower box, and then select the Display button.
 - To print a topic, select the Print button from the Help Topics menu bar.
 - Select Options from the menu bar to access other commands, such as annotating a topic or keeping the help window on top, or to use system colors.
 - Select the Back button to return to the previous help window. Use the hyperlink to jump from one topic to another. If the Back button is grayed out or a jump is not available, choose the Help Topics button to return to the originating help folder.
 - Browse buttons (Next >> and Previous <<) allow you to move forward and backward through topics in the order of the Table of Contents (TOC).

Sometimes you will see the word **Note** in the topic text. This indicates important information.

Note: Certain aspects of the online help are unique. Blue-underlined text indicates a jump (hyperlink) to another topic. Click the blue text to jump to the related topic. For example, select the blue text to jump to the topic on Online Help and Related Documentation and the Back button to return to the previous page.

You can tell when the cursor is over an active hyperlink (button, jump, or popup), because the cursor arrow changes to a small hand.

For help on specific dialog boxes, display the Contents for this help file, and then click the following book icons to display links to specific dialog boxes: Operating Basics> Dialog Boxes.

Printing from the Online Help

While using the ArbExpress online help, you can print topics and information from the Help viewer. Some online help topics have color in the examples of the displayed application. If you print this type of topic on a monochrome printer, some information may not print because of certain colors. Instead, you should print the topic from the PDF (portable document format) file that corresponds to the Online Help. You can find the file in the main directory on the CD-ROM disk. The figures of the application menus in the PDF file are gray scale so the relevant information will appear on the printed page.

To print a single topic:

- 4. Find the topic in the Contents pane.
- 5. Click Print from the menu.
- 6. Click Print the selected topic and click OK.

To print all topics in a selected TOC book:

- **1.** Find the TOC book in the Contents pane.
- 2. Click Print from the menu.
- 3. Click Print the selected heading and all subtopics and click OK.

Tip: If topics include expanding or drop-down hotspots, click the hotspots to display the information before you print.

Overview

Getting Started

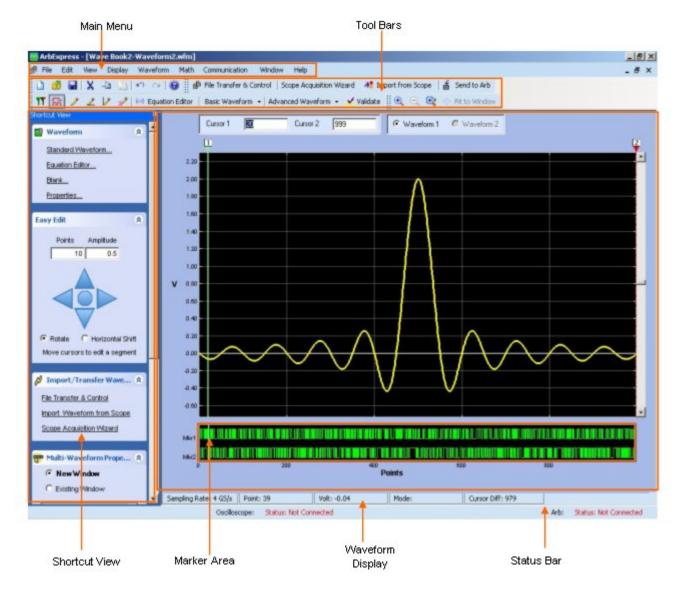
Basic Operations

ArbExpress AXW100 Waveform Creation and Editing Tool for Tektronix AWG/AFG is a Windows-based software with a graphical user interface that you can use to create, edit, and transfer standard waveforms to an Arbitrary Waveform Generator, an Arbitrary Function Generator, or an oscilloscope.

In this online help, all menu selections are indicated as Menu name> Menu options separated by ">". You can access a command or a menu option in more than one way. Several main menu options are available as toolbars that you can use instead of selecting the option from the main menu. You can show or hide the toolbars and also create customized toolbars. Shortcut menus which open with a right-click are provided for waveform editing, connecting to an instrument, and transferring a waveform to an arbitrary waveform generator or an arbitrary function generator.

The Shortcut View on the left of the screen shows options that are available in the main menu or in the toolbars. The Shortcut View provides the most commonly and frequently used commands.

Some dialog boxes also have a Help button that displays help for that dialog box. Some other dialog boxes have a toolbar for basic operations like Open, Save, Connect, Disconnect, and Show/Hide Properties.



The following figure shows the application screen, the menu, and the toolbars.

Figure 2-1: Application screen, menus, and toolbars

In the ArbExpress software, you can enter values in fields in different ways. In some fields, you type in the values, in some, you select from a drop-down list, and in others, you can use the spin box to increase or decrease the values. You can type in the characters K for Kilo, G for Giga, M for Mega, u for Micro, m for milli, and n for nano.

File Name Extensions

The application uses these file name extensions to identify the file type. Table 2-1 lists the file name extensions.

Table 2-1: File name extensions and their descriptions

File name extensions	Description
.wfm	Oscilloscope waveform files AWG waveform files created by AWG400-700, and AWG2000 series of waveform generators
.pat	AWG pattern format files
.tfw	Waveform files for the AFG3000 series arbitrary/function generators
.isf	Waveform files for the TDS3000 instruments
.CSV	Comma separated variable files
.txt	Text files
.equ/.eqa	Equation files
.set	AWG setup information files
.р	MATLAB compiled files
.m	MATLAB equation files
.ico	Icon files
.chm	Compiled HTML Help files
.dll	Application extension files
.exe	Application file

Application File Names and Directories

The application uses specific directories to save files. Table 2-2 lists the default directory names.

Table 2-2: Application file names and directories

Directory	Function
C:\Program Files\Tektronix\ArbExpress\System	Stores the application files .exe, .dll, Release notes.c, and .chm
C:\Program Files\Tektronix\ArbExpress\Documentation	Stores the user manual and the installation manual (.pdf)
C:\Program Files\Tektronix\ArbExpress\Samples\Waveform	Stores the sample waveform files (.wfm)
C:\Program Files\Tektronix\ArbExpress\Samples\Equation	Stores the sample equation files (.equ)
C:\Program Files\Tektronix\ArbExpress\Samples\Tools\Matlab	Stores the sample MATLAB equation files (.m)

You can install ArbExpress in a directory of your choice.

Starting the Application

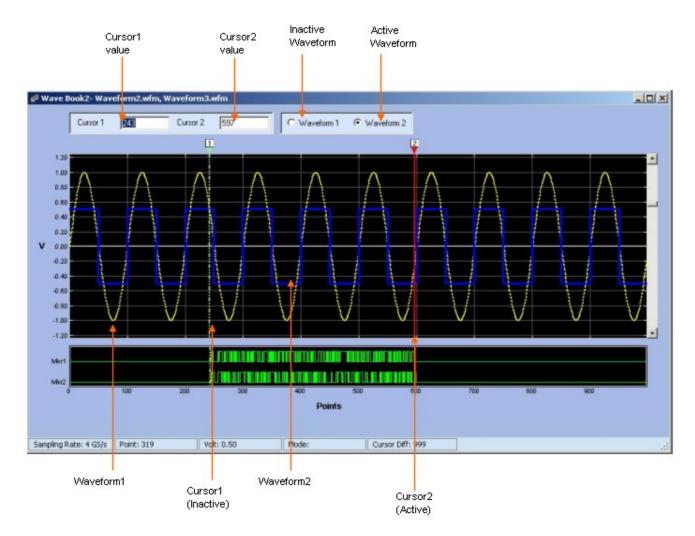
To start ArbExpress, you can do one of the following:

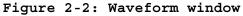
- Run the application from the Windows Start menu. Select Start> Programs> Tektronix ArbExpress> ArbExpress Application
- Go to the folder where you have installed ArbExpress, and double-click ArbExpress.exe
- Start the application from OpenChoice Instrument Manager.

Opening a Waveform

To open a waveform, select File> Open. Browse and select the waveform file to open. You can open files with .wfm, .pat, TekScope .wfm, .tfw, .csv, and .txt, extensions.

When more than one waveform is opened in a window, the active waveform is a solid line and the inactive waveform is a dashed line. You can select the active waveform by selecting Waveform1 or Waveform2. You can set the cursor positions by entering values in the Cursor1 and Cursor2 fields. You can drag the cursors and the cursor readout values change. A tool tip dynamically displays the voltage values at the cursor positions.





Creating a Waveform

File> Blank sheet, File> Standard Waveform, File> Equation Editor

To create a waveform, select the File menu. You have three items to choose from:

Blank Sheet, where you can open a blank sheet in a window. By default, the application opens the waveform with 1024 points which you can change using Waveform> Properties. After you specify the number of points using Waveform Properties, the next time you create a new blank sheet, the application opens a blank sheet using the number of points that you specified.

Example:

- **a.** Open a blank sheet by selecting File> Blank Sheet. By default, the application opens the blank sheet with 1024 points.
- **b.** Change the number of points to 500 using Waveform> Properties
- **c.** Open another blank sheet by selecting File> Blank Sheet. The application creates a new blank sheet with 500 points.
- **d.** Close the application and open it again. Open a blank sheet by selecting File> Blank Sheet. By default, the application opens the blank sheet with 1024 points.
- Standard Waveform, which displays the Standard Waveform dialog box. Use the Standard Waveform to create any of the standard waveforms that are available.
- Equation Editor, which displays the Equation Editor dialog box. Use the Equation Editor to create a waveform or edit an existing waveform equation.

Saving a Waveform

File> Save/Save As

To save a waveform, select File> Save. Enter the file name in the Save dialog box to save the waveform.

To save a waveform under a different name, select File> Save As. Enter the file name in the Save As dialog box to save the waveform. You can save the waveform in the following formats: AWG Wfm (.wfm), AWG Pat (.pat), AWG 2000 Wfm (.wfm), AWG. csv (.csv), and AFG Tfw (.tfw).

The application automatically saves a .set file with the same name as the waveform file. The .set file contains the voltage values and the offset of the waveform, and the .wfm file contains the normalized waveform.

Closing a Waveform

File> Close

To close a waveform, select File> Close. The application closes the current window. If the waveform is not saved, you are prompted to save the waveform. In a multiple waveform display, Close closes the active waveform.

Exiting the Application

File> Exit

Select File> Exit to exit the application. If you have not saved the waveforms, you are prompted to do so.

Shortcut Keys

You can use the following shortcut keys listed in Table 2-3 for the application commands.

Table 2-3: Shortcut keys				
Menu item	Shortcut key			
File> New	Ctrl + N			
File> Standard Waveform	Ctrl + W			
File> Open	Ctrl + O			
File> Save	Ctrl + S			
File> Exit	Ctrl + E			
Edit> Undo	Ctrl + Z			
Edit> Redo	Ctrl + Y			
Edit> Cut	Ctrl + X			
Edit> Copy	Ctrl + C			
Edit> Paste	Ctrl + V			
Edit> Select All	Ctrl + A			
Edit> Invert	Ctrl + I			
Edit> Mirror	Ctrl + M			
Edit> Freehand	Ctrl + F			
Display> Zoom In	Alt + Shift + Z			
Display> Zoom Out	Alt + Shift + X			
Display> Fit to Window	Alt + Shift + F			
Display> Cursor	Ctrl + Shift + C			
Display> Marker	Ctrl + Shift + M			
Display> Properties	Ctrl + Shift + P			

Operating Basics

Menus

The menu bar of the application changes depending on whether a waveform is displayed. If no waveform is open, the menu bar is:

File View Waveform Communication Window Help

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Figure 3-1: ArbExpress main menu
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When a waveform is open, the menu bar becomes:

🧬 File Edit View Display Waveform Math Communication Window Help

Figure 3-2: ArbExpress main menu when a waveform is open

File Menu

File	Edit	⊻iew	<u>D</u> isplay	W <u>a</u> veform
	Blanks	heet		Ctrl+N
	Standard Waveform			Ctrl+W
(÷×)	Equati	on edito	r	
3	Open			Ctrl+O
	Close			
	Save			Ctrl+S
	Save A	\s		
	Exit			Ctrl+E

Figure 3-3: File menu

The File menu selections are:

Menu selection	Description
Blank Sheet	Opens a blank waveform file (.wfm)
Standard Waveform	Opens the Standard Waveform dialog box that you can use to create standard waveforms
Equation Editor	Opens the Equation Editor dialog box that you can use to create waveforms
Open	Opens a waveform file (.wfm, .pat, .tfw, .csv, .txt)
Close	Closes an open waveform file
Save	Saves changes to the currently open waveforms
Save As	Saves files to a different file name using the Save as dialog box (.wfm (AWG wfm, AWG2000 wfm), .pat, .csv, .tfw.)
Exit	Exits the application

Table 3-1: File menu options and their descriptions

Edit Menu

The Edit menu is visible only if a waveform window is open.

Eile	Edit	<u>V</u> iew <u>D</u> isplay	W <u>a</u> veform	Math	<u>C</u> o	mmunication	Window
	5	Undo	Ctrl+Z	0	ii 🗗	File Transfer	& Control
11	CI.	Redo	Ctrl+Y	ion Edi	tor	Basic Wavefo	orm + Adv
	X	Cut	Ctrl+X	7			
		Сору	Ctrl+C				
	围	Paste	Ctrl+V				
		Select All	Ctrl+A				
		Copy to System C	lipboard				
		Copy as Bitmap					
		Invert	Ctrl+I				
		Mirror	Ctrl+M				
		Shift/Rotate					
	2	Free Hand	Ctrl+F				
	2	Horizontal Draw					
	19	Vertical Draw					
		Point Draw	•		Enab	le Point Draw	
	~	Validate active wa	veform	¢K.	Selec	t Previous Poin	t
)\$>	Selec	t Next Point	
					Edit P	oint Draw Tabl	e
				×	Delet	e Selected Poir	nt
				ĿA:	Clear	All Points	
				03	Linea	r	
				~	Smoc	th	
					Staird	lase	
				~	Dyna	mic Compile	
				(東京)	Comp	oile Draw Points	;

Figure 3-4: Edit menu

The Edit menu selections that are available are:

Menu selection	Description
Undo	Undoes the last operation performed on a waveform
Redo	Redoes the last operation performed on a waveform
Cut	Cuts the portion of a waveform that is between cursors
Сору	Copies the portion of a waveform that is between cursors
Paste	Displays the paste options allowing you to choose where to paste
Select All	Selects and copies the entire waveform into the memory
Copy to System Clipboard	Copies the waveform that can be pasted in Microsoft Excel or Microsoft Word
Copy as Bitmap	Copies the selected waveform window as a bitmap that can be pasted into Microsoft Word or Microsoft Excel
Invert	Inverts the portion of a waveform between the cursors
Mirror	Mirrors the portion of a waveform between the cursors
Shift/Rotate	Shifts the waveform by the defined amplitude or rotates the waveform by a defined number of points
Freehand	Draws a waveform along the path you trace
Horizontal Draw	Allows drawing only horizontally
Vertical Draw	Allows drawing only vertically
Point Draw	Allows drawing a waveform by creating points. The submenu options are: Enable Point Draw, Edit Point Draw Table, Linear, Smooth, Staircase, Dynamic Compile, Compile Point Draw, Next Point Draw Point, Previous Point Draw Point, Delete Point, Clear All.
Validate Active Waveform	Verifies whether the active waveform can be generated in the target instrumen

Table 3-2: Edit menu options and their descriptions

View Menu

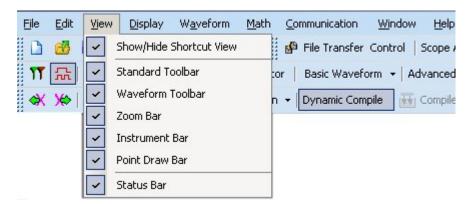


Figure 3-5: View menu

The View menu selections are:

Table 3-3: View menu options and their descrip	ptions
--	--------

Menu selection	Description
Show/Hide Shortcut View	Displays and hides the shortcut view
Standard Toolbar	Displays and hides the standard toolbar
Waveform Toolbar	Displays and hides the waveform toolbar
Zoom Bar	Displays and hides the zoom toolbar
Instrument Bar	Displays and hides the instrument bar
Point Draw Toolbar	Displays and hides the point draw toolbar
Status Bar	Displays and hides the status bar

Display Menu

The Display menu is available only when a waveform is displayed in the window.

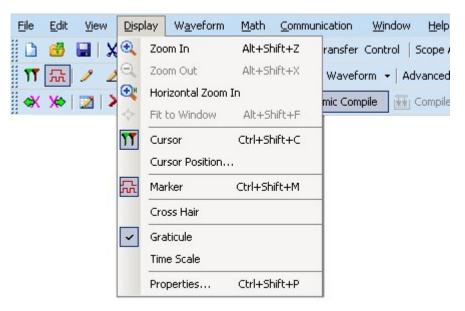


Figure 3-6: Display menu

The Display menu selections are:

Menu selection Description					
Zoom In	Zooms in to the area selected				
Zoom Out	Zooms out from the point selected				
Horizontal Zoom In	Zooms in horizontally from the point selected				
Fit to Window	Restores the view to the state that is was before the first zoom operation				
Cursor	Shows or hides the cursors				
Cursor Position	Positions the cursor exactly at the points or time specified				
Marker	Shows or hides horizontal markers that you can set patterns and triggers				
Crosshair	Changes the cursor type to crosshair				
Graticule	Shows or hides the graticule for the waveform				
Time Scale	Displays time along the X-axis				
Properties	Displays the properties color, line style, line width, and cursor colors of the selected waveform				

Table 3-4: Display menu options and their descriptions

Waveform Menu

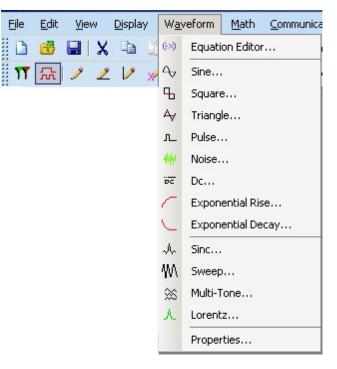


Figure 3-7: Waveform menu

The Waveform menu selections are:

TADIE 3-5: Wavero.	rm menu options and their descriptions
Menu selection	Description
Equation Editor	Creates a waveform using the equation editor
Sine	Creates a sine wave
Square	Creates a square wave
Triangle	Creates a triangular wave
Pulse	Creates a pulse wave
Noise	Creates a noise wave
Dc	Creates a DC wave
Exponential Rise	Creates a exponential rise wave
Exponential Decay	Creates a exponential decay wave
Sinc	Creates a sinc wave
Sweep	Creates a sweep wave
Multi-Tone	Creates a multi-tone wave
Lorentz	Creates a Lorentz wav
Properties	Displays the multi-waveform properties, waveform properties, and preferences

Table 3-5: Waveform menu options and their descriptions

Math Menu

The Math menu is available only when a waveform window is open.

File	<u>E</u> dit	<u>Vi</u> ew	<u>Di</u> splay	W <u>a</u> veform	Math	<u>Communication</u>	<u>Wi</u> ndow	<u>H</u> elp
	1		Þ (n a	**	Waveform Math	rol	Scope Ac
11	걌	1 2	12 1	🔊 🛞 Equat		Normalize	• Ac	lvanced V

Figure 3-8: Math menu

The Math menu selections are:

Table	3-6:	Math	menu	options	and	their	descriptions
-------	------	------	------	---------	-----	-------	--------------

Menu selection	Description
Waveform Math	
Operations : Add	Adds the points of the selected waveforms and displays the resulting waveform
Subtract	Subtracts the points of the selected waveforms and displays the resulting waveform
Multiply	Multiplies the points of the selected waveforms and displays the resulting waveform
Divide	Divides the points on the waveform and displays the resulting waveform (available only when applying a scalar value)
Scalar Value	Performs a scalar operation (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division) on the waveform

Menu selection	Description
Copy from Clipboard	Performs an operation (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division) on the selected waveform with points copied to the clipboard
Normalize	Scales the waveform signal value to a ±1.0 range, with 0 as the center

Table 3-6: Math menu options and their descriptions

Communication Menu



Figure 3-9: Communication menu

The Communication menu selections are:

Menu selection	Description
AWG/AFG File Transfer	Connects and transfers files to and from an arbitrary waveform or function generator and allows you to change instrument parameters like clock frequency, voltage, offset and others of the instrument connected
Import from Scope	Connects and acquires a waveform from an oscilloscope
Scope Acquisition Wizard	Guides you through steps to acquire data from a connected oscilloscope
Send Waveform to Arb	Sends the waveform to a connected AWG/AFG

Window Menu

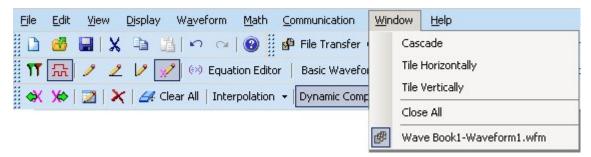


Figure 3-10: Window menu

The Window menu selections are:

Table 5-0. Willdow	menu opcions and cherr descriptions			
Menu selection	Description			
Cascade	Arranges the open windows in the application client area from upper-left to lower-right so that they overlap one another			
Tile Horizontally	Arranges the open windows horizontally in the application client area without overlapping			
Tile Vertically	Arranges the open windows vertically in the application client area without overlapping			
Close All	Closes all open windows in the client area			
List of open windows	Allows you to jump to an open or inactive window			

Table 3-8: Window menu options and their descriptions

Help Menu

The Help menu is always visible.

File	<u>E</u> dit	<u>⊻</u> iew	<u>D</u> isplay W <u>a</u> v	eform <u>M</u> a	ath <u>⊂</u> or	mmunication	Window	Help	
	1			> ⇔ @) 🎚 🗬	File Transfer	Control S	0	Help Topics
11	댰	1 2	. 1/ 🖉 🔅	Equation (Editor	Basic Wavefo	orm 👻 🖂 Adv		Help On Window
×	*		🕻 🛛 🚄 Clear All	Interpola	ation 👻	Dynamic Com	pile 👬 C		Technical Support
					1				About

Figure 3-11: Help menu

The Help menu selections are:

Table 3-9	: Help	menu	options	and	their	descriptions
-						

Menu selection	Description
Help Topics	Displays the Help contents
Help on Window	Displays the help topic for the active window
Technical Support	Displays the Tektronix Technical Support Web site for the ArbExpress application
About	Displays version and copyright information

Use Shortcut Menu for Waveforms

You can view the shortcut menu by a right-clicking inside an open waveform window.

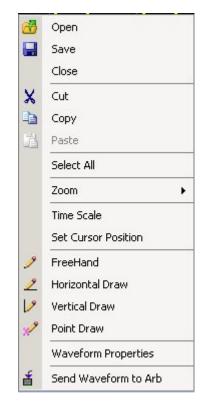


Figure 3-12: Shortcut menu

The shortcut menu has the following options:

Menu selection	Description			
Open	Opens a waveform file (.wfm, .pat, .csv, .txt)			
Save	Saves the currently selected waveform			
Close	Closes the currently selected waveform			
Cut	Cuts the portion of a waveform that is between cursors			
Сору	Copies the portion of a waveform that is between cursors			
Paste	Pastes the selected portion of a waveform at the cursor which has a lower value			
Select All	Selects and copies the entire waveform into the memory			
Zoom	Opens a submenu with options to Zoom in, Zoom out, and Fit to Window			
Time Scale	Displays the waveform with time as the X-axis and voltage along the Y-axis			
Set Cursor Position	Positions the cursor exactly at the points or time specified			
Freehand	Draws a waveform along the path you trace			
Horizontal Draw	Allows drawing only horizontally			
Vertical Draw	Allows drawing only vertically			
Waveform Properties	Allows viewing and modifying properties of multiple waveforms, a selected waveform, and the application preferences. The dialog box has three tabs: Active Waveform, Multi-waveform, and Preferences.			
Send Waveform to Arb	Sends the waveform to the connected instrument			

In the Point Draw mode, a right-click inside an open waveform window displays the following shortcut menu:

	Disable Point Draw	
	Zoom	►
	Set Cursor Position	
	Time Scale	
×	Select Previous Point	
⋟	Select Next Point	
2	Edit Point Draw Table	
×	Delete Selected Point	
4	Clear All Points	
	Interpolation	•
~	Dynamic Compile	
	Compile Draw Points	

Figure 3-13: Point Draw shortcut menu

-

The shortcut menu has the following options:

Table 3-11:	Point	Draw	shortcut	menu	options	and	their
descriptions	5						

Menu selection	Description
Disable Point Draw	Disables the point draw mode
Zoom	Has options that you can use to Zoom In, Zoom Out, Horizontal Zoom In, and Fit to Window
Set Cursor Position	Opens the Cursor Position dialog box that you can use to set the cursor position in points or seconds
Time Scale	Changes the values on X axis into time domain
Select Previous Point	Highlights the previous point in the sequence
Select Next Point	Highlights the next point in the sequence
Edit Point Draw Table	Opens the point draw table where you can edit the points and set the interpolation method
Delete Selected Point	Deletes the selected point
Clear All Points	Clears the display of all the points but the continues to display the waveform
Interpolation	Sets the interpolation method to use while generating the waveform. You can choose form Smooth, Linear, and Staircase
Dynamic Compile	Compiles the waveform as you click the points using the interpolation method you have chosen
Compile Draw Points	Compiles the waveform using the interpolation method you have chosen only when you click Compile

Toolbars

Standard Toolbar

View> Standard Toolbar

Enable the standard toolbar by selecting it from the View menu. The standard toolbar is displayed, by default, below the main menu. You can place the toolbar anywhere within the application window.

The toolbar has icons for the standard functions—New blank waveform, Open existing waveform, Save the waveform, Cut waveform between cursors, Copy waveform between cursors, Paste waveform, Undo, Redo, and Help.

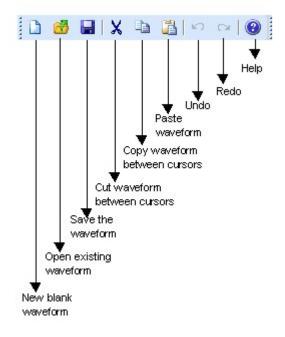


Figure 3-14: Standard toolbar

Waveform Toolbar

View> Waveform Toolbar

Enable the waveform toolbar by selecting it from the View menu.

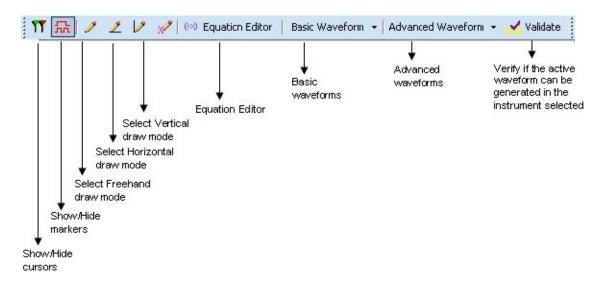


Figure 3-15: Waveform toolbar

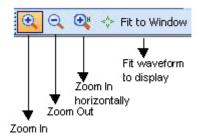
The waveform toolbar, by default displayed below the standard toolbar. You can place the toolbar anywhere within the application window. The waveform toolbar has icons for the functions —Cursors, Markers, Freehand Draw, Horizontal

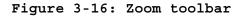
Draw, Vertical Draw, Equation Editor, Basic Waveform, Advanced Waveform, and Validate.

Zoom Bar

View> Zoom Bar

Enable the zoom bar by selecting it from the View menu.





The zoom toolbar, by default displayed alongside the waveform toolbar. You can place the toolbar anywhere within the application window. The zoom toolbar has icons for the functions—Zoom In, Zoom Out, Zoom In Horizontally, and Fit to Window.

Instrument Bar

View> Instrument Toolbar

Enable the instrument toolbar by selecting it from the View menu.

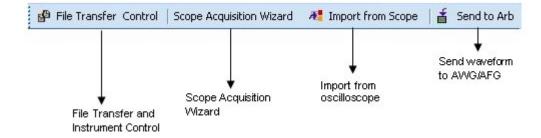


Figure 3-17: Instrument toolbar

The instrument toolbar is displayed, by default, below the main menu. You can place the toolbar anywhere within the application window. The toolbar has icons for the standard functions—File Transfer and Control, Scope Acquisition Wizard, Import from Scope, and Send Waveform to Arb.

Point Draw Toolbar

Enable the point draw toolbar by selecting it from the View menu. The point draw toolbar is displayed, by default, below the main menu. You can place the toolbar anywhere within the application window

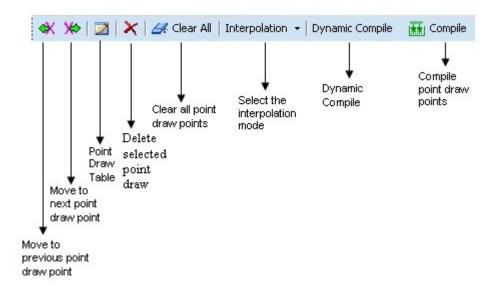


Figure 3-18: Point Draw toolbar

The toolbar has icons for the functions—Enable Point Draw, Select Draw Point, Previous PD Point, Next PD point, Delete Point, Edit PD Table, Interpolation Method, Dynamic Compile, and Compile.

Status Bar

View> Status Bar

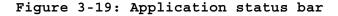
Enable the Status Bar by selecting it from the View menu.

The application has two status bars: the Application status bar, and the Waveform status bar.

The Application status bar is displayed at the bottom of the application window. It shows the type of instrument that is connected and its status. You can turn on or off the Application Status bar from the View menu.

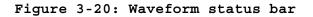
Oscilloscope: Status: Not Connected

Arb: Status: Not Connected



The Waveform status bar displays the sampling rate, points, signal voltage, editing mode, and cursor difference. When viewing a standard waveform, the voltage readout on the status bar displays the height of the waveform where it crosses the active cursor or the vertical line of the pointer/crosshair. In the draw mode, the voltage readout is the actual vertical height of the draw pointer.

Sampling Rate: 0.0 GS/s Point: 944 Volt: 0.920 Mode: Cursor Diff: 99	99
--	----



Shortcut View

The Shortcut View occupies the left part of the display. You can keep the shortcut view open by clicking the pin at the top right corner of the panel.

Shortcut View	
🚭 Waveform	۲
Standard Waveform	
Equation Editor	
Blank	
Properties	
Easy Edit	
Duble Another	
Points Amplitude	
 Rotate C Horizontal Shift Move cursors to edit a segment 	
more carsons to car a segment	
💋 Import/Transfer Waveform	*
File Transfer & Control	
Import Waveform from Scope	
Scope Acquisition Wizard	
Multi-Waveform Properties	۲
• New Window	
C Existing Window	
Wave Book2	
 Change the Incoming waveform's Sampling rate 	
Change the Existing waveform's Sampling rate	
waverorm a Sampling rate	

Figure 3-21: Shortcut View

The shortcut panel view shows the following selections:

Menu selection	Description
New Waveform	Allows you to create a new or blank waveform, standard waveform, or a new equation
Easy Edit	Allows you to shift or rotate the waveform
Import/Transfer Waveform	Allows you to acquire or import waveform from an oscilloscope
Multi-Waveform Properties	Allows you to create a new waveform in a new window or create a new waveform in existing window. It also allows you to open a existing waveform in either a new window or an existing window

Table 3-12: Shortcut View options and their descriptions	Table 3-12:	Shortcut	View	options	and	their	descriptions
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You can show or hide each selection in the shortcut panel by pressing the double arrow at the top right corner of each panel.

New Waveform View

View> Shortcut View

Enable the Shortcut View by selecting it from the View menu. Use the New Waveform panel in the Shortcut View to create a standard waveform, a waveform using the equation editor, or a blank waveform. You can view and modify the properties of one or more waveforms, and set preferences.

📑 Waveform	۲
Standard Waveform	
Equation Editor	
<u>Blank</u>	
Properties	

Figure 3-22: New Waveform View

You can create a standard waveform, a waveform using the equation editor, or a blank waveform. You can display a maximum of two waveforms in a single window.

Menu selection	Description
Standard Waveform	Displays a Standard Function dialog box where you can select the type of waveform to generate and set the parameters
Equation Editor	Displays the Equation Editor dialog box where you can select an equation from the standard equations provided, modify it, or create a new equation
Blank	Displays a blank screen where you can draw or generate a waveform
Properties	Displays a dialog to view and modify properties of multiple waveforms, a selected waveform, and the application preferences. The dialog box has three tabs: Multi-waveform, Waveform, and Preferences

Table 3-13: New Waveform View options and their descriptions

Easy Edit

View> Shortcut View

Enable the Easy Edit Bar by selecting Show/Hide Shortcut View from the View menu. Use the Easy Edit bar to shift or rotate the waveform by a defined number of points and amplitude. You can shift the waveform or the portion of the waveform that is between cursors left, right, up, or down. You can rotate the waveform left or right.

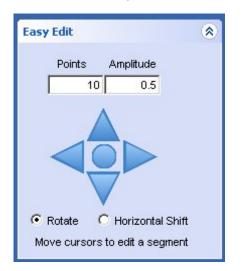


Figure 3-23: Easy Edit View

Type the number of points and amplitude by which to rotate or shift the waveform. If the option Rotate Waveform is checked, the waveform is rotated. If the selection is cleared, the waveform is shifted.

Multi-Waveform Properties

View> Shortcut View

Enable the Shortcut View by selecting it from the View menu. Use the Window Properties panel in the Shortcut View to select the window for opening a new or an existing waveform.

When you select the New Window option, the waveform is opened in a new window.

When you select the Existing Window option, the waveform is opened in an existing window. Select the existing window using the Wave Book list box present in the panel.

₹	lulti-Waveform Prope 🛞
🖲 N	ew Window
СÞ	kisting Window
	Vave Book1
6	Change the Incoming waveform's Sampling rate
C	Change the Existing waveform's Sampling rate

Figure 3-24: Multi-waveform Properties

If you want to display the waveform in an existing window, ensure that the new waveform has:

- the same sampling rate as the existing waveform; if the sampling rate is different, then select the option Change the Incoming waveforms sampling rate, to change the sampling rate of the new waveform to match that of the existing waveform. Or, select the option Change the Existing waveform's sampling rate, to change the sampling rate of the existing waveform to match that of the incoming waveform.
- equal number of points as the existing waveform

Import or Transfer Waveform

View> Shortcut View

Enable the Shortcut View by selecting it from the View menu. Use the Import/Transfer Waveform panel in the Shortcut View to import a waveform from a file or acquire it from an oscilloscope, File Transfer and Control, and Scope Acquisition Wizard.



Figure 3-25: Import/Transfer Waveform from Oscilloscope

The Import/Transfer Waveform panel shows the following selections:

Table 3-14: Import/Transfer Waveform View options and their descriptions

Menu selection	Description
File Transfer and Control	Displays the File Transfer and Control dialog that you can use to transfer files to an AWG/AFG and control the instrument
Import Waveform from Scope	Displays the Import Waveform from Scope dialog that you can use to import a waveform from and oscilloscope
Scope Acquisition Wizard	Launches the Scope Acquisition Wizard that you can use to acquire data from a connected oscilloscope

Dialog Boxes

Most of the ArbExpress application dialog boxes have a help topic associated with them. To display descriptions for the dialog boxes, display the dialog box and click the Help button.

For help on specific dialog boxes, display the Contents for this help file, and then click the following book icons to display links to specific dialog boxes: Operating Basics> Dialog Boxes.

Waveform Properties Dialog Box

Waveform> Properties

Use this dialog box to view and modify properties of multiple waveforms, a selected waveform, and the application preferences. The dialog box has three tabs: Active Waveform, Multi-waveform, and Preferences.

Active Waveform: Select the Waveform tab to view and modify the properties of the selected waveform. For multiple waveform display, choose the waveform by selecting the Waveform1 or Waveform2 button located just above the waveform display.

Option	Description
Instrument	Select the instrument from the list.
Number of Points	Displays the number of points of the selected waveform. You can change this to suit the requirements of the target instrument.
Sampling Rate	Displays the sampling rate of the selected waveform. You can change this to suit the requirements of the target instrument.
Select resampling method	Select the algorithm to use when resampling and recreating the waveform (Sinc, Linear, or Add Points with zero amplitude). Marker data is not resampled, but marker data may be added or removed.
Normalize the waveform before saving the file*	Normalizes the waveform before saving it. The waveform amplitude is set between –1 and +1 before the waveform is saved.

Table 3-15: Active waveform options and their descriptions

* For AFG310/320, the option is always selected.

Save the waveform by selecting File> Save or File> Save As.

Multi-waveform: Select the Multi-waveform tab to set up the window in which to display the waveforms.

Table 3-16:	Multi-waveform	options	and	their	descriptions
-------------	----------------	---------	-----	-------	--------------

Option	Description
New Window	Displays or opens the waveform in a new window
Existing Window	Displays or opens the waveform in an existing window
Wave book	Displays the list of wave books to choose to display the waveform
Change the incoming waveform's clock	Changes the incoming or new waveform's clock to match the clock of the existing waveform
Change the existing waveform's clock	Changes the existing waveform's clock to match the incoming or new waveform's clock

When more than one waveform is displayed in a window or a wave book, you can select the waveform to edit or work with by selecting the Waveform1 or Waveform2 button located just above the waveform display. When you open or display a second waveform in the same window or wave book, the first waveform is shown as a dotted line.

Note: A window or wave book can display a maximum of two waveforms. If you try to open or display more than two waveforms in a single window or wave book, you will be prompted with the message "Only two waveforms can be opened or created in a Wave Book".

Note: Only waveforms with the same number of samples can be displayed in a wave book.

Preferences: Use the Preferences tab to set preferences for a waveform. You can select any of the following preferences:

Table 3-17: Preferences options and their descriptions

Option	Description
Save .set file along with .wfm and .pat files	Saves the settings file along with the waveform and pattern files. The .set file contains the voltage and offset of the waveform. Enable this before creating a waveform
Show paste option before pasting	Displays the Paste option dialog box before pasting the contents
Always enables the instrument's outputs after transferring the waveform	Switches on the destination channel to which the waveform is transferred and sets the instrument in the Run mode

Paste Option Dialog Box

Edit> Paste

Use this dialog box to paste the copied portion of the waveform. You can select any of the following Paste options.

Table	3-18:	Paste	options	and	their	descriptions
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Option	Description
Paste at active cursor	Pastes the contents at the active cursor. The active cursor in indicated by a solid line.
Prepend to the waveform	Pastes the copied contents at the beginning of the waveform
Append to the waveform	Pastes the copied contents at the end of the waveform
Replace between cursors	Pastes the copied contents the between the cursors
Don't show this again and always paste at active cursor	If checked, always pastes the copied contents at the active cursors and does not display the dialog box next time

If you select Don't show this again and always paste at active cursor, the application does not display the Paste Options dialog box and always pastes the contents at the active cursor.

Shift/Rotate Dialog Box

Edit> Shift/Rotate

Use this dialog box to set the number of points and amplitude by which to shift or rotate the waveform or the portion of the waveform that is between cursors. The amplitude value is used only during waveform shift and not during waveform rotation.

The direction of rotation is either left or right. The direction of shift is either up, down, left, or right.

Table 3-19: Shift/Rotate options and their descript

Option	Description
Points	Sets the number of points by which to rotate the waveform
Amplitude	Sets the amplitude by which to shift the waveform
Vertical Segment	
Shift Up	Shifts the waveform up by the specified amplitude
Shift Down	Shifts the waveform down by the specified amplitude
Horizontal Segment	
Rotate Right	Rotates the waveform to the right by the specified number of points
Rotate Left	Rotates the waveform to the left by the specified number of points
Shift Right	Shifts the waveform to the right by the specified number of points
Shift Left Shifts the waveform to the left by the specified number of points	

Point Draw Table Dialog Box

Edit> Point Draw> Edit Point Draw Table

Use this dialog box to enter waveform points in a blank table or edit a point draw table that already has points in it. This table works similar to a Microsoft Excel worksheet.

Table 3-20:	Point Draw	Table	options	and	their	descriptions
-------------	------------	-------	---------	-----	-------	--------------

Option	Description
Insert Point	Inserts a row (point) above the selected row
Delete Point	Delete the selected row (point)
Clear All	Clears all the rows (points) in the table
Interpolation	Sets the interpolation method to Linear, Smooth, or Staircase
X Value	Displays the X value in Positions (points) or in Time (seconds)

The application checks the values you enter for the following:

- X-value (sampling point) must always be unique. If you try to repeat this value, you get the message Values of the sampling index should be unique.
- If you leave the amplitude (Y) blank, the applications fills it with a zero.
- If you enter a Y value but no corresponding X value, an error appears.

Click OK and if the application finds no errors, the Point Draw Table closes and the waveform in the Wave Book window is updated to reflect the changes that you made in the Point Draw Table.

Cursor Position Dialog Box

Display> Cursor Position

Use this dialog box to specify the cursor position in points or in seconds.

Table 3-21: Cursor Posi	tion options	and their	descriptions
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Option	Description
Points/Seconds	
Points	Select Points to set the cursor position in points
Seconds	Select Seconds to set the cursor position in seconds
Cursor Position	
Cursor 1	Enter the position for Cursor 1 in the units selected in the previous option
Cursor 2	Enter the position for Cursor 2 in the units selected in the previous option

Display Properties Dialog Box

Display> Properties

Use this dialog box to view the waveform display properties.

Table 3-22: Display Properties options and their descriptions

Option	tion Description			
Waveform Name	eform Name Lists the waveforms available in the active window			
Enable Graticule	Displays the graticule when checked			
Background Color	Changes the background color of the waveform window			
Waveform Properties				
Color	Displays the waveform color and allows you to change the waveform color			
Line Style	Displays the waveform line style and allows you to change the style			
Line Width	Displays the waveform line width and allows you to change the line width			
Marker Color				
Marker1	Displays the color of Marker1 and allows you to change it			
Marker2	Displays the color of Marker2 and allows you to change it			
Cursor Color				
Cursor1	Displays the color of Cursor1 and allows you to change it			
Cursor2	Displays the color of Cursor2 and allows you to change it			
Preview	Displays the preview of the waveform			

When more than one waveform is displayed in one wave book or window, the inactive waveform is displayed with a dashed line style and the active waveform is displayed with a solid line style.

ArbExpress AXW100 Waveform Creation and Editing Tool

Т

Equation Editor Dialog Box

File> Equation Editor, Waveform> Equation Editor

Use this dialog box to create a waveform using the Equation Editor. You can set the following parameters in the Equation Editor dialog box.

Table 3-23:	Equation	Editor	options	and	their	descriptions

Option	Description
Number of Points	Indicates the number of samples, typically in one cycle of the waveform
Sampling Rate	Indicates the number of samples per second
Total Range	Indicates the duration of the waveform in seconds
Lock Total Range	Locks the Total Range value when checked. You can then edit only the other two variables

The Equation Editor has a toolbar that has icons for opening a file and saving a file. Click Open to open an equation file (.equ) from the sample files that are provided. Use the other toolbar icons to perform operations like Close, Cut, Copy, and Paste.

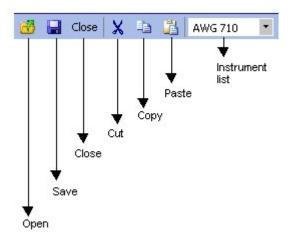


Figure 3-26: Equation Editor toolbar

You can create an equation using either of these two methods:

- Editing an existing equation. Sample equations are provided in the \ArbExpress\Samples\Equation folder.
- **1.** From the Equation Editor window, click the Open icon.
- **2.** Browse the equations (.equ or .eqa) listed in the folder \ArbExpress\Samples\Equation.
- **3.** Edit the equation using the Edit menu or by placing the pointer over the equation.
- Using the functions, operators, and constants

- **1.** Create an equation in the edit area, using the functions and operators available under Function. Always define a range first.
- 2. Under Settings, set the Total Range to the sum of all the ranges you have defined in the equation. To do this, enter the Number of Points and Sampling Rate. Once you set the Total Range, you can lock it and change the Number of Points or Sampling Rate.
- **3.** Click Compile. The compiled equation is displayed in Preview. The compilation status and messages are displayed in Output.

Click the Compile button to compile the equation. If the equation compiles without any errors, the application displays the waveform in the specified window. If compilation errors occur, the application displays a message in the output pane. The OK button is enabled only if the compilation is successful.

The application supports the AWG2000 equation editor model. Equations created using the equation editor cannot be used on the AWG400 through AWG700 series waveform generators. Refer to the Equation Editor Reference for more details. Equations created using the equation editor cannot be used on the AWG400 through AWG700 series waveform generators.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the equation editor dialog box.

Sine Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create a sine waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box.

Table 3-24: Sine Wave options and their descriptions

Option	Description			
Settings				
Function	Select a standard function from the list			
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list			
Vertical				
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform			
Amplitude	Enter the amplitude of the waveform in volts			
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts			
Max/Min	Select Max/Min to set the amplitude voltage range for the selected waveform			
Maximum	Enter the maximum amplitude or the waveform in volts			
Minimum	Enter the minimum amplitude or the waveform in volts			
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between -1 and + 1			
Horizontal				
Show Advanced Mode	Select this to show the advanced options for the horizontal parameters			
Frequency	Enter the frequency in Hertz. Enter M for Megahertz, and G for Gigahertz			
Cycles	Enter the number of cycles in the waveform			
Phase	Enter the phase in degrees			
Advanced Options				
Horizontal				
Frequency	Displays the frequency as Samples per Second divided by Number of Points per Cycle. You can set the frequency by entering the number of Samples per Second and the Number of Points per cycle. You can lock the desired frequency and adjust either the Samples per Second or the Points per Cycle to achieve the frequency.			
Samples/sec	You can lock the desired Samples per Second and adjust either the Frequency or the Points per Cycle to achieve the sampling rate.			
Points/cycle	You can lock the desired Points per Cycle and adjust either the Frequency or the Samples per Second to achieve the number of points per cycles.			

The Show Advanced Mode option is not available for the AFG3xxx series of instruments. For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Total Number of Points, Frequency in Hertz, Phase in degrees, and Cycles. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total

number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, click the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Table 5-25: Waverorm padding options			
Option	Description		
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.		
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.		
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.		

Table 3-25: Waveform padding options

Square Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create a square waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box:

Table 3-26: Square Wave options and their descriptions

Option	Description			
Settings				
Function	Select a standard function from the list			
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list			
Vertical				
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform			
Amplitude	Enter the amplitude of the waveform in volts			
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts			
Max/Min	Select Max/Min to set the amplitude voltage range for the selected waveform			
Maximum	Enter the maximum amplitude or the waveform in volts			
Minimum	Enter the minimum amplitude or the waveform in volts			
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between –1 and + 1			
Horizontal				
Show Advanced Mode	Select this to show the advanced options for the horizontal parameters			
Frequency	Enter the frequency in Hertz. Enter M for Megahertz, and G for Gigahertz			
Cycles	Enter the number of cycles in the waveform			
Phase	Enter the phase in degrees			
Duty Cycle	Enter the Duty Cycle as a percentage of the waveform width			
Advanced Options				
Horizontal				
Frequency	Displays the frequency as Samples per Second divided by Number of Points per Cycle. You can set the frequency by entering the number of Samples per Second and the Number of Points per cycle.			
	You can lock the desired frequency and adjust either the Samples per Second or the Points per Cycle to achieve the frequency.			
Samples/sec	You can lock the desired Samples per Second and adjust either the Frequency or the Points per Cycle to achieve the sampling rate.			
Points/cycle	You can lock the desired Points per Cycle and adjust either the Frequency or the Samples per Second to achieve the number of points per cycles.			
Transitions				
Rise Time	Enter the Rise time in number of points or in seconds			
Ramp	Select Ramp			
Sine ²	Select Sine ²			
Fall Time	Enter the Fall time in points or in seconds			
Ramp	Select Ramp			
Sine ²	Select Sine ²			

The Show Advanced Mode option is not available for the AFG3xxx series of instruments. For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Total Number of Points, Frequency in Hertz, Phase in degrees, Cycles, and Duty Cycle. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz. Under Transitions (10%-90%), set the Rise Time and Fall Time parameters.

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, click the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Table 3-27: Waveform padding options

Triangle Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create a triangle waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box:

Table 3-28: Triangle Wave options and their descriptions

Option	Description				
Settings					
Function	Select a standard function from the list				
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list				
Vertical					
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform				
Amplitude	Enter the amplitude of the waveform in volts				
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts				
Max/Min	Select Max/Min to set the amplitude voltage range for the selected waveform				
Maximum	Enter the maximum amplitude or the waveform in volts				
Minimum	Enter the minimum amplitude or the waveform in volts				
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between -1 and + 1				
Horizontal					
Show Advanced Mode	Select this to show the advanced options for the horizontal parameters				
Frequency	Enter the frequency in Hertz. Enter M for Megahertz, and G for Gigahertz				
Cycles	Enter the number of cycles in the waveform				
Phase	Enter the phase in degrees				
Advanced Options					
Horizontal					
Frequency	Displays the frequency as Samples per Second divided by Number of Points per Cycle. You can set the frequency by entering the number of Samples per Second and the Number of Points per cycle.				
	You can lock the desired frequency and adjust either the Samples per Second or the Points per Cycle to achieve the frequency.				
Samples/sec	You can lock the desired Samples per Second and adjust either the Frequency or the Points per Cycle to achieve the sampling rate.				
Points/cycle	You can lock the desired Points per Cycle and adjust either the Frequency or the Samples per Second to achieve the number of points per cycle.				

The Show Advanced Mode option is not available for the AFG3xxx series of instruments. For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Total Number of Points, Frequency in Hertz, Phase in degrees, and Cycles. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total

number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, click the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Table 5-29: Waverorm padding options			
Option	Description		
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.		
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.		
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.		

Table 3-29: Waveform padding options

Pulse Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create a pulse waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box:

Table 3-30: Pulse Wave options and their descriptions

Option	Description			
Settings				
Function	Select a standard function from the list			
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list			
Vertical				
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform			
Amplitude	Enter the amplitude of the waveform in volts			
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts			
Max/Min	Select Max/Min to set the amplitude voltage range for the selected waveform			
Maximum	Enter the maximum amplitude or the waveform in volts			
Minimum	Enter the minimum amplitude or the waveform in volts			
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between -1 and + 1			
Horizontal				
Show Advanced Mode	Select this to show the advanced options for the horizontal parameters			
Frequency	Enter the frequency in Hertz. Enter M for Megahertz, and G for Gigahertz			
Cycles	Enter the number of cycles in the waveform			
Delay	Enter the delay in seconds			
Pulse Width (50%)	Enter the pulse width in seconds, typically 50% of the entire waveform width			
Advanced Options				
Horizontal				
Frequency	Displays the frequency as Samples per Second divided by Number of Points per Cycle. You can set the frequency by entering the number of Samples per Second and the Number of Points per cycle.			
	You can lock the desired frequency and adjust either the Samples per Second or the Points per Cycle to achieve the frequency.			
Samples/sec	You can lock the desired Samples per Second and adjust either the Frequency or the Points per Cycle to achieve the sampling rate.			
Points/cycle	You can lock the desired Points per Cycle and adjust either the Frequency or the Samples per Second to achieve the number of points per cycle.			
Transitions				
Pulse Direction	Select the pulse direction			
Positive	Select positive pulse direction			
Negative	Select negative pulse direction			
Rise Time	Enter the Rise time in number of points or in seconds			
Ramp	Select Ramp			
Sine ²	Select Sine ²			
Fall Time	Enter the Fall time in points or in seconds			
Ramp	Select Ramp			
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Table 3-30: Pulse Wa	ve options and their descriptions
Option	Description
Sine ²	Select Sine ²

Table 3-30	: Pulse	Wave	options	and	their	descriptions
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The Show Advanced Mode option is not available for the AFG3xxx series of instruments. For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Total Number of Points, Frequency in Hertz, Delay, Cycles, and Pulse Width. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz. Under Transitions (10%-90%), set the Pulse Direction, Rise Time, and Fall Time parameters.

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, click the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Table 3-31: Waveform padding options

Noise Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create a noise waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box. The Noise waveform does not have any advanced options.

Option	Description
Settings	
Function	Select a standard function from the list
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list
Vertical	
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform
Amplitude	Enter the amplitude of the waveform in volts
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts
Max/Min	Select Max/Min to set the amplitude voltage range for the selected waveform
Maximum	Enter the maximum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Minimum	Enter the minimum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between -1 and + 1
Horizontal	
Gaussian White Noise	Select this to create a Gaussian White Noise waveform
Pink Noise	Select this to create a Pink Noise waveform
Sampling Rate	Enter the sampling rate for the waveform
Total Number of Points	Enter the total number of points

Table 3-32: Noise Wave options and their descriptions

For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Total Number of Points. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Table 3-33: Waveform padding options

Select one of the options and click OK.

DC Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create a DC waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box. The DC waveform does not have any advanced options.

Table	3-34:	DC	Wave	options	and	their	descriptions
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Option	Description
Settings	
Function	Select a standard function from the list
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list
Vertical	
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between -1 and + 1
Horizontal	
Sampling Rate	Enter the sampling rate for the waveform
Total Number of Points	Enter the total number of points in the waveform

For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Total Number of Points. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, click the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Table 3-35: Waveform padding options

Exponential Rise Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create an exponential rise waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box. The Exponential Rise waveform does not have any advanced options.

Option	Description
Settings	
Function	Select a standard function from the list
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list
Vertical	
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform
Amplitude	Enter the amplitude of the waveform in volts
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts
Max/Min	Select Max/Min to set the amplitude voltage range for the selected waveform
Maximum	Enter the maximum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Minimum	Enter the minimum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between -1 and + 1
Horizontal	
Sampling Rate	Enter the sampling rate for the waveform
Cycles	Enter the number of cycles in the waveform
Phase	Enter the phase in degrees
Total Number of Points	Enter the total number of points in the waveform
Damp Factor	Enter the damp factor

Table 3-36: Exponential Rise Wave options and their descriptions

For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Phase in degrees, Cycles, Total Number of Points, and Damp Factor. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, click the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Option	Description	
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.	
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.	
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.	

Table 3-37: Waveform padding options

Exponential Decay Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create an exponential decay waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box. The Exponential Decay waveform does not have any advanced options.

Option	Description
Settings	
Function	Select a standard function from the list
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list
Vertical	
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform
Amplitude	Enter the amplitude of the waveform in volts
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts
Max/Min	Select Max/Min to set the amplitude voltage range for the selected waveform
Maximum	Enter the maximum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Minimum	Enter the minimum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between -1 and + 1
Horizontal	
Sampling Rate	Enter the sampling rate for the waveform
Cycles	Enter the number of cycles in the waveform
Phase	Enter the phase in degrees
Total Number of Points	Enter the total number of points in the waveform
Damp Factor	Enter the damp factor

Table 3-38: Exponential Decay Wave options and their descriptions

For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Phase in degrees, Cycles, Total Number of Points, and Damp Factor. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, click the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Option	Description	
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.	
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.	
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.	

Table 3-39: Waveform padding options

Sinc Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create a Sinc waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box. The Sinc waveform does not have any advanced options.

Option	Description
Settings	
Function	Select a standard function from the list
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list
Vertical	
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform
Amplitude	Enter the amplitude of the waveform in volts
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts
Max/Min	Select Max/Min to set the amplitude voltage range for the selected waveform
Maximum	Enter the maximum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Minimum	Enter the minimum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between -1 and + 1
Horizontal	
Sampling Rate	Enter the sampling rate for the waveform
Phase	Enter the phase in degrees
Cycles	Enter the number of cycles in the waveform
Total Number of Points	Enter the total number of points in the waveform
Number of Zero Crossings	Enter the number of zero crossings for the waveform

Table 3-40: Sinc Wave options and their descriptions

For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Phase in degrees, Cycles, Total Number of Points, and Number of Zero Crossings. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, click the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Option	Description	
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.	
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.	
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.	

Table 3-41: Waveform padding options

Sweep Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create a Sweep waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box. The Sweep waveform does not have any advanced options.

Option	Description
Settings	
Function	Select a standard function from the list
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list
Vertical	
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform
Amplitude	Enter the amplitude of the waveform in volts
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts
Max/Min	Select Max/Min to set the amplitude voltage range for the selected waveform
Maximum	Enter the maximum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Minimum	Enter the minimum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between -1 and + 1
Horizontal	
Start Frequency	Enter the frequency that you want at the beginning of the waveform
End Frequency	Enter the frequency that you want at the end of the waveform
Time Duration*	Enter the time between the start and end of the waveform
Sampling Rate	Enter the sampling rate for the waveform
Total Number of Points**	Enter the total number of points that make up the waveform

Table 3-42: Sweep Wave options and their descriptions

* For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Start Frequency, End Frequency, and Total Number of Points. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. The Time Duration is calculated according to the following equation:

$$TimeDuration = \frac{TotalPoints}{SamplingRate}$$

For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

** The field Total Number of Points is disabled for the AWG7xx, AW6xx, AWG5xx, AWG4xx, AWG2xxx, and AFG3xx series of instruments. The application calculates the Total Number of Points as the product of Time Duration and Sampling Rate.

TotalPoints = TimeDuration × SamplingRate

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, click the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Table 3-43: Waveform padding options

Multi-Tone Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create a Multi-Tone waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box. The Multi-Tone waveform does not have any advanced options.

Option	Description
Settings	
Function	Select a standard function from the list
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list
Vertical	
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform
Amplitude	Enter the amplitude of the waveform in volts
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts
Max/Min	Select Max/Min to set the amplitude voltage range for the selected waveform
Maximum	Enter the maximum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Minimum	Enter the minimum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between -1 and + 1
Horizontal	
Start Frequency	Enter the frequency that you want at the beginning of the waveform
End Frequency	Enter the frequency that you want at the end of the waveform
Tone Spacing*	Enter the frequency interval between the frequencies that make up waveform
Sampling Rate	Enter the sampling rate for the waveform
Total Number of Points**	Enter the total number of points

Table 3-44: Multi-tone Wave options and their descriptions

* For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Start Frequency, End Frequency, and Total Number of Points. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points.

The Tone Spacing is calculated according to the following equation:

$$ToneSpacing = \frac{SamplingRate}{TotalPoints}$$

For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

**The field Total Number of Points is disabled for the AWG7xx, AW6xx, AWG5xx, AWG4xx, AWG2xxx, and AFG3xx series of instruments. The Total Number of Points is calculated according to the following equation:

 $TotalPoints = \frac{SamplingRate}{ToneSpacing}$

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, click the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Table 3-45: Waveform padding options

Lorentz Wave Dialog Box

File> Standard Waveform

Use this dialog box to create a Lorentz waveform. You can set the following parameters in the Standard Waveform dialog box. The Lorentz waveform does not have any advanced options.

Option	Description
Settings	
Function	Select a standard function from the list
Instrument	Select an instrument from the list
Vertical	
Amp/Offset	Select Amp/Offset to set the amplitude and offset for the selected waveform
Amplitude	Enter the amplitude of the waveform in volts
Offset	Enter the offset of the waveform in volts
Max/Min	Select Max/Min to set the amplitude voltage range for the selected waveform
Maximum	Enter the maximum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Minimum	Enter the minimum amplitude or the waveform in volts
Full DAC Value	Select Full DAC Value to set the waveform values between -1 and + 1
Horizontal	
Sampling Rate	Enter the number of samples per second
Phase	Enter the phase in degrees
Cycles	Enter the number of cycles in the waveform
Total Number of Points*	Enter the total number of points in the waveform
Time Delay **	Enter the delay in seconds
Half Width	Enter the half width

Table 3-46: Lorentz Wave options and their descriptions

* The field Total Number of Points is disabled for the AWG7xx, AW6xx, AWG5xx, AWG4xx, AWG2xxx, and AFG3xx series of instruments. Type the Sampling Rate of the waveform, the number of Cycles, and the Phase in degrees. Enter the Time Delay and Half Width. The Total number of points is given by: The Total number of points is given by:

TotalPoints = TimeDelay × SamplingRate × Cycles

** For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Phase in degrees, Cycles, Half Width, and Total Number of Points. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz.

For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

For AFG3xx and AFG3xxxx series of instruments Time Delay is calculated according to the following equation:

 $Time \ Delay = \frac{TotalPoints}{SamplingRate \times Cycles}$

Click the Preview button to preview the waveform, click the Default button to restore the default values for the waveform, click the OK button to save your current values and create the waveform, and click the Send to Arb button to send the waveform directly to an arbitrary waveform or function generator that is connected. Send to Arb is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear when you click Preview:

Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Table 3-47: Waveform padding options

File Transfer and Instrument Control Dialog Box

Communication> AWG/AFG File Transfer and Control

Use this dialog box to control the instrument from the application.

Table 3-48: File Transfer and Instrument Control options and their descriptions

Option	Description
Arb List	Lists the instruments that can be connected
Instrument Folders	Lists the folders on the instrument's hard disk drive
Instrument Files	Lists the files in the folder selected on the instrument's hard disk
PC Folders	Lists the folders on the PC's hard disk drive
PC Files	Lists the files in the folder selected on the PC's hard disk
Instrument Control	
Channel	Selects the channel that you want to control
Output ON	Turns the output on or off
Load File to AWG	Select the source folder from the instrument folder list. Enter or select the file to load. You can drag and drop the file from the Instrument's file list and the file name automatically appears here
Vertical	Control the vertical parameters
Filter	Lists the filters available that you can select from. Use this to filter frequencies greater than the value specified.
Voltage	Enter the voltage for the waveform
Offset	Enter or select the offset for the waveform
Marker1	
High	Set the High value for Marker1
Low	Set the Low value for Marker1
Marker2	
High	Set the High value for Marker2
Low	Set the Low value for Marker2
Clock	Enter the clock frequency
Run/Stop	Changes the instrument from the Run to Stop mode or vice versa
Apply	Applies the changes to the waveform

For the AFG3xx series, you can transfer the waveform files in the following directions — PC to Edit memory, PC to User memory, and Edit memory to User memory.

For the AFG3xxx series, you can transfer the waveform in the following directions — PC to Edit memory, PC to User memory, Edit memory to User memory, and Edit memory to PC.

When you transfer a waveform from the Edit memory to the PC, the file has the name EMEMFile in the destination folder. When you transfer a waveform from the PC to the Edit memory, the EMEM waveform text box shows the waveform file name. When you drag the EMEM file to User<n>, the User<n> text box shows the file name as EMEMFile.

When you drag a file from the PC Files list and drop it to the destination Edit or User memory, the destination text "Drag source file and drop here" is replaced with the name of the transferred file. When you close the dialog box or reinvoke it, the destination text reappears.

Waveform Math Dialog Box

Math> Waveform Math

Use this dialog box to perform mathematical operation on the selected portion of the waveform. To operate with the selected waveform, you can either use a standard waveform, a scalar value, or a waveform that you have copied to the clipboard.

The mathematical operations that are available are Add, Subtract, Multiply, and Divide. Division is applicable only when you use a scalar value or copy from the clipboard.

Option	Description
Waveform Library	
Select the waveform	Select a standard waveform from the list. This appears in the Math Source preview.
Amplitude Pk-Pk	Type the amplitude in volts of the selected waveform
Cycles	Type the number of cycles of the selected waveform
Phase	Type the phase in degrees of the selected waveform
Duty Cycle/ Pulse Width/Damp Factor	Type the duty cycle, pulse width, or the Damp Factor for the selected waveform
Scalar Value	
Amplitude	Type the amplitude in volts
Copy from clipboard	Uses the waveform copied to the memory to perform math operations
Operation	
Add	Adds every point of the selected waveform to every point on the math source waveform
Subtract	Subtracts every point of the selected waveform from every point on the math source waveform
Multiply	Multiplies every point on the selected waveform with every point of the math source waveform
Divide	Divides every point on the selected waveform with every point of the math source waveform This operation is not available when you select a standard waveform from the list to operate with
Only between cursors	Select this to perform the operation only on that section of the waveform between the cursors.

Table 3-49: Waveform Math options and their descriptions

The resultant waveform is displayed in the Resultant Waveform preview.

Y

Filter Setup Dialog Box

Communication> AWG/AFG File Transfer and Control>

Use this dialog box to set the filters for displaying waveform files. Select one or more file type to show: .wfm, .tfw, .isf, .pat, .csv, .txt, *.*. The default filter type is *.*.

Click the Default button to restore the default file type.

Click the Enable button to enable the Filter On/Off button. If the filter is set to On, then clicking the Enable button does not change anything.

Set IP Address Dialog Box

Communication>AWG File Transfer and Control> Set IP Address (from the shortcut menu)

Use this dialog box to set the IP Address of the instrument you want to connect to. The application displays the last ten recently connected instruments and their IP addresses. If you select any of these, the corresponding IP address appears in the IP address field.

Instrument Properties Dialog Box



Use this dialog box to view the instrument properties.

Option	Description
Instrument Model	Displays the model of the selected instrument
Connection Status	Displays the status of the instrument connected or not connected
Interface String	Displays the resource string or IP address of the connected instrument
Bus Type	Displays the bus type: Serial, GPIB, or Ethernet

Table 3-50: Instrument Properties options and their descriptions

Import from Oscilloscope Dialog Box

Use the Import from Scope dialog box to connect to a Tektronix Oscilloscope and import a waveform into ArbExpress in the AWG7xx waveform file format. Currently ArbExpress supports the TDS1000, TDS2000, TDS3000, TDS5000, TDS6000, and TDS7000 families of oscilloscopes. The following steps describe how to use this dialog box. Before you bring up the Import from Scope dialog box, refresh TekVisa resource list.

Before connecting

Ensure that the oscilloscope you intend to connect to is detected by the TekVisa Resource manager tool. Without this, ArbExpress will not show it in its Scope list. Refer to the help on VisaRM for information on how to search for an oscilloscope using the TekVisa Resource Manager tool.

Connecting to an Oscilloscope

The Scope list shows the oscilloscopes to which you can connect. You can choose any one of them and connect to it. Once successfully connected, the Scope list shows the available data sources—Channels, Reference waveforms, and Math waveforms in the oscilloscope.

Importing a Waveform

To import a waveform, you must first select a data source (a channel, ref or math). When you select one of the available data sources, its status is displayed in the bottom half of the dialog box. After selecting the data source, you can either drag and drop the source into one of the folders on the hard disk, or select the Acquire option from the shortcut menu for the selected data source and paste it in a folder on the PC. When the transfer is complete, a waveform file with the name of the form <model number>_<channel number>.wfm is created in the selected folder.

Note: If you have a Ref waveform of a particular record length, you can successfully import the waveform only if the oscilloscope's current record length is the same as the Ref waveform's record length.

Changing parameters of a channel

Right-click on a channel to change the parameters. You can change the following parameters:

- On/Off
- Record length ((except for TDS1000 and TDS2000 family of oscilloscopes)
- Acquisition mode (supports Sample, Peak detect and Average modes on all families of oscilloscopes. In addition to these three, supports Hi Res, and Peak to Peak modes for TDS5000, TDS6000 and TDS7000 series of oscilloscope)
- Single sequence or continuous mode

Directly transferring a waveform from the oscilloscope to a Waveform view

You can acquire a waveform from the oscilloscope and open it in a Waveform view in a single action. To do this, you have to select a data source as described above. Then click the "Open in New Window" button on the oscilloscope toolbar. The file is transferred and saved to the current directory and then opened in a Waveform View. You can close the Import from Scope dialog to work with the acquired waveform.

Note: Closing the dialog box does not close the connection.

Set Pattern Dialog Box

Display> Marker

Use this dialog box to create a marker pattern. Right-click within the marker display area, and select Set Pattern from the shortcut menu.

Table 3-51: Set Pattern options and their descriptions

Option	Description
Target	
Marker1	Select Marker1 as the target to set the pattern for Marker1
Marker2	Select Marker2 as the target to set the pattern for Marker2
Data	
Hex	Select Hexadecimal as the data type to set the pattern in hexadecimal
Binary	Select Binary as the data type to set the pattern in binary
Pattern	Type the pattern. Use characters $0 - 9$ and $A - F$ to create a hexadecimal pattern, and 0 and 1 to create a binary pattern.

Create Waveforms

Using the Equation Editor

File> Equation Editor, Waveform> Equation Editor

You can create waveforms using the equation editor. The application provides a set of sample equations that you can use directly or modify and use.

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in(Sqrt(Max(Min(×	e	+	-	Total Range 1k pts
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7	0					10 M	P	
	5	6		8	,	ĸ	M	Multiwfm Properties OK

Figure 4-1: Equation Editor main screen

Use the Equation pane to edit the equations, use the Command List to select the commands, functions, units and operations, use the Settings pane to set the Total Range, and use the Preview pane to preview the waveform after the equation is compiled. The OK button is enabled only when the equation compiles successfully.

Equation Editor Tool Bar

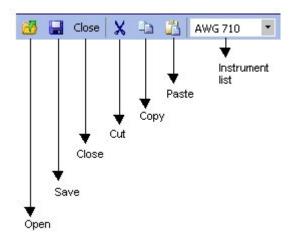


Figure 4-2: Equation Editor toolbar

The equation editor toolbar has icons for standard functions—Open, Save, Close, Cut, Copy, Paste, and Instrument list.

Creating an Equation

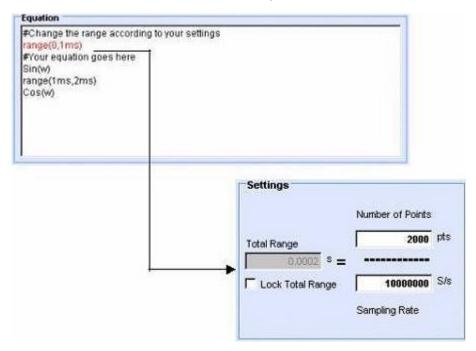
To use a sample equation, follow these steps:

- 1. Select Waveform> Equation Editor.
- 2. From the Equation Editor window, select File> Open.
- **3.** Browse the equations (.equ or .eqa) listed in the folder \ArbExpress\Samples\Equation.
- 4. Edit the equation using the Command list options or by placing the pointer over the equation and typing in the equation.

Note: Ensure that the total range you specify in the equation and the total range defined in the Settings match.

To create a new equation, follow these steps:

- 1. Select Waveform> Equation Editor. The equation editor screen is displayed with a sample equation.
- **2.** Create an equation in the Equation pane, using the functions and operators available in the Command List. Always define a range first.
- **3.** Under Settings, set the Total Range to the sum of all the ranges you have defined in the equation. To do this, enter the Number of Points and Sampling Rate. Once you set the Total Range, you can lock it and change the Number of Points or the Sampling Rate.



If the total range defined in the equation is less than the total range in Settings, the equation will fail to compile. The output pane will display a message and the error.

Figure 4-3: Example of error while compiling and equation

If the number of points specified in the Settings is more than the range specified in the equation, then the available extra points will have the value zero.

4		
Hr		
-+{		
	ompile	
Settings		
Settings	Number of Points	
		pts
		pts
Settings Total Range 0.01 ^S = Lock Total Range	1000	pts S/s

Figure 4-4: Waveform padded with zeros

4. Click Compile. The compiled equation is displayed in Preview. The compilation status and messages are displayed in Output. Only if the compilation is successful, you can click OK.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to. A progress bar displays the status of the operation. In AFG3xx and AFG3xxx series, the waveform is sent to the edit memory. A message "Are you sure you want to overwrite EMEM with this file?" warns you that the instrument's edit memory will be overwritten.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the equation editor dialog box.

The application supports the AWG2000 equation editor model and follows the same syntax. Refer to the Equation Editor Reference for more details. Equations created using the equation editor cannot be used on the AWG400 through AWG700 series waveform generators.

Sine Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

C Ampl/Offset Max/Min Full DAC Value Amplitude (Pk.Pk) 2 v Offset 0 v Horizontal Show Advanced Mode Frequency 40M Hz Cycles 10 Notes Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 950 Total Points	Ampl/Offset C Max/Min C Full DAC Value Amplitude (Pk-Pk) 2 v Offset 0 v Horizontal Show Advanced Mode Frequency 40M Hz Cycles 10 Notes Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960 Total Points : 1k	Function Sine	Instrument AWG710	<u> </u>
Amplitude (Pk-Pk) 2 v Offset 0 v Horizontal Show Advanced Mode Frequency 40M Hz Cycles 10 Notes Multiw/m Multiw/m Preview Multiw/m Preview Send to Arb (Ch1) Multiw/m Preview Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 950 Total Points : 11k	Amplitude (Pk-Pk) 2 v Offset 0 v Horizontal Show Advanced Mode Frequency 40M Hz Cycles 10 Notes Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960 Total Points : 1k			Default
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Cycles 10 Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960 Total Points : 1k	Cycles 10 Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960 Total Points : 1k	Frequency 40M Hz	Preview	
		Cycles 10	Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points	: 960
		Phase 0 degrees		ОК

Figure 4-5: Creating a Sine wave

To create a sine wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to Sine, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - Amp/Offset to enter the Amplitude (Pk-Pk) and Offset in volts. The amplitude specifies the amplitude of the waveform (along the Y-axis) and the offset specifies the volts by which the waveform will be offset from the origin along the Y-axis. The sum of the amplitude and offset must not exceed the voltage range supported by the target instrument.
 - Max/Min to enter the Maximum and Minimum voltage values for the waveform.
 - Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.

3. Under Horizontal, type the Frequency of the waveform in Hertz, the number of Cycles, and the Phase in degrees. Select the Show Advanced Mode option to show advanced parameter options for the sine wave.

Show Advanced N	O	4G
		40
requency 🙃	40M Hz	
	0	100
ycles	10	Points/Cycle
hase	0 degrees	

Figure 4-6: Advanced options for a Sine wave

The Show Advanced Mode option is not available for the AFG3xxx series of instruments. For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Total Number of Points, Frequency in Hertz, Phase in degrees, and Cycles. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

- **4.** If you have selected the Show Advanced Mode option, you can set the Frequency as the number of samples per second divided by the number of points per cycle. You can lock any one of the parameters–Frequency, Samples/sec, or Points/cycle–and vary the other two.
- 5. Click the Preview button to view the waveform.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

Notes		
Maximum Points	: 32,400,000	Minimum Points : 960
Total Points	: 100	
 Manually char number of poir 	nge Horizontal hts	settings to reach minimum
C Add zeros to	achieve minimu	m number of points
C Add last vector	or to achieve m	inimum number of points

Figure 4-7: Waveform padding options

	V 1
Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Table 4-1: Waveform padding options

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

6. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

Square Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

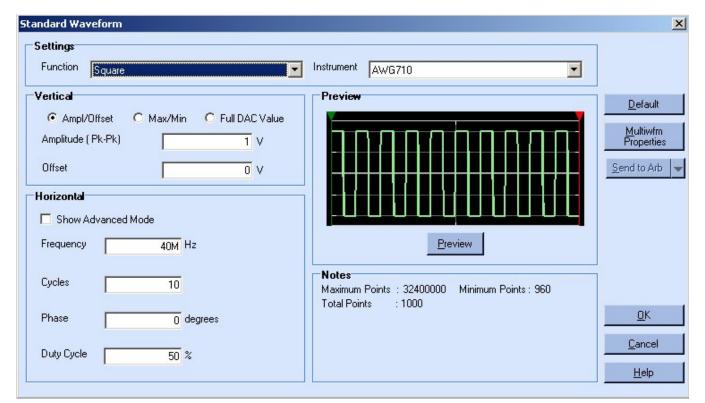


Figure 4-8: Creating a Square wave

To create a square wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to Square, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - Amp/Offset to enter the Amplitude (Pk-Pk) and Offset in volts. The amplitude specifies the amplitude of the waveform (along the Y-axis) and the offset specifies the volts by which the waveform will be offset from the origin along the Y-axis. The sum of the amplitude and offset must not exceed the voltage range supported by the target instrument.
 - Max/Min to enter the Maximum and Minimum voltage values for the waveform.
 - Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.

3. Under Horizontal, type the Frequency of the waveform in Hertz, the number of Cycles, and the Phase in degrees. Set the Duty Cycle to a percentage. Select the Show Advanced Mode option to show advanced parameter options for the square wave.

The Show Advanced Mode option is not available for the AFG3xxx series of instruments. For these instruments, type the Total Number of Points, Frequency in Hertz, Phase in degrees, Cycles, and Duty Cycle. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz. Under Transitions (10%-90%), set the Rise Time and Fall Time parameters.

- **4.** If you have selected the Show Advanced Mode option, you can set the Frequency as the number of samples per second divided by the number of points per cycle. You can lock any one of the parameters–Frequency, Samples/sec, or Points/cycle–and vary the other two. Another pane titled Transitions (10%-90%) appears.
 - **a.** Set the number of points for Rise Time and select rise type to Ramp or Sine².
 - **b.** Set the number of points for Fall Time and the fall type to Ramp or Sine².

)
Samples/sec 4G
100
Points/Cycle
s
FallTime
Pts Ramp D Pts Ramp Ramp D Pts Ramp Ramp Ramp
C Sine ² In seconds :0 C Sine ²

Figure 4-9: Advanced options for a Square wave

5. Click the Preview button to view the waveform.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

Maximum Points	: 32,400,000	Minimum Points : 960
Total Points	: 100	
 Manually chain number of point 	nge Horizontal hts	settings to reach minimum
C Add zeros to	achieve minimu	m number of points
	or to achieve m	inimum number of points

Figure 4-10: Waveform padding options

Table 4-2: Waveform padding options

Option	Description	
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.	
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.	
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.	

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

6. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

Triangle Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

Standard Waveform		×
Settings Function Triangle Vertical Image: Constraint of the second sec	Instrument AWG710	Default Multiwfm Properties Send to Arb
Cycles 10 Phase 0 degrees	Notes Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960 Total Points : 1000	OK Cancel Help

Figure 4-11: Creating a Triangle wave

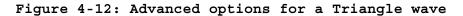
To create a triangular wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to Triangle, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - **a.** Amp/Offset to enter the Amplitude (Pk-Pk) and Offset in volts. The amplitude specifies the amplitude of the waveform (along the Y-axis) and the offset specifies the volts by which the waveform will be offset from the origin along the Y-axis. The sum of the amplitude and offset must not exceed the voltage range supported by the target instrument.
 - **b.** Max/Min to enter the Maximum and Minimum voltage values for the waveform.
 - **c.** Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.

3. Under Horizontal, type the Frequency of the waveform in Hertz, the number of Cycles, and the Phase in degrees. Select the Show Advanced Mode option to show advanced parameter options for the triangle wave. You can lock any one of the parameters–Frequency, Samples/sec, or Points/cycle– and vary the other two.

The Show Advanced Mode option is not available for the AFG3xxx series of instruments. For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Total Number of Points, Frequency in Hertz, Phase in degrees, and Cycles. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

Show Advanced N	Aode -	amples/sec
		4G
Frequency 📀	40M Hz	
	C C	100
Cycles	10 Po	oints/Cycle
Phase	0 degrees	



4. Click the Preview button, under Preview, to view the waveform.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

Notes Maximum Points	: 32,400,000	Minimum Points : 960
Total Points	: 100	
 Manually chain number of point 	nge Horizontal hts	settings to reach minimum
C Add zeros to	achieve minimu	im number of points
C Add last year	or to achieve m	inimum number of points

Figure 4-13: Waveform padding options

Option	Description	
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.	
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.	
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.	

Table 4-3: Waveform padding options

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

5. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

Pulse Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

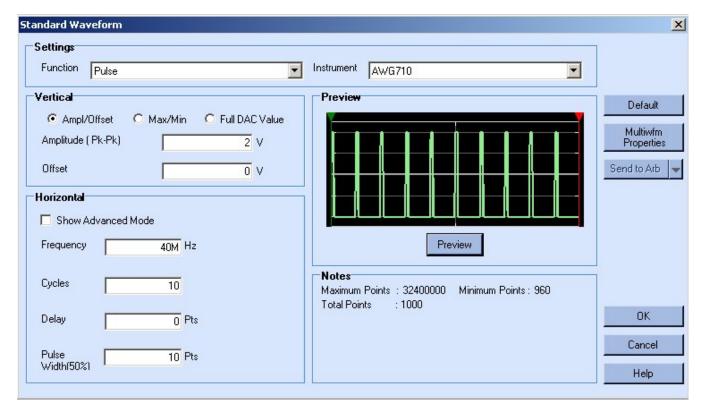


Figure 4-14: Creating a Pulse wave

To create a pulse wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to Pulse, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - Amp/Offset to enter the Amplitude (Pk-Pk) and Offset in volts. The amplitude specifies the amplitude of the waveform (along the Y-axis) and the offset specifies the volts by which the waveform will be offset from the origin along the Y-axis. The sum of the amplitude and offset must not exceed the voltage range supported by the target instrument.
 - Max/Min to enter the Maximum and Minimum voltage values for the waveform.
 - Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.

3. Under Horizontal, type the Frequency of the waveform in Hertz, the number of Cycles, the Delay in seconds, and the Pulse Width in seconds. Select the Show Advanced Mode option to show advanced parameter options for the pulse wave. You can lock any one of the parameters–Frequency, Samples/sec, or Points/cycle–and vary the other two.

The Show Advanced Mode option is not available for the AFG3xxx series of instruments. For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Total Number of Points, Frequency in Hertz, Delay, Cycles, and Pulse Width. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz. Under Transitions (10%-90%), set the Pulse Direction, Rise Time, and Fall Time parameters.

- **4.** If you have chosen the Advanced option, another pane titled Transitions (10%-90%) appears.
 - Set the Pulse Direction to Positive or Negative.
 - Set the number of points for Rise Time and the rise type to Ramp or Sine².
 - Set the number of points for Fall Time and the fall type to Ramp or Sine². The equivalent value is displayed in seconds.

Horizontal (Select radio button to lock)	
Show Advanced Mode C 4G	
Frequency	
Cycles 10 Points/Cycle	
Delay 0 Pts	
Pulse 10 Pts Width/50%)	
Transitions (10% - 90%)	
Pulse Direction RiseTime	FallTime
Positive O Pts Ramp	0 Pts Ramp
O Negative In seconds :0 O Sine ²	In seconds :0 C Sine ²

Figure 4-15: Advanced options for a Pulse wave

5. Click the Preview button to view the waveform.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

Maximum Points	: 32,400,000	Minimum Points : 960
Total Points	: 100	
 Manually chain number of point 	nge Horizontal nts	settings to reach minimum
C Add zeros to	achieve minimu	m number of points
C Add last vector	or to achieve m	inimum number of points

Figure 4-16: Waveform padding options

Table 4-4: Waveform padding options

Option	Description	
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.	
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.	
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.	

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

6. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

Noise Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

Standard Waveform		×
Settings Function Noise	Instrument AWG710	
Vertical • Ampl/Offset • Max/Min • Full DAC Value Amplitude (Pk-Pk) • 2 V Offset • 0 V Horizontal • Gaussian White Noise • Pink Noise Sampling Rate 4G System Cycles 10	Preview Preview Preview Preview Notes Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960	Default Multiwfm Properties
Total Number of points 1k Number of Zero Crossings 1k Half Width 1k	Total Points : 1000	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp

Figure 4-17: Creating a Noise wave

To create a noise wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to Noise, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - Amp/Offset to enter the Amplitude (Pk-Pk) and Offset in volts. The amplitude specifies the amplitude of the waveform (along the Y-axis) and the offset specifies the volts by which waveform will be offset from the origin along the Y-axis. The sum of the amplitude and offset must not exceed the voltage range supported by the target instrument.
 - Max/Min to enter the Maximum and Minimum voltage values for the waveform.
 - Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.

- **3.** Under Horizontal, select Gaussian White Noise or Pink Noise. Enter the Sampling Rate and the Total Number of Points for the waveform. For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Total Number of Points. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.
- 4. Click the Preview button to view the waveform.

The following figures show a preview of the Gaussian White Noise and Pink Noise waveforms.

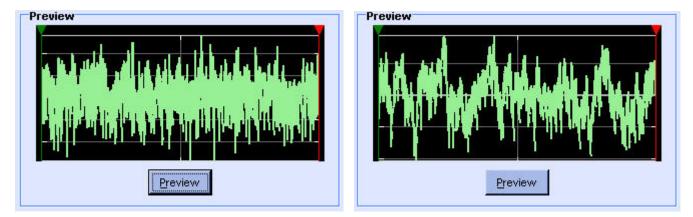


Figure 4-18: Examples of Gaussian White Noise and Pink Noise waveforms

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

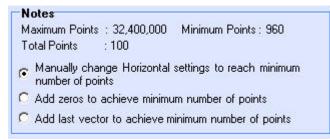


Figure 4-19: Waveform padding options

I J I		
Option	Description	
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.	
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.	
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.	

Table 4-5: Waveform padding options

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

5. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

DC Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

ndard Waveform			
Settings Function DC	-	Instrument AWG710]
Vertical • Ampl/Offset • Max/Min • O Amplitude (Pk-Pk) • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Full DAC Value	Preview	Default Multiwfm Properties Send to Arb
Horizontal Sampling Rate Phase Cycles Total Number of points Number of Zero Crossings Half Width	4G S/s degrees 10 1k	Preview Notes Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960 Total Points : 1000	<u>D</u> K <u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp

Figure 4-20: Creating a DC wave

To create a DC wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to DC, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - Amp/Offset to enter the Offset value. Enter the offset value. This value cannot exceed the maximum offset supported by the instrument
 - Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.
- **3.** Under Horizontal, enter the Sampling Rate and the Total Number of Points for the waveform. For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Total Number of Points. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points

exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

4. Click the Preview button to view the waveform.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

Notes Maximum Points : 32,400,000	Minimum Points : 960
Total Points : 100 Manually change Horizontal number of points	settings to reach minimum
C Add zeros to achieve minim	
Add last vector to achieve r	ninimum number of points

Figure 4-21: Waveform padding options

Table	4-6:	Waveform	padding	options
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Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

5. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

Exponential Rise Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

Standard Waveform	×
Settings Function Exponential Rise	Instrument AWG710
Vertical • Ampl/Offset • Max/Min • Full DAC Value Amplitude (Pk-Pk) • 2 V Offset • 0 V • Horizontal Sampling Rate 4G S/s Phase • 0 degrees Cycles • 1	Preview Default Multiwfm Properties Send to Arb Send to Arb Preview Notes
Lycles 1 Total Number of points 1k Damp Factor 5	Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960 Total Points : 1000 <u>OK</u> <u>Cancel</u> <u>H</u> elp

Figure 4-22: Creating an Exponential Rise wave

To create an exponential rise wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to Exponential Rise, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - Amp/Offset to enter the Amplitude (Pk-Pk) and Offset in volts. The amplitude specifies the amplitude of the waveform (along the Y-axis) and the offset specifies the volts by which the waveform will be offset from the origin along the Y-axis. The sum of the amplitude and offset must not exceed the voltage range supported by the target instrument.
 - Max/Min to enter the Maximum and Minimum voltage values for the waveform.
 - Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.

3. Under Horizontal, enter the Sampling Rate of the waveform, the Phase in degrees, and the number of Cycles per second. Enter the Total number of Points, and Damp Factor.

For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Phase in degrees, Cycles, Total Number of Points, and Damp Factor. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points.

For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

4. Click the Preview button to view the waveform.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

Notes	
Maximum Points : 32,400,000	Minimum Points : 960
Total Points : 100	
 Manually change Horizontal number of points 	settings to reach minimum
C Add zeros to achieve minimu	im number of points

Figure 4-23: Waveform padding options

Table 4-7:Waveform padding options

Option	Description	
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.	
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.	
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.	

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to. Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

5. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

Exponential Decay Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

Standard Waveform		×
Settings Function Exponential Decay	Instrument AWG710	
Ampl/Offset C Max/Min C Full DAC Value Amplitude (Pk-Pk)	Preview	Default <u>M</u> ultiwfm Properties <u>S</u> end to Arb
Cycles 1 Total Number of points 1k Damp Factor 5	Maximum Points:32400000 Minimum Points:960 Total Points :1000	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp

Figure 4-24: Creating an Exponential Decay wave

To create an exponential decay wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to Exponential Decay, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - Amp/Offset to enter the Amplitude (Pk-Pk) and Offset in volts. The amplitude specifies the amplitude of the waveform (along the Y-axis) and the offset specifies the volts by which the waveform will be offset from the origin along the Y-axis. The sum of the amplitude and offset must not exceed the voltage range supported by the target instrument.
 - Max/Min to enter the Maximum and Minimum voltage values for the waveform.
 - Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.

3. Under Horizontal, enter the Sampling Rate of the waveform, the Phase in degrees, and the number of Cycles per second. Enter the Total number of Points, and Damp Factor.

For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Phase in degrees, Cycles, Total Number of Points, and Damp Factor. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

4. Click the Preview button to view the waveform.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

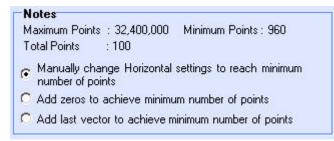


Figure 4-25: Waveform padding options

Table 4-8:Waveform padding options

Option	Description	
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.	
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.	
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.	

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box. 5. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

Create Advanced Waveforms

Sinc Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

Standard Waveform			×
Settings Function Sinc		Instrument AWG710	
Vertical Image: Ampl/Offset Max Amplitude (Pk-Pk) [Offset [Horizontal	/Min C Full DAC Value 2 V 0 V 4G S/s	Preview	Default <u>Multiwfm</u> Properties <u>Send to Arb</u>
Phase [Cycles [Total Number of points [Number of zero crossings [0 degrees 1 1k 10	Notes Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960 Total Points : 1000	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp

Figure 4-26: Creating a Sinc wave

To create a sinc wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to Sinc, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - Amp/Offset to enter the Amplitude (Pk-Pk) and Offset in volts. The amplitude specifies the amplitude of the waveform (along the Y-axis) and the offset specifies the volts by which waveform will be offset from the origin along the Y-axis. The sum of the amplitude and offset must not exceed the voltage range supported by the target instrument.
 - Max/Min to enter the Maximum and Minimum voltage values for the waveform.

- Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.
- **3.** Under Horizontal, type the Sampling Rate of the waveform, the number of Cycles, and the Phase in degrees. Enter the Total number of Points and the Number of Zero Crossings.

For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Phase in degrees, Cycles, Total Number of Points, and Number of Zero Crossings. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

4. Click the Preview button to view the waveform.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

```
Notes

Maximum Points : 32,400,000 Minimum Points : 960

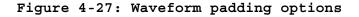
Total Points : 100

Manually change Horizontal settings to reach minimum

number of points

Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points

Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points
```



Option	Description	
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.	
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.	
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.	

Table 4-9:Waveform padding options

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

5. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

Sweep Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

Standard Waveform			×
Settings Function Sweep		Instrument AWG710	
Vertical Ampl/Offset Amplitude (Pk-Pk) Offset Horizontal Start Frequency End Frequency	C Max/Min C Full DAC Valu 2 V 0 V 1M Hz 5M Hz	Le Preview	Default <u>Multiwfm</u> Properties <u>S</u> end to Arb
Time Duration Sampling Rate Total Number of points	1u s 4G S/s 4k	Notes Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960 Total Points : 4000	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp

Figure 4-28: Creating a Sweep wave

To create a sweep wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to Sweep, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - Amp/Offset to enter the Amplitude (Pk-Pk) and Offset in volts. The amplitude specifies the amplitude of the waveform (along the Y-axis) and the offset specifies the volts by which waveform will be offset from the origin along the Y-axis. The sum of the amplitude and offset must not exceed the voltage range supported by the target instrument.
 - Max/Min to enter the Maximum and Minimum voltage values for the waveform.
 - Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.

3. Under Horizontal, type the Start Frequency, End Frequency, Time Duration, and Sampling Rate. The application calculates the Total Number of Points as the product of Time Duration and Sampling Rate. This is applicable for the AWG7xx, AW6xx, AWG5xx, AWG4xx, AWG2xxx, and AFG3xx series of instruments.

TotalPoints = TimeDuration × SamplingRate

For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Start Frequency, End Frequency, and Total Number of Points. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. The Time Duration is calculated according to the following equation:

$TimeDuration = \frac{TotalPoints}{SamplingRate}$

For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

4. Click the Preview button to view the waveform.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

	Minimum Points : 960
Total Points : 100	
 Manually change Horizontal number of points 	settings to reach minimum
Add zeros to achieve minimu	um number of points
Add last vector to achieve m	ninimum number of points

Figure 4-29: Waveform padding options

Table 4-10:Waveform p	padding	options
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Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

5. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

Note: To display the waveform in a new or an existing window, select Multiwaveform Properties in the Shortcut view.

Multi-Tone Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

andard Waveform			>
Settings Function Multi Tone		Instrument AWG710	
Vertical C Ampl/Offset C Max/Mir Amplitude (Pk-Pk) Offset Horizontal Start Frequency End Frequency	C Full DAC Value 2 V 0 V 1M Hz 5M Hz	Preview Preview	Default Multiwfm Properties
Tone Spacing Sampling Rate Total Number of points	1M Hz 4G S/s 4k	Notes Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960 Total Points : 4000	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp

Figure 4-30: Creating a Multi-tone wave

To create a multi-tone wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to Multi Tone, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - Amp/Offset to enter the Amplitude (Pk-Pk) and Offset in volts. The amplitude specifies the amplitude of the waveform (along the Y-axis) and the offset specifies the volts by which waveform will be offset from the origin along the Y-axis. The sum of the amplitude and offset must not exceed the voltage range supported by the target instrument.
 - Max/Min to enter the Maximum and Minimum voltage values for the waveform.
 - Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.

3. Under Horizontal, type the Start Frequency, End Frequency, Tone Spacing, and Sampling Rate. The Total Number of Points is calculated according to the following equation:

$$TotalPoints = \frac{SamplingRate}{ToneSpacing}$$

For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Start Frequency, End Frequency, and Total Number of Points. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points.

The Tone Spacing is calculated according to the following equation:

For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

4. Click the Preview button to view the waveform.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

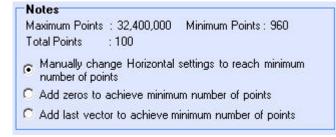


Figure 4-31: Waveform padding options

Table 4-11:Waveform padding option	Table	4-11:Waveform	padding	options
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Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

5. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

Note: To display the waveform in a new or an existing window, select Multiwaveform Properties in the Shortcut view.

Lorentz Wave

File> Standard Waveform

To create a standard waveform select File> Standard Waveform.

tandard Waveform		×
Settings Function Lorentz	Instrument AWG710	
Offset 0	AC Value 2 V 5 V 6 S/s Preview	Default Multiwfm Properties Send to Arb
Cycles 1 Total Number of points 4k	degrees Notes Maximum Points : 32400000 Minimum Points : 960 Total Points : 4000	OK Cancel Help

Figure 4-32: Creating a Lorentz wave

To create a Lorentz wave, follow these steps:

- **1.** Under Settings, set the Function to Lorentz, and set the Instrument to the target instrument.
- 2. Under Vertical, you can choose one of the following:
 - Amp/Offset to enter the Amplitude (Pk-Pk) and Offset in volts. The amplitude specifies the amplitude of the waveform (along the Y-axis) and the offset specifies the volts by which waveform will be offset from the origin along the Y-axis. The sum of the amplitude and offset must not exceed the voltage range supported by the target instrument.
 - Max/Min to enter the Maximum and Minimum voltage values for the waveform.
 - Full DAC Value to create a waveform for the maximum amplitude supported by the instrument.

3. Under Horizontal, type the Sampling Rate of the waveform, the number of Cycles, and the Phase in degrees. Enter the Time Delay and Half Width. The Total number of Points is given by:

TotalPoints = TimeDelay × SamplingRate × Cycles

For the AFG3xxx series of instruments, type the Phase in degrees, Cycles, Half Width, and Total Number of Points. The Sampling Rate is a fixed value for the selected instrument. The Sampling Rate depends on the total number of points. For the AFG3101 and the AFG3102 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 1 GHz to 250 MHz. For the AFG3251 and AFG3252 instruments, if the total number of points exceeds 16,384 (16 K points), the sampling rate changes from 2 GHz to 250 MHz.

For AFG3xx and AFG3xxxx series of instruments, Time Delay is calculated according to the following equation:

$$Time \ Delay = \frac{TotalPoints}{SamplingRate \times Cycles}$$

4. Click the Preview button to view the waveform.

If the number of points is fewer than the number of points supported by the instrument, the following options appear.

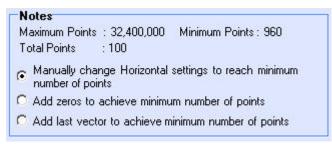


Figure 4-33: Waveform padding options

Table 4-12:Waveform padding options

Option	Description
Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points	Select this and change the parameters to increase the total number of points in the waveform to achieve the minimum number of points.
Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points of zero voltage to the waveform.
Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Select this to achieve the minimum number of points by appending points with the voltage value of the last point to the waveform.

Click the Default button to restore the default values for the parameters.

Click the Send to Arb button to transfer the waveform to an AWG or an AFG. This button is enabled only when an instrument (AWG or AFG) is connected. You can select the channel to send the waveform to.

Click the Multi-Waveform Properties button to view or vary the waveform properties. When you click the Multi-Waveform Properties button, the Waveform Properties dialog opens. Note that the Active Waveform tab is disabled when invoked from the standard waveform dialog box.

5. Click OK to display the waveform in a new or an existing window. The window values are saved for this waveform type and the selected instrument.

Note: To display the waveform in a new or an existing window, select Multiwaveform Properties in the Shortcut view.

Create Marker Patterns

Marker

Display> Marker

Display the markers by selecting Display> Marker from the menu. This toggles the display of the markers.

Select a marker to edit it. Right-click in the marker field to display a shortcut menu listing the following options.

Option	Description
Create 0/1 pattern	Fills the entire marker area with a 0/1 pattern
Random pattern	Fills the entire marker area with a random pattern
Clear Pattern	Clears the entire marker area
Invert Pattern	Inverts the marker area values
Freehand	Use the mouse to enter 0,1 data in the marker area by clicking the mouse to place a data point
Shift	Shifts marker bits one point to the right or left
Right	Shifts the marker bits one point to the right
Left	Shifts the marker bits one point to the left
Set Pattern	Displays a dialog box where you can set the pattern type (Hexadecimal or Binary) for the markers
Make High	Sets the data values to high
Make Low	Sets the data values to low
Rotate	Rotates marker bits one point to the right or left
Right	Rotates the marker bits one point to the right
Left	Rotates the marker bits one point to the left

Table 4-13: Marker options

Edit Markers

To edit markers, select a marker and right-click within the marker pane. From the shortcut menu, select Freehand to edit marker patterns. Click the points on the marker to edit. Right-click to end freehand editing.

A tool-tip "Right-click to end" appears when you are in the freehand editing mode.

Display

Cursor

Display> Cursor

Display the cursors by selecting Display> Cursor from the menu. This toggles the display of the cursors.

Point to a cursor and select it. The selected cursor or the active cursor is displayed with a solid line and the other cursor is displayed with a dash-dot line.

Cursor Position

Display> Cursor Position

Display the cursor position by selecting Display> Cursor Position from the menu. This option sets the cursor position in points or in seconds.

You can also double-click the cursor head to display the cursor position dialog box.

Zoom In

Display> Zoom In

Select Display> Zoom In from the menu. You can zoom the area of interest by doing either of the following:

- Clicking near a point
- Selecting an area of interest

ArbExpress supports unlimited zoom. The zoom extent is limited by the number of points (10) displayed on the X-axis.

Zoom Out

Display> Zoom Out

Select Display> Zoom Out from the menu to zoom out. You can use Zoom out only after you have zoomed in. If the markers are displayed, the corresponding marker area is also zoomed.

Horizontal Zoom In

Display> Horizontal Zoom In

Select Display> Horizontal Zoom In to zoom the area of interest horizontally. The voltage values displayed on the Y-axis remain unchanged during horizontal zoom. You can zoom the area of interest doing either of the following:

- Clicking near a point
- Selecting an area of interest

If the markers are displayed, the corresponding marker area is also zoomed. ArbExpress supports unlimited zoom. The zoom extent is limited by the number of points (10) displayed on the X-axis.

Fit to Window

Display> Fit to Window

Select this to fit the waveform in the window and restore the waveform to its state before the first zoom in. This option is enabled only after a zoom in or a horizontal zoom. If you have turned on marker display, Fit to Window also fits the markers within the marker window.

Crosshair

Display> Crosshair

Display the crosshairs by selecting Display> Crosshair from the menu. This toggles the display of the crosshairs. If there is a check mark next to this command, the crosshairs are on; if there is no check mark, the crosshairs are off.

Graticule

Display> Graticule

Display the graticule by selecting Display> Graticule from the menu. This toggles the display of the graticule. If there is a check mark next to this command, the graticule is on; if there is no check mark, the graticule is off.

Time Scale

Display> Time Scale

Select Display> Time Scale to display the waveform with time as the X-axis and voltage along the Y-axis. If there is a check mark next to this command, the waveform is displayed with Time along the X-axis; if there is no check mark, Time Scale display is off.

Properties

Display> Properties

Display the waveform, cursor, and marker properties by selecting Display> Properties from the menu.

Table 4-14: Display Properties options and their descriptions

Menu selection	Description
Waveform Name	Select the waveform to view or change the properties
Enable Graticule	Select this to show or hide the graticule
Background Color	Changes the background color of the waveform window
Waveform Properties	
Color	Select the color for the waveform
Line Style	Select the line style for the waveform
Line Width	Select the line width for the waveform
Marker Color	
Marker 1	Select the color for marker1
Marker 2	Select the color for marker2
Cursor Color	
Cursor 1	Select the color for cursor 1
Cursor 2	Select the color for cursor 2

When more than one waveform is displayed in one wave book or window, the inactive waveform is displayed with a dashed line style and the active waveform is displayed with a solid line style.

Edit Waveforms

Undo

Edit> Undo

Select this to undo the last operation performed on the waveform and restore it to its previous state. This command can be repeated to undo the last operations indefinitely.

Redo

Edit> Redo

Select this to redo the last operation performed on the waveform.

Cut

Edit> Cut

To cut a portion of the waveform, follow these steps:

- 1. Select the portion of the waveform that you want to cut by turning on the cursors and positioning them on the waveform. To see the cursors, select Display> Cursors.
- 2. Select Edit> Cut from the menu or click on the icon from the toolbar. The portion of the waveform within the cursors is cut. If the cursors are hidden, the portion of the waveform that is between the cursors is cut.

Сору

Edit> Copy

To copy a portion of the waveform, follow these steps:

- 1. Select the portion of the waveform that you want to copy by turning on the cursors and positioning them on the waveform. To see the cursors, select Display> Cursors. To copy the complete waveform, select Edit> Select All.
- 2. Select Edit> Copy from the menu or click on the icon from the toolbar. The portion of the waveform within the cursors is copied to the clipboard. If the cursors are hidden, the portion of the waveform that is between the cursors is copied.

Paste

Edit> Paste

To paste a copied portion of the waveform, follow these steps:

1. Select Edit> Paste from the menu.

The following dialog box appears.

G	Paste	at active cu	rsor.
C	Prepe	nd to the wa	veform.
c	Apper	nd to the wa	veform.
c	Repla	ce between	Cursors.
<u>o</u> k		<u>C</u> ancel	Help

Figure 4-34: Paste options

- 2. Select an option from the dialog box, and click OK.
 - Select Paste at active cursor to paste the contents at the currently active cursor. The active cursor is indicated by a solid line style, and the inactive cursor by a dashed line type.
 - Select Prepend to the waveform to paste the contents at the beginning of the waveform.
 - Select Append to the waveform to paste the contents at the end of the waveform.
 - Select Replace between Cursors to paste the contents between the cursors.
 - Select the Don't show this again and always paste at active cursor option to disable the dialog box from appearing again and always past the contents at the currently active cursor. To turn this option off, select Waveform> Preferences and select the Show paste option before pasting check box.

If the cursors are hidden, the copied portion of the waveform is still pasted. You

can paste the copied waveform across waveforms in any window. You can also paste the waveform in Notepad or Microsoft Excel.

Note: To display the cursors, select Display> Cursor.

Note: In multiple waveform display, ArbExpress pastes the contents to both waveforms to maintain the same waveform length for both.

Select All

Edit> Select All

To copy the entire waveform in an active window, select Edit> Select All from the application menu.

Copy to System Clipboard

Edit> Copy to System Clipboard

To copy the waveform and paste in Microsoft Excel or Microsoft Word, select Edit>Copy to System Clipboard. You can use these data points to generate the waveform in another application.

1	А	B	С	D
1				
2	0	0	0	
3	0.062791	0	0	
4	0.125333	0	0	
5	0.187381	0	0	
6	0.24869	0	0	
7	0.309017	0	0	
8	0.368125	0	0	
9	0.425779	0	0	
10	0.481754	0	0	
11	0.535827	0	0	
12	0.587785	0	0	
13	0.637424	0	0	
14	0.684547	0	0	
15	0.728969	0	0	
16	0.770513	0	0	
17	0.809017	0	0	
18	0.844328	0	0	
19	0.876307	0	0	
20	0.904827	0	0	
21	0.929776	0	0	
22	0.951057	0	0	
23	0.968583	0	0	
24	0.982287	0	0	
25	0.992115	0	0	
26	0.998027	0	0	
27	1	0	0	
28	0.998027	0	0	
29	0.992115	0	0	
30	0.982287	0	0	
31	0.968583	0	0	
32	0.951057	0	0	
33	0.929776	0	0	

Figure 4-35: Waveform data points in Microsoft Excel

Copy as Bitmap

Edit> Copy as Bitmap

To capture the waveform in the current window, select Edit> Copy as Bitmap. You can paste the captured image as a bitmap in Microsoft Word, or Microsoft Excel.

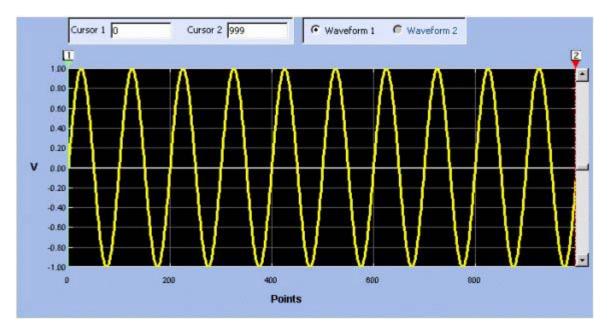


Figure 4-36: Example of a waveform as a bitmap

Invert

Edit> Invert

To invert a portion of the waveform, follow these steps:

- 1. Select the portion of the waveform that you want to invert by turning on the cursors and positioning them on the waveform. To see the cursors, select Display> Cursors.
- 2. Select Edit> Invert from the menu or click on the icon from the toolbar. The portion of the waveform within the cursors is inverted along the X-axis. If the cursors are hidden, the portion of the waveform that is between the cursors is still inverted.

Mirror

Edit> Mirror

To mirror a portion of the waveform, follow these steps:

- 1. Select the portion of the waveform that you want to mirror by turning on the cursors and positioning them on the waveform. To see the cursors, select Display> Cursors.
- 2. Select Edit> Mirror from the menu or click on the icon from the toolbar. The portion of the waveform within the cursors is mirrored along the Y-axis. If the cursors are hidden, the portion of the waveform that is between the cursors is still mirrored.

Freehand

Edit> Freehand

Select Edit> Freehand from the menu to enable the freehand drawing mode or click on the icon from the toolbar. Use this mode to draw a new waveform or to edit an existing waveform. Move the pointer to the point on the waveform that you want to edit. Click and move the selected point; it moves in the direction the pointer moves. The voltage readout in the status bar is the actual vertical height of the draw pointer.

Turn off the freehand draw mode by selecting Edit> Freehand or by clicking the corresponding icon.

Horizontal Draw

Edit> Horizontal Draw

Select Edit> Horizontal Draw from the menu to enable the horizontal draw mode or click on the icon from the toolbar. Use this mode to draw a new waveform or to edit an existing waveform. You can move the selected point only in the horizontal direction. All vertical movement is restricted.

Move the pointer to the point on the waveform that you want to edit. Click and move the selected point; it moves only horizontally. The voltage readout in the status bar is the actual vertical height of the draw pointer.

Turn off the horizontal draw mode by selecting Edit> Horizontal Draw or by clicking the corresponding icon.

Vertical Draw

Edit> Vertical Draw

Select Edit> Vertical Draw from the menu to enable the vertical draw mode or click on the icon from the toolbar. Use this mode to draw a new waveform or to edit an existing waveform. You can move the selected point only in the vertical direction. All horizontal movement is restricted.

Move the pointer to the point on the waveform that you want to edit. Click and move the selected point; it moves only vertically. The voltage readout in the status bar is the actual vertical height of the draw pointer.

Turn off the vertical draw mode by selecting Edit> Vertical Draw or by clicking the corresponding icon.

Point Draw

Edit> Point Draw

Select Edit> Point Draw> Enable Point Draw to enable the point draw mode or click Enable Point Draw in the toolbar.

You can use the point draw feature to define points and create a waveform. Before you can enable point draw, you must have a blank or existing wave book window open. The markers disappear and the Point Draw toolbar items are enabled.

You can use the Point Draw feature in two ways to create a waveform in a new or existing window:

- Enable Point Draw and click points within the waveform window.
- Enable Point Draw and select Point Draw Table. Type the co-ordinates (X, Y) of the points in the Point Draw Table.

Using Point Draw

Select Point Draw in the toolbar. By default, the Dynamic Compile mode is enabled. When the Dynamic Compile mode is enabled, the application generates the waveform dynamically as you click the points. Select the Interpolation mode—Smooth, Linear, or Staircase— to use when then application generates the waveform. By default, the interpolation method is Smooth. The Shortcut Menu options are:

Menu item	Description
Disable Point Draw	Disables the point draw mode
Zoom	Has options that you can use to Zoom In, Zoom Out, Horizontal Zoom In, and Fit to Window
Set Cursor Position	Opens the Cursor Position dialog box that you can use to set the cursor position in points or seconds
Time Scale	Changes the values on X axis into time domain
Select Previous Point	Highlights the previous point in the sequence
Select Next Point	Highlights the next point in the sequence
Edit Point Draw Table	Opens the point draw table where you can edit the points and set the interpolation method
Delete Selected Point	Deletes the selected point
Clear All Points	Clears the display of all the points but the continues to display the waveform
Interpolation	Sets the interpolation method to use while generating the waveform. You can choose form Smooth, Linear, and Staircase
Dynamic Compile	Compiles the waveform as you click the points using the interpolation method you have chosen
Compile Draw Points	Compiles the waveform using the interpolation method you have chosen only when you click Compile

Table	4-15.	Display	Properties	options	and	their	descriptions
Table		Dispiay	FIOPEICIES	operons	anu	CHETT	descriptions

Adding a point: Click a point inside the wave book window. A mark appears at that point indicating the point. In the dynamic compile mode, the point is linked to the nearest two points and the waveform points is recalculated using the selected interpolation method. If the dynamic compile mode is turned off, then the points are compiled only when you click Compile.

Deleting a point: Use the shortcut menu or the toolbar to select a point on the waveform. Select Delete from the Shortcut Menu or press the Delete key to delete the point. To move to the next or previous point, use the left and right arrow keys.

Moving a point: Press Shift and the left or right arrow keys to move a point by 10 units along the X-axis.

Using the Point Draw table

You can either enter points in a blank table or edit a point draw table that already has points in it. The following figure shows the Point Draw table.

Enter	r and edit point va	lues below:	
Index	Time(Seconds)	Volts	Insert Point
0	40.5n	-223.9884m	
1	43.8n	-657.5144m	Delete Point
2	47.0n	-411.8497m	Clear All
3			
4			- Interpolation
5			O Linear
6			C Unear
7			Smooth
8			
9			C Staircase
10			
11			_ X Value
12			
13			• Time
14			O Points
15			
16			
17		-	
18			
19			
20			
21			OK Cancel Help

Figure 4-37: Point draw table

Adding a point: You can insert a point in the table by positioning the cursor over a row or point and clicking Insert Point. Insert Point inserts a row above the selected row or point. Type the X,Y values of a point in the new row.

Deleting a point: You can delete a point in the table by positioning the cursor over a row and clicking Delete Point. Delete Point deletes the currently selected row or point.

You can set the interpolation method to use to any one of these – Linear, Smooth, or Staircase. This setting determines the method to use while creating a waveform using the points that you defined.

You can clear all the points by clicking Clear All.

You can set the X value to either Time (seconds) or Points. The table refreshes to display the X-value in the selected unit. This is similar to selecting Display> Time Scale from the application's main menu.

The application checks the values you enter for the following:

- X-value (sampling point) must always be unique. If you try to repeat this value, you get the message Values of the sampling index should be unique.
- If you leave the amplitude (Y) blank, the applications fills it with a zero.
- If you enter a Y value but no corresponding X value, an error appears.

Click OK and if the application finds no errors, the Point Draw Table closes and the waveform in the Wave Book window is updated to reflect the changes that you made in the Point Draw Table.

If you change from the point draw mode to other modes like Freehand, Horizontal Draw or Vertical Draw modes, the point s are not lost. If you return to the point draw mode, the points reappear.

From the point draw mode, if you edit the waveform using Cut, Paste, Invert, Mirror, Shift/Rotate, or Math operations the following message appears – this edit operation would flush the draw point and you might lose the current draw points. Do you want to proceed?

Use Math

Addition

Math> Waveform Math

Enable the math operations by selecting Math> Waveform Math from the menu. A Waveform Math screen is displayed.

Adding from the Waveform Library

Follow these steps to add a waveform to an existing waveform.

- 1. Select the type of waveform to add from the Waveform Library. Enter the peak-peak Amplitude, number of Cycles, and the Offset in degrees for the selected waveform.
- 2. The original waveform, the standard waveform to add, and the resulting waveform are displayed in the Selected Waveform, Math Source, and Resultant Waveform panes.
- **3.** Select Add from Operation.

Adding a Scalar Value

Follow these steps to add a scalar value to the waveform.

- 1. Select Scalar and type a scalar value to add to the waveform.
- 2. Select Add from Operation.

Adding a Waveform copied to the Clipboard

Follow these steps to add a waveform from the clipboard.

- 1. Copy the waveform, or portion of it, by selecting Edit> Copy or Edit> Cut. To define the portion of the waveform to copy or cut, select Display> Cursor Position to position the cursors over the waveform. To copy the entire waveform, select Edit> Select All, and Edit> Copy.
- 2. Select Math> Waveform Math.
- 3. Click Copy from clipboard, and from Operation, click Add. Click OK.



Figure 4-38: Adding waveforms

Subtraction

Math> Waveform Math

Enable the math operations by selecting Math> Waveform Math from the menu. A Waveform Math screen is displayed.

Subtracting from the Waveform Library

Follow these steps to subtract a waveform from an existing waveform.

- 1. Select the type of waveform to subtract with from the Waveform Library. Enter the peak-peak Amplitude, number of Cycles, and the Offset in degrees for the selected waveform.
- **2.** The original waveform, the standard waveform to subtract from, and the resulting waveform are displayed in the Selected Waveform, Math Source, and Resultant Waveform panes.
- 3. Select Subtract from Operation.

Subtracting a Scalar Value

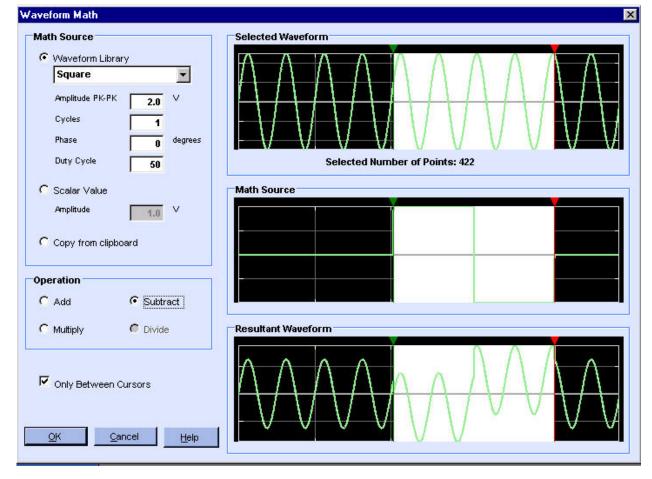
Follow these steps to add a scalar value to the waveform.

- 1. Select Scalar and type a scalar value to subtract from the waveform.
- 2. Select Subtract from Operation.

Subtracting a Waveform copied to the Clipboard

Follow these steps to subtract a waveform that has been copied to the clipboard.

- 1. Copy the waveform, or portion of it, by selecting Edit> Copy or Edit> Cut. To define the portion of the waveform to copy or cut, select Display> Cursor Position to position the cursors over the waveform. To copy the entire waveform, select Edit> Select All, and Edit> Copy.
- 2. Select Math> Waveform Math.



3. Click Copy from clipboard, and from Operation, click Subtract. Click OK.

Figure 4-39: Subtracting waveforms

Multiplication

Math> Waveform Math

Enable the math operations by selecting Math> Waveform Math from the menu. A Waveform Math screen is displayed.

Multiplying from the Waveform Library

Follow these steps to multiply a waveform with an existing waveform.

- **1.** Select the type of waveform with which to multiply from the Waveform Library.
- **2.** The original waveform, the standard waveform to multiply with, and the resulting waveform are displayed in the Selected Waveform, Math Source, and Resultant Waveform panes.

3. Select Multiply from Operation.

Multiplying with a Scalar Value

Follow these steps to multiply the waveform with a scalar value.

- 1. Select Scalar and type a scalar value to multiply the waveform with.
- 2. Select Subtract from Operation.

Multiplying with a Waveform copied to the Clipboard

Follow these steps to multiply with a waveform that has been copied to the clipboard.

- 1. Copy the waveform, or portion of it, by selecting Edit> Copy or Edit> Cut. To define the portion of the waveform to copy or cut, select Display> Cursor Position to position the cursors over the waveform. To copy the entire waveform, select Edit> Select All, and Edit> Copy.
- 2. Select Math> Waveform Math.
- 3. Click Copy from clipboard and from Operation, click Multiply. Click OK.

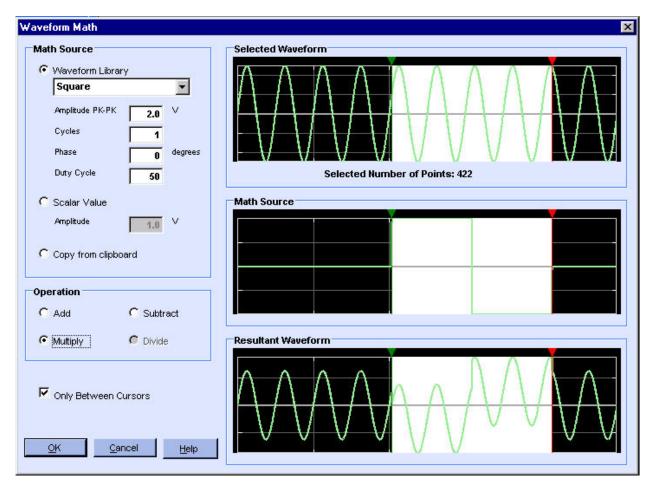


Figure 4-40: Multiplying waveforms

Division

Math> Waveform Math

Enable the math operations by selecting Math> Waveform Math from the menu. A Waveform Math screen is displayed. Waveform division is available only with scalar operations and with a waveform copied to the clipboard.

Dividing with a Scalar Value

Follow these steps to divide points on an existing waveform with a scalar value.

- 1. Select Scalar and type a scalar value with which to divide the waveform.
- **2.** The original waveform, the standard waveform to multiply with, and the resulting waveform are displayed in the Selected Waveform, Math Source, and Resultant Waveform panes.
- **3.** Select Divide from Operation.

Dividing with a Waveform copied to the Clipboard

Follow these steps to divide with a waveform that has been copied to the clipboard.

- 4. Copy the waveform, or portion of it, by selecting Edit> Copy or Edit> Cut. To define the portion of the waveform to copy or cut, select Display> Cursor Position to position the cursors over the waveform. To copy the entire waveform, select Edit> Select All, and Edit> Copy.
- 5. Select Math> Waveform Math.
- 6. Click Copy from clipboard and from Operation, click Divide. Click OK.

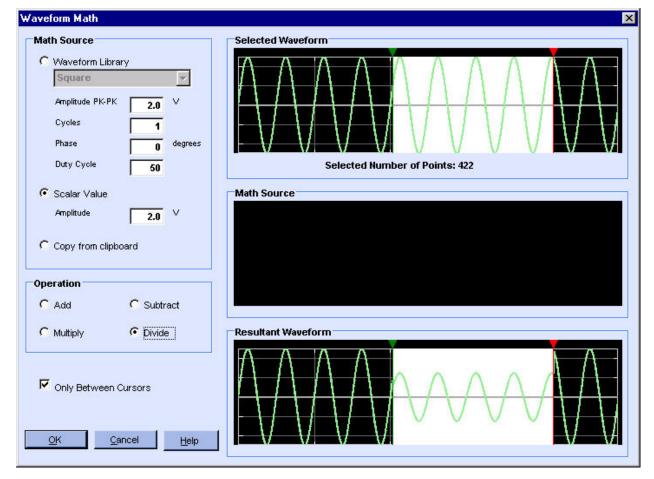


Figure 4-41: Dividing waveforms

Communicate with Other Instruments

AWG/AFG File Transfer and Control

Communication> AWG/AFG File Transfer and Control

You can use ArbExpress to transfer files to and from an arbitrary waveform or function generator connected to the computer. From the main menu, select Communication> AWG/AFG File Transfer and Control.

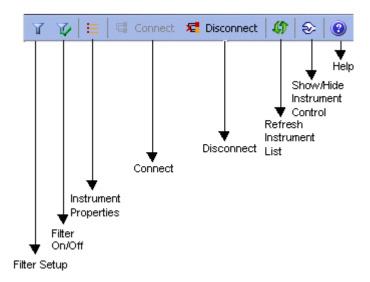
The screen shows a toolbar and the panes—Arb List, PC Folders, PC Files, Instrument Folders, Instrument Files, and Instrument Control.

b List	PC Folders	PC File	PC Files			
AWG Ethernet -(192.158.97.41) AWG420 GPIB0::10::INSTR	Compliance	Device International Device International DeviceSpecific International Dev		Size 1 KB 4 KB		
	Instrument Folders		Instrument Files			
	DISK.	File(s)/Folder(s) Name		Size		
	E-C MAIN	te la	st2.wfm	441 KB		
	🗀 dvd		st610	1 KB		
	dvi	tm	12.set	1 KB		
			ids1.WFM	2 KB		
	<u>-</u> 1610	- tri.	wfm	4 KB		
Load file to AWG Double-click or drag a file here:				Load		
Channel Selector	Vertical	Marken	s Marker 1	Marker 2		
СН1	Filter Through 🗾 Hz		15 31.4	High 2.50		
C Output On	Amplitude lo coco	High 1.	15 🕂 V	190 12.50	÷v	
	Amplitude 2.000 🕂 Vp-p	Low -0	.60 📑 V	Low 0.25	÷v	
	And a second	-		Cutput On		
Clock 1M S/s	Offset 0.000 📑 V		Output On	i output on		

Figure 4-42: Transferring a file and controlling an Arbitrary Waveform Generator

Toolbar

The toolbar contains the following buttons:





descriptions	
Option	Description
Filter setup	Shows the file types to select from
Filter On/Off	Toggles between the enable filter and disable filter modes
Instrument Properties	Displays properties of the instrument selected from the Arb list
Connect	Connects to a selected instrument

Table	4-16:	File	Transfer	and	Control	toolbar	options	and	their
descr	iption	s							

Disconnects a selected instrument if it is connected Disconnect **Refresh Instrument List** Rereads the instrument file list and updates the Arb list Show/Hide Instrument Control Hides the instrument control panel Help Displays the help

Arb list

The instrument list shows a list of Tektronix waveform or function generator models that are supported by ArbExpress. When you invoke AWG/AFG File Transfer and Control, ArbExpress automatically refreshes the Arb List and disables the Refresh icon in the toolbar. Refresh is enabled once the Arb List is updated. When no instruments are available to connect to either over LAN or over GPIB, this view shows only "AWG Ethernet" and the IP address last used. Expand the list to display the Visa resource string. Select the Visa resource string and right-click to display the shortcut menu.

Note: It is recommended that you refresh the TekVisa instrument list by rightclicking and selecting "Refresh" on the system tray TekVisa option to display an active list of instruments in the application's Arb List.

Shortcut menu for the instrument

Select an instrument and right-click. The shortcut menu displays three options— Connect, Disconnect, and Properties for GPIB resources. For resources over LAN, the shortcut menu displays four options—Connect, Disconnect, Set IP Addr, and Properties. Click Connect to connect to the instrument, click Disconnect to disconnect the instrument, and click Properties to display the properties of the instrument. The properties displayed are instrument model, bus type (such as GPIB or LAN), connection string (such as GPIB0::09::INSTR— if it is a Visa resource) and connection status (Connected or not connected). Set IP Addr allows you to enter a new IP address for the instrument that is connected over the LAN.

To prevent multiple connections to an instrument, the Connect button is disabled following a successful Connect command. When no instrument is connected, the Disconnect button is disabled.

File and Folder views

The file folder view has two sections. The upper section always shows the PC folder list. This list is shown whether an instrument is connected or not. When an instrument is connected the lower section shows the files and folders on the instrument. If the instrument connected is an AFG300 series instrument, it shows the user memories and edit memories instead of files and folders.

When no instruments are connected, the remote file folder or remote memories are not visible. The instrument control pane is shown only when an instrument is connected, otherwise it is hidden.

Transfer Files to an AWG/AFG

Communication> AWG/AFG File Transfer and Control

You can use ArbExpress to transfer files to and from an arbitrary waveform or function generator connected to the computer. To transfer a file to an AWG or an AFG, follow these steps:

- 1. Select Communication> AWG/AFG File Transfer and Control from the menu.
- 2. Select the AWG or AFG from the Arb list and expand the tree to see the Resource ID used to connect. If no AFGs or AWGs are available, the Arb list view displays—AWG Ethernet, with the IP address used for the last connection. No instrument properties are shown.

- **3.** Select the resource string (for example, GPIB1::01::INSTR) and right-click to display the shortcut menu. Click Connect in the shortcut menu. If you connect to the instrument successfully, the instrument's File and Folder views show the data files of the connected AWG or the edit and user memories of the AFG.
- 4. Expand the Folder tree to view the list of folders and files within. Select a file in the instrument's File view and right-click to display the shortcut menu. Select Copy.
- 5. Select a PC folder, right-click the PC file list, and select Paste. A progress bar shows the percentage of task completed.
- 6. You can transfer the waveform using one of the following methods:
- Directly on a floppy

Wherever a .set file is created for a waveform (.wfm or .pat) file in ArbExpress, it contains the name of the waveform file, the voltage, offset, marker voltage settings, and clock and channel information. You can save the .wfm, .pat, and the .set file to a floppy and transfer it manually to an AWG or an AFG.

 By dragging and dropping the .wfm file from the PC to the instrument or from the instrument to the PC. The application automatically drags and drops the .set file.

Follow these steps to drag and drop a waveform file to the instrument:

- **a.** Select Communication> AWG/AFG File Transfer and Instrument Control.
- **b.** Use the shortcut menu or the toolbar to connect to the instrument.
- **c.** Drag and drop the required .wfm/.pat file from PC list view to instrument files view for an AWG. The application automatically transfers the .set file to instrument (not for AWG2000 series).
- **d.** For an AFG, drag and drop the .wfm or .pat file to the Edit memory or User memories.

For the AFG3xx series, you can transfer the waveform files in the following directions — PC to Edit memory, PC to User memory, and Edit memory to User memory.

For the AFG3xxx series, you can transfer the waveform in the following directions — PC to Edit memory, PC to User memory, Edit memory to User memory, and Edit memory to PC.

When you transfer a waveform from the Edit memory to the PC, the file has the name EMEMFile in the destination folder. When you

transfer a waveform from the PC to the Edit memory, the EMEM waveform text box shows the waveform file name. When you drag the EMEM file to User<n>, the User<n> text box shows the file name as EMEMFile.

When you drag a file from the PC Files list and drop it to the destination Edit or User memory, the default destination text "Drag source file and drop here" is replaced with the name of the file transferred. When you close the dialog box or reinvoke it, the default destination text reappears.

- e. In the AWG, load the .wfm or .pat file using the Load/Restore button.
- Directly send the waveform from a Wave book, Standard Waveform dialog, or Equation Editor dialog to the instrument.

Use the "Send to Arb" option to select a channel on the target instrument and send the waveform directly from the wave book, Standard Waveform dialog, or Equation Editor dialog. The application provides an option in the Preference tab–Channel output On after waveform transfer using "Send to Arb"– to turn the target channel on and output the waveform data. The waveform is sent to the target channel and loaded on to it. The corresponding amplitude and offset will also be set on the instrument.

In the AFG3xx and AFG3xxx series, the waveform is sent to the edit memory. A messages "Are you sure you want to overwrite EMEM with this file?" warns you that the instrument's edit memory will be overwritten.

Follow these steps to transfer the waveform directly to the instrument from a Wave book:

- a. Select Communication> AWG/AFG File Transfer and Instrument Control and establish connection between the instrument and the PC. Once the connection is successfully established, you can close the File Transfer dialog. The connection is not lost by closing the file transfer dialog.
- **b.** Create a waveform and from the shortcut menu, click "Send Waveform to Arb" and choose the target channel to which to transfer the waveform.
- **c.** The voltage, offset, and other parameters that are set while creating the waveform, are set on the instrument automatically. After the file is transferred successfully the parameters are set, and if the preference "Channel Output ON after waveform transfer using "Send to Arb"" is selected, the target channel is switched on, and instrument is set in the Run mode. If this preference is not selected, then the target channel is switched off. Note that when you use this mode of file transfer, an associated .set file is not created. The transferred file is loaded in the instrument's internal memory.

- **d.** In an AFG, the transferred file is loaded in the Edit memory, and in an AWG it is loaded on the destination channel.
- e. Repeat step b and step c to transfer a waveform form the Equation Editor or Standard Waveform dialog boxes.

Control an AFG

Communication> AWG/AFG File Transfer and Control

You can use ArbExpress to control an AFG connected to the computer. The AFG3xx series parameters can be controlled from the instrument control pane. To do this, follow these steps:

1. Select an AFG from the instrument list. Even though the PC is physically connected to an AFG, the screen does not show the Instrument Control panel. Select an AFG, and from the shortcut menu select Connect. The instrument control panel appears. All the controls are updated for the selected channel.

Arb List	PC Folders	PC Files	
AWG Ethernet -{ 192.158.97.41 }		File(s)/Folder(s) Name	Size
a AWG420 3- AFG320 └──GPIB0::10::INSTR	C:\ D:\ Caliber Caliber Caliber_SnapShotView2 Transfer Direction You can transfer files from: PC to EMEM PC to USER EMEM to USER	Tutorial T10_1kpts.set T10_1kpts.wfm T10_2kpts.set T10_2kpts.wfm afg500pts.set AFG Memory EMEM VSER1 VSER2 VSER3 Cprag VSER3 Cprag	1 KB 4 KB 1 KB 9 KB 1 KB 2 KR Waveform source file and drop here > source file and drop here > source file and drop here > source file and drop here >
Instrument Control Channel Selector CH1 Output On Function Sine	Vertical Phase 0	Operating Mode Continu Output Frequency 100K EMEM Size 1000	Hz

Figure 4-44: Controlling an AFG

2. Select the channel in the channel selection box to output data. The number of channels shown depends upon the number of channels of the instrument that is connected. You can select only one channel at a time. Channel 1 is the default channel.

The Vertical parameters— Phase, Amplitude, and Offset values are loaded from the file. The Function field displays the waveform type that is loaded.

You can set the Function parameter in the list by selecting the function form the function list. Click Apply to reflect the new selection.

- **3.** Set the Operating Mode, Output Frequency in Hertz, and EMEM size in bytes, or use the default settings for the instrument. The operating modes available for the AFG3xxxx series are: Continuous, Sweep, Burst 1-cycle, Burst N-cycle, Burst Gated, Burst Inf cycle, Modulation AM, Modulation FM, Modulation PM, and Modulation FSK. The operating mode depends on the function that you have selected. The operating modes available for AFG3xxx series are: Continuous, Trigger, and Burst.
- **4.** Select the Output On check box to generate the waveform output for the channel selected. Clear the check box to stop generating the output.
- 5. You can change the Phase, Amplitude, and Offset values and click Apply to reflect the new values in the output waveform.

Note: Run/Stop is disabled for all AFGs.

Control an AWG

Communication> AWG/AFG File Transfer and Control

You can use ArbExpress to control any AWG parameters that are displayed in the Instrument Control pane. To do this, follow these steps:

1. Connect an AWG from the Arb list. All the controls are updated for the selected channel.

rb List	PC Folders	PC Files			
AWG Ethernet -(192.158.97.41) AWG420 GPIB0::10::INSTR	Crown backup Crown backup Device DeviceSpecific Compliance	*	File(s)/Folder(s) Name Tutorial 710_1kpts.set 710_1kpts.wfm	Size 1 KB 4 KB	
	Instrument Folders		Instrument Files		
Instrument Control	DISK MAIN 	×	File(s)/Folder(s) Name test2.wfm test610 tm2.set tmds1.WFM tri.wfm	Size 441 KB 1 KB 1 KB 2 KB 4 KB	
Load file to AWG Double-click or drag a file her	я. Г			Load	
Channel Selector CH1 CH1 Cutput On Clock S/s	Vertical Filter Through Amplitude 2.000 Offset 0.000	н	arkers Marker 1 gh 1.15 V ww 0.60 V		∃v ∃v

Figure 4-45: Controlling an AWG

- 2. Select the channel in the channel selection group box. The number of channels shown depends upon the number of channels of the instrument that is connected. You can select only one channel at a time. Channel 1 is the default channel.
- **3.** Select the Output On check box to enable the selected channel. In case of AWG2xxx, the selected channel is enabled and the waveform is output.

Note: It is recommended that you load a file in this channel and then enable or disable the channel.

4. Drag and drop a .wfm or .pat file from the instrument files list to the File Name field or type the file name and click Load. The Vertical parameters—Filter, Amplitude, Offset, and Clock values are updated.

If you click once on a file in the Instrument Files view, the name of the selected file appears in the "Load File to AWG" text box. If you click twice (double click) on the file in the Instrument Files view, the name of the

selected file appears in the "Load File to AWG" text box and is also loaded in the instrument.

- **5.** Change the Clock frequency to set the output frequency for the selected channel.
- 6. Set the High and Low values for Marker1 and Marker2. When no file is loaded, these fields display the values for the selected channel.
- 7. Click the Run/ Stop button to generate or stop the waveform output for the selected channel.

Note: It is recommended that you load a file on the selected channel and then click Run/Stop.

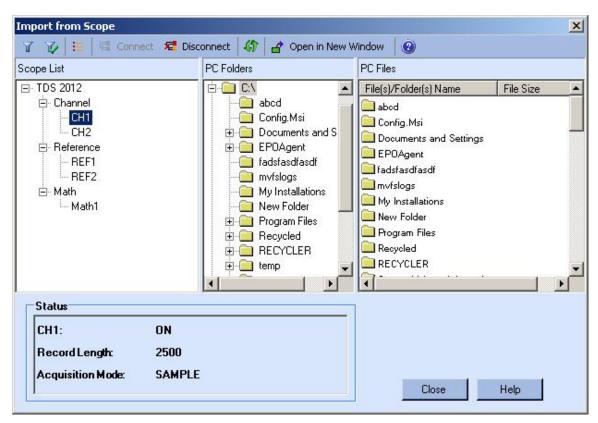
8. You can change the Filter, Amplitude, and Offset values and click Apply to reflect the new values in the output waveform.

Import from Oscilloscope

Communication> Import from Scope

You can use ArbExpress to acquire data from an oscilloscope connected to the computer. To do this, follow these steps:

- **1.** Select Communication> Import from Scope from the menu.
- **2.** Select the oscilloscope from the instrument list and right-click. From the shortcut menu, select Connect.
- **3.** Expand the oscilloscope tree to view the channels. Select a channel and right-click to set or change the parameters.
- 4. Select Import from Scope from the shortcut menu.
- 5. Move to the computer's file folder view and select a folder. Right-click and select Paste. A progress bar shows the percentage of task completed. ArbExpress automatically assigns file names in the form <Model Name>_<Channel Number>.wfm. For example, if you have acquired the waveform from Ref3 of a Tektronix TDS2024 Oscilloscope, the file name would be TDS 2024_Ref3.wfm.

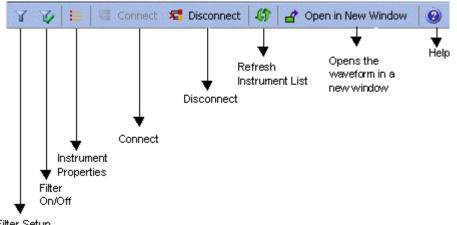


The screen shows a toolbar and the panes-Scope List, PC Folders, PC Files, and Status.

Figure 4-46: Importing a waveform from an oscilloscope

Toolbar

The toolbar contains the following buttons:



Filter Setup

Figure 4-47: Import from oscilloscope toolbar

Option	Description
Filter Setup	Selects types of files available
Filter On/Off	Enables or disables filters
Instrument Properties	Displays properties of the selected oscilloscope
Connect	Connects to a selected oscilloscope
Disconnect	Disconnects a selected oscilloscope if it is connected
Refresh Instrument List	Rereads the instrument file list and updates the instrument view
Open in New Window	Acquires data from selected channel and displays it in a new window
Help	Displays the help for the dialog box

Table 4-17: Import from Scope toolbar options and their descriptions

Instrument list

The instrument list shows a list of Tektronix oscilloscope models that are supported by ArbExpress. ArbExpress supports TDS1000, TPS2000, TDS2000, TDS3000, TDS5000, TDS6000, and TDS7000 series oscilloscopes. When the oscilloscopes are not connected, the channels are not visible. Before you acquire data, you must connect to the oscilloscope. You can do this either by selecting one of the listed oscilloscope models and clicking the Connect button in the toolbar or by bringing up the shortcut menu by right clicking on an oscilloscope in the instrument view. When you connect successfully to the selected oscilloscope, you will see the available Channels, Math, and Ref channels.

Assigning friendly names to listed oscilloscopes: You can associate a "Friendly name" with the oscilloscope you want to connect to. You can do this by giving the VISA resource string associated with the Oscilloscope an alias in the TekVisa Resource Manager dialog box. The Alias will appear in the instrument list within brackets as shown in the following figure.

TDS5052B [my5KB]	
TDS 3054 [3k On Lan]	
TDS5104	
TDS7154B	
- TDS5104B	
- TDS7404B	
TDS7704B	
TDS5104	

Figure 4-48: Example of friendly names for listed instruments

Shortcut menu for the oscilloscope

Select an oscilloscope and right-click. The shortcut menu displays three options—Connect, Disconnect, and Properties. Click Connect to connect to the oscilloscope and click Disconnect to disconnect the oscilloscope. Click Properties to show the Instrument Model, Connection Status, Interface String, and Bus Type.

Shortcut menu for each channel

Select an oscilloscope channel and right-click. The shortcut menu is displayed showing the channel parameters that you can set. This shortcut menu is available only when the oscilloscope is connected.

Table 4-18: Import from Scope shortcut menu options and their descriptions

Option	Description
Run Mode	Displays the second level of menu with item— Continuous, and Single Sequence. Continuous acquisition puts the oscilloscope in the Run mode. Single Sequence acquisition stops the acquisition as soon as the oscilloscope acquires one full waveform.
Acquisition Mode	Displays a submenu with the acquisition modes that ArbExpress supports. The mode currently selected is checked. To change the mode, select it from the drop-down list.
Record Length	Displays the available record lengths for the connected instrument. A check mark shows the currently selected record length. If you are connected to a model other than the TDS1000, TPS2000, or TDS2000 series, you can change the record length to any other value in the list.
Acquire	Copies the waveform into ArbExpress application buffer.

File folder view

The File folder view displays the directory tree of the computer's hard disk drive. You can navigate the files as you do with Windows Explorer. Right-click the file list to see a shortcut menu with the Paste command. You can copy a waveform from a Channel, Ref or Math, and paste it in the current folder. You can also select a Channel, Ref or Math from the Instrument List view and drop it into the selected folder to acquire the waveform.

Channel status

Channel status is a list of read-only data, displayed below the PC file folder view. This shows the details of the currently selected channel.

Note: An entry – Math Equation – appears only for Math channels. This entry displays the equation used for creating the math waveform.

When no oscilloscopes are connected, this list contains no data.

Send Waveform to Arb

Communication> Send Waveform to Arb

Select this option to send the waveform to an AWG/AFG. If no instrument is connected, a message appears – No Arb is connected. Do you want to connect now? If you are connected to an AWG/AFG, then the waveform is transferred to the instrument. A progress bar displays the status of the operation. You can use the "Send to Arb" option to select a channel on the target instrument and send the waveform directly from the Wave book, Standard Waveform dialog, or Equation Editor dialog. Once connected, all the channels available on that instrument are displayed in the toolbar and menu.

The application provides an option in the Preference tab–Channel output On after waveform transfer using "Send to Arb"– to turn the target channel on and output the waveform data. The waveform is sent to the target channel and loaded on to it. The corresponding amplitude and offset will also be set on the instrument.

In the AFG3xx and AFG3xxx series, the waveform is sent to the edit memory. A message "Are you sure you want to overwrite EMEM with this file?" warns you that the instrument's edit memory will be overwritten.

Follow these steps to transfer the waveform directly to the instrument from a Wave book:

- 1. Select Communication> AWG/AFG File Transfer and Instrument Control and establish connection between the instrument and PC. Once the connection is successfully established, you can close the File Transfer dialog. The connection is not lost by closing the file transfer dialog.
- **2.** Create a waveform. In the shortcut menu, click "Send Waveform to Arb" and choose the target channel to which to transfer the waveform.
- **3.** The voltage, offset, and other parameters that are set while creating the waveform are set on the instrument automatically. After the file is transferred successfully the parameters are set, and if the preference "Channel Output ON after waveform transfer using "Send to Arb"" is selected, the target channel is switched on, and instrument is set in the Run mode. If this preference is not selected, then the target channel is switched off. Note that when you use this mode of file transfer, an associated .set file is not created. The transferred file is loaded in the instrument's internal memory.

In an AFG, the transferred file is loaded in the Edit memory, and in an AWG it is loaded on the destination channel.

4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 to transfer a waveform from the Equation Editor or Standard Waveform dialog boxes.

Scope Acquisition Wizard

Communication> Scope Acquisition Wizard

The wizard guides you through a series of steps to acquire data from a connected oscilloscope.

1. Select Communication> Scope Acquisition Wizard from the application main menu. The wizard starts with a Welcome screen.

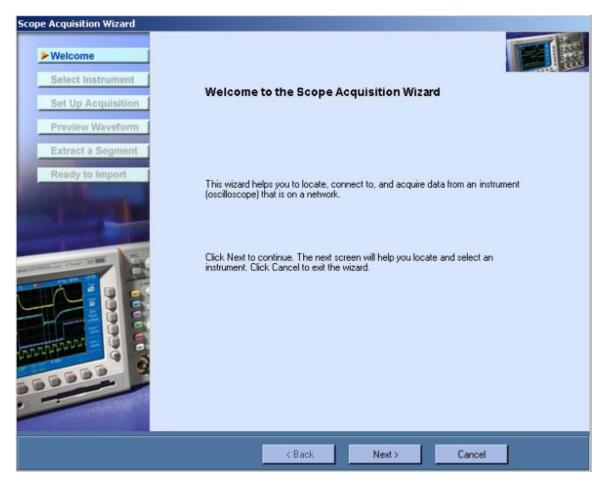


Figure 4-49: Welcome screen of the Scope Acquisition Wizard

2. Click Next. The wizard displays the next screen, searches and displays a list of instruments that are connected to your PC. If no instruments are found, the message No instruments found appears. Connect an instrument and click the Refresh button in the Wizard.

Welcome	1	Select an Instrument The wizard needs to know which oscilloscope needs to be connected.		
Select Instrument Set Up Acquisition	Select the instru	ument you want t	o use:	
Preview Waveform	Instrument	Bus	VISA Descriptor	
Extract a Segment Ready to Import	TDS5054B TDS6604 TDS5104B TDS5054B	Ethernet Ethernet Ethernet	TCPIP::192.158.96.121::INSTR TCPIP::192.158.96.136::INSTR TCPIP::192.158.96.212::INSTR TCPIP::192.158.96.213::INSTR TCPIP::192.158.96.213::INSTR	Refresh
THE REAL PROPERTY				
NO	Selected instrum Maximum record		6400000	
	0.540.000.0000	length:	6400000 4	
	Maximum record	length:		
	Maximum record Available chann Bandwidth:	length:	4 2.5 GHz	

Figure 4-50: Selecting an instrument using the Scope Acquisition Wizard

3. Select an instrument to see its details. The first instrument in the list is selected by default. To refresh the instrument list, click Refresh.

Welcome	Set Up Acquis Specify de		ected oscilloscope	- TD\$51048
Select Instrument Set Up Acquisition Preview Waveform	Data Source -	Math	Reference	Record length
Extract a Segment Ready to Import	C CH1 C CH2 C CH3 C CH4 Note: Click Next t and select anothe			Acquisition Mode SAMPLE Note: Sample mode - Retains one sample point per sample interval. Useful for providing uniformly sampled data for signal processing. Also provides highest accuracy for timing measurements. This acquisition mode is prone to aliasing. Back to disconnect the selected instrument
	Target File Path	x D:\Shared	NTDS5104B_CH1.w	fm Browse

Figure 4-51: Setting up an acquisition using the Scope Acquisition Wizard

Click Next to connect to the selected instrument and display the Set Up Acquisition screen. Depending on the selected oscilloscope, the channel, math, and ref details are displayed. Select the channel, math, or ref from which to acquire data. If no math and ref are available for the selected instrument, the following text appears:

No math channels were found.

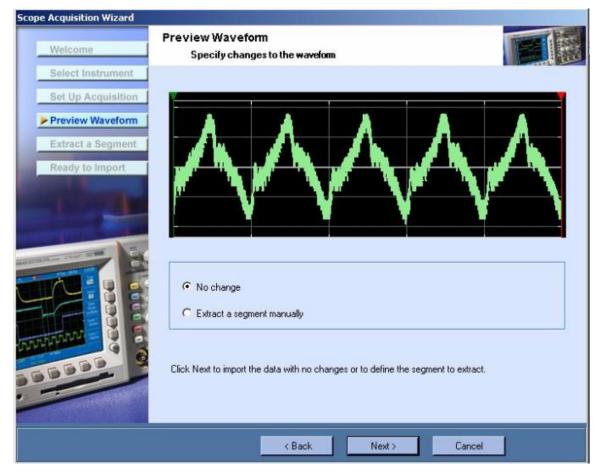
No reference channels were found.

In the Select Instrument screen, the following happens:

- If the instrument is already connected through the Import from Scope menu, then the connected instrument is selected in the list.
- Selecting another instrument disconnects the connected instrument.
- Scanning for instruments does not happen if it has already happened through the Import from Scope menu. The scanned instruments are displayed in the instrument list.

- **4.** Select the Record Length from the drop-down list. Choose from the list of record lengths supported by the instrument connected.
- 5. Select the Acquisition Mode form the drop-down list. Choose from Sample, PeakDetect, Average, Hires, and Envelope.

Browse for the target directory to save the data in a .wfm format. The target directory defaults to the directory that you last selected. The default path and file name are – C:\AcquiredFiles\<Oscilloscope_channel>.wfm. Scope Acquisition Wizard. If you have an file with the same file name as that specified in the path, the warning message appears - A file already exists with this name in this folder. Do you want to overwrite?. Click Yes to overwrite the file, and No to specify another file name.



6. Click Next to display the Preview Waveform screen.

Figure 4-52: Previewing the waveform using the Scope Acquisition Wizard

You can do one of the following:

• No changes: Make no changes to the waveform before importing.

Scope Acquisition Wizard					
Welcome	Ready to Impo	ort Waveform			
Select Instrument					
Set Up Acquisition					
Preview Waveform	- A.	.	- A	A	A
Extract a Segment					
Ready to Import		V	V	V	V V
COLUMN STREET					
	Rotate Wavefo	5	50	Right	Rotate
				C Left	
assessment over some til	Note: The num preview the wa	hber of points you spe aveform for any discor	cify is rotated to the ntinuities.	e left or right of the w	vaveform segment to
		veform in new windov	v		
	File Details				
WITH HARD	File Path:	D:\Shared\TDS	S5104B_CH1.wfm		
	File Size:	250034 Bytes			
	N. CLEN	h to finish and exit the			
	Note: Click Finish	n to finish and exit the	wizard.		
			1		
		< Back	Finish	Can	cel

- Extract a segment manually: Extract a part of the waveform by defining the cursor positions. The wizard opens another screen.
- 7. Click Next to import or extract a sample of the waveform.

Figure 4-53: Importing a waveform using the Scope Acquisition Wizard

To import a waveform, do the following:

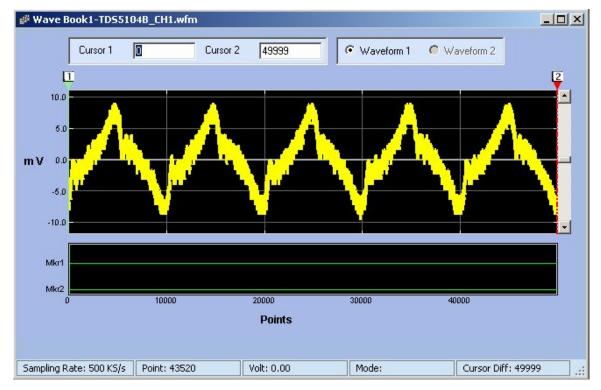
- **a.** Enter the number of points.
- **b.** Select whether to rotate left or right. This would help to locate any disconnect towards the end of the waveform. The waveform will be rotated only in this view.
- c. Select whether to open the waveform in a new window.
- **d.** Click Finish to import the waveform.

e Acquisition Wizard	Extract a Segment of the	Waveform	in the second se
Welcome	Select a portion of the wa		
Select Instrument			
Set Up Acquisition			
Preview Waveform		A	Λ
Ready to Import			
	V V	* *	
	Enter Cursor1 position:	0	
	Enter Cursor2 position:	49999	
	Select target instrument:	AWG710	Validate
TATALAN CO	Note: Click Validate to check if (AWG/AFG).	the waveform can be loaded on t	he target instrument
	Note: Click Next to specify rotation	parameters and import the wave	orm.
Contraction of the local distance			

Figure 4-54: Extracting a segment of the waveform using the Scope Acquisition Wizard

To extract a segment of the waveform, do the following:

- a. Enter the position of Cursor1.
- b. Enter the position of Cursor2.
- c. Select the target instrument and click Validate to validate the waveform against the instrument. The application presents a dialog that indicates whether the currently selected instrument can accommodate the waveform. If the waveform is not valid for the selected instrument, text in the dialog indicates the waveform is not valid and provides details about the selected instrument's capability.
- d. Click Next. The Ready to Import Waveform screen appears. Follow the steps as in importing a waveform with no change.
- e. Click Finish to import the waveform.



8. The waveform acquired is opened in a new window or will be stored in the path shown.

Figure 4-55: Acquiring a waveform using the Scope Acquisition Wizard

Normalize

Math> Normalize

You can normalize a waveform such that all points on it lie between +1 and -1.

- **1.** Select the waveform to Normalize.
- **2.** Select Math> Normalize.

The resulting waveform is as shown.

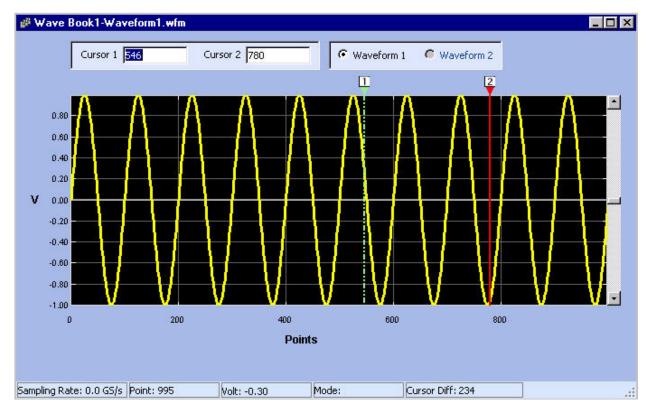


Figure 4-56: Example of a normalized waveform

Use MATLAB Support

Creating Waveforms using MATLAB

This section describes how to use MATLAB software to connect to Tektronix AWGs. To use the MATLAB support, you must:

- Ensure that you have installed MATLAB version 6, release 12. The function supplied might work with lower release numbers but they are tested on MATLAB release 12.
- Ensure that you have installed TekVisa version 2.03 build 97.
- Ensure that the system path includes the path where ArbEther.dll is installed. By default, this DLL is copied to the directory where ArbExpress is installed. You need this DLL if you connect to AWGs over Ethernet.

This ArbExpress MATLAB utility is installed, by default, in the path— ArbExpress\Tools\Matlab. The directory contains a ".p" file for each command and a corresponding ".m" file that has the documentation for the command. A sample MATLAB Script, "Sample.m" is provided to show how to use the commands in a MATLAB Environment.

The MATLAB script is stored in a .m file that is created using MATLAB's builtin editor. When you compile a .m file, you get a .p file.

The following files must be present in the directory before you start using the commands documented here:

Commands

NewSession.p CloseSession.p query.p Read.p Write.p LoadWfm.p TransferWfm.p **Sample script file:**

Sample seript in

sample.m

DLL file with gateway routine

matarb.dll

Transferring Files from MATLAB

To transfer files from MATLAB, follow these steps.

- **1.** Start MATLAB.
- 2. Go to the directory where you have stored the MATLAB library files that are supplied with ArbExpress (C:\ProgramFiles\Tektronix\ArbExpress\Tools\Matlab)

A MATLAB	
Elle Edit View Web Window Help	
🗋 😂 🐰 📴 💼 🕫 🕫 🎁 👔 🥐 Current Directory: C:VProgram Files\Tektronix\ArbExpress\Tools\Matlab	

Figure 4-57: Path for MATLAB files

3. Open a session on an AWG connected either through LAN, GPIB or USB to your PC.

Connecting through GPIB:

[SessionID, StatusMsg] = NewSession, 'GPIB0::9::INSTR', 'GPIB')

This command works only if the GPIB resource string is found by TekVisa Resource Manager. For more information, refer to the TekVisa Resource Manager documentation for help on adding new instruments to the PC.

Connecting through GPIB:

You can connect to the AWG using the NewSession command as follows for an instrument connected through LAN. Since TekVisa does not support connection over raw sockets, TekVisa does not list the resource name.

Connecting to an AFG3000 series instrument using Visa:

[SessionID, StatusMsg] = NewSession, ('TCPIP::10.20.30.40::INSTR', 'LAN')

Connecting to AFG300, AWG2000, AWG400/500/600/700 series not using Visa (support through raw sockets):

```
[SessionID, StatusMsg] = NewSession,
('10.20.30.40', 'TCPIP')
```

Connecting through USB:

You can connect to the AWG using the NewSession command as follows for an instrument connected through USB.

[SessionID, StatusMsg] = NewSession, ('USB0::0x0699::0x0343::JU010107::INSTR', 'USB')

If the command is executed successfully, the session ID is available in the SessionID variable and the StatusMsg is a null string. If the command is not successful, the SessionID contains an error code with the StatusMsg containing the text describing the failure.

4. Create a Waveform using MATLAB's mathematical functions such as Sin, Exp, and others.

The following script for example, creates a sine waveform having a thousand points and stores it in a variable called Data.

Frequency = 1e2; Period = 1/Frequency; Pts = [1:1000] * Period; Data = sin(Pts);

5. Use this variable to transfer the Sine wave created to the AWG as shown:

```
[Status,StatusMsg] = SendWfm(SessionID, Data,
'example.wfm', 1000)
```

where the SessionID is the session you have opened earlier, Sample.wfm is the name of the waveform file, and 1000 is the number of points in the waveform.

If the file transfer is successful, you should see the waveform file with the selected name in the current directory of AWG.

Note: Current directory refers to the directory path returned by MMEM:CDIR command – not the directory as seen on the instrument display.

6. Close the session using the CloseSession command as shown:

```
CloseSession(<SessionID>)
```

where SessionID is the session you created.

Controlling the Instrument

You can control the instrument from the MATLAB environment. To do this, follow these steps:

- 1. Open a session using NewSession command.
- **2.** Once connected, use the Write command to send any command that is supported to the connected AWG.
- 3. Use the Query command to query the instrument's parameters.

For example, the following command shows how to load a file and output it from channel 1 of the AWG.

```
[Status, StausMsg] = LoadWfm(SessionID,
'example.Wfm', 1)
```

This attempts to load the file "example.Wfm" from the current directory path and output it from Channel 1 of the AWG. This command fails if the file is of a wrong format or not found in the current directory. You may not see any output if the channel number chosen is not supported by the connected instrument.

Note: Current directory here refers to the directory path returned by MMEM: CDIR command – not the directory as seen on the instrument display.

Example program:

%A very preliminary sample code to show how to use %MATLAB functions to talk to an AWG from MATLAB

%Please compile this using 'PCODE <filename>' before %running it.

%This script only with Visa resource strings. Turn off %echo

echo off

%Open a session. If you are connecting over LAN to an %AWG the first parameter to NewSession would be the IP %address and the second parameter would be the string %'tcpip'

s=NewSession('gpib0::9::instr','gpib');

%IDN query outputs two values: Status of the query, %and the Response from the instrument.

[status,idn]=query(s, '*idn?');

%Writes a single command to the connected AWG. The %status will be Zero if write is successful

status=Write(s,'Output1:State One');

%Following script creates a sine waveform with %1000 points

Frequency = 1e2; Period = 1/Frequency; Pts = [1:1000] * Period; Data = sin(Pts);

%Following command transfers the waveform in %'Data' variable to the current %directory of %AWG.

TransferWfm(s, `example.wfm', Data, 1000)

%Closes the connection

CloseSession(s);

Commands

ArbExpress implements the following commands for communication with Tektronix AWGs:

There are two commands for session management—NewSession and CloseSession, and five commands for instrument control and data transfer– Read, Write, LoadWfm, TransferWfm, and Query.

NewSession Command

Description

This command opens a communication session with a Tektronix AWG connected to the PC using GPIB or LAN cable.

Syntax

[nSessionID, strErrMsg] = NewSession(strResourceID, strBusType)

Parameters

strResourceID—A MATLAB string containing the resource name in the standard Visa format.

strBusType—Communication bus used for connection. Supported values are "GPIB" and "TCPIP".

Return values

nSessionID—A numeric variable that holds the session ID to be used in subsequent communication with the instrument.

strErrMsg—Contains the error description if you fail to connect to the instrument. When the connection is successful it contains a null string.

Note: Before trying to connect to the instrument, make sure that the instrument is accessible by TekVisa Resource manager. Refer to the documentation of TekVisa's VisaRM for help on how to configure VisaRM to detect the instrument.

Example

```
[SessionID, StatusMsg] = NewSession,
('GPIB0::9::INSTR', 'GPIB')
[SessionID, StatusMsg] = NewSession,
('TCPIP::10.20.30.40::INSTR', 'TCPIP')
[SessionID, StatusMsg] = NewSession,
('USB0::0x0699::0x0343::JU010107::INSTR', 'USB')
```

CloseSession Command

Description

This command closes the connection with instrument.

Syntax

CloseSession(nSessionID)

Parameters

nSessionID—A Numeric value of the session obtained when NewSession command was called.

Return values

None.

Note: You must have an active connection with an instrument before calling *CloseSession.*

Example

CloseSession(<SessionID>)

Write Command

Description

This command sends a SCPI command to the connected instrument.

Syntax

[nStatus, strErrMsg] = Write (nSessionID, strCmd)

Parameters

nSessionID—Session ID obtained by NewSession command.

strCmd—SCPI command string

Return values

nStatus—Zero if successful, error code if the operation failed.

Example

[nStatus, strErrMsg] = Write (nSessionID, `*IDN?')

Read Command

Description

This command reads responses from instruments. Response to the query sent in a previous call to Write command or error message if the query failed.

Syntax

[nStatus, strResponse] = Read(nSessionID)

Parameters

nSessionID-Session ID obtained from NewSession command

Return values

nStatus—Zero if successful, error code if the operation failed.

strResponse—Response to the query sent in strQuery parameter or error message if the query failed.

Note: Read will return a proper response only when it is called immediately after a Write operation that wrote one of the SCPI query commands.

Example

Read(nSessionID)

LoadWfm Command

Description

This command loads a waveform into the connected AWG's internal memory and outputs it from the selected channel.

Syntax

[nStatus, strErrMsg] = LoadWfm(nSessionID, strWfmName, nCh)

Parameters

nSessionID—Session ID obtained by calling NewSession command

strWfmName—Name of the Waveform file with or without the extension.

nCh—Channel number.

Return value

The command always returns Zero as the return value.

Note: The waveform file you are trying to load must be in the current directory. If the file is in any other directory, you should change the path to the directory where the desired file is located by using MMEM:CDIR command. When the load command is sent, the instrument takes some time to load the file especially if they are big files. Since the call is synchronous, the program will not return until the load operation is completed on the instrument.

Also note that if the waveform file is corrupt or in the wrong format, the instrument will not load it.

Example

[Status, StausMsg] = LoadWfm(SessionID, 'example.Wfm', 1)

TransferWfm Command

Description

This command transfers a waveform from the MATLAB environment to the connected instrument's mass memory.

Syntax

TransferWfm[nSessionID, strWfmName,double dDataPoints[], nSize)

Parameters

nSessionID-Session ID obtained from NewSession command

strWfmName-The name of the waveform file to be created in the instrument

dDataPoints-One-dimensional array of doubles containing data points

nSize—Number of data points in the file.

Return values

None.

Note: Use this function to transfer an array of data values into an AWG and store it in the form of a waveform file. Be cautious while using this function because if you choose a file name that already exists in the current directory of the Instrument, it will be overwritten without warning.

Also note that this is only a transfer command and the transferred file is not loaded into the internal memory of the instrument.

Example

TransferWfm(SessionID, 'example.wfm', Data, 1000)

Query Command

Description

This command sends a query and returns the response from the instrument.

Syntax

[nStatus, strResponse] = Query(nSessionID, strQuery)

Parameters

nSessionID— Session ID obtained from NewSession Command

strQuery—Standard SCPI query

Return values

nStatus-Zero if successful, error code otherwise

strResponse—Response to the query sent in strQuery parameter or error message if the query failed.

Note: This is a combination of Write and Read commands. The return value always returns the result of the read operation.

Example

```
[nStatus, strResponse] = Query(nSessionID, `*IDN?')
```

How to ...

Error Messages and Warnings I

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
Main Ap	plication		•
1001	ArbExpress instance already running	The application displays this message if you try to run ArbExpress when an instance is already open.	Close ArbExpress and try again.
1002	A file with this name already exists in this folder. Do you want to overwrite?	A file with the same name is found in the currently selected folder.	Rename the file in the selected folder or select a different folder.
1003	This edit operation would flush the draw points and you might loose the current draw points. Do you want to proceed?	This message appears when user tries to do any edit operations in point draw mode.	Please choose "Yes" or "No". Choosing "Yes" would continue with edit operation but all the draw points will be flushed. Choosing "No" would abort the edit operation.
1004	Total number of points in the waveform is less than minimum points required by the instrument	This error message appears when the user tries to transfer the waveform (or when user validates the waveform manually) to a connected/selected instrument and the total points is less than the minimum points supported by the instrument.	Change the total points such that it meets the minimum points required by the instrument. For minimum points required by the instrument, refer to the Instrument Specifications.
1005	Total number of points exceeds maximum memory supported by the instrument	This error message appears when the user tries to transfer the waveform (or when user validates the waveform manually) to a connected/selected instrument and the total points exceeds the maximum memory limit of the instrument.	Change the total points such that it does not exceed the maximum memory limit of the instrument. For maximum memory limit of the instrument, refer to the Instrument Specifications.
1006	Total number of points is not a multiple of point step supported by the instrument	This error message appears when the user tries to transfer the waveform (or when user validates the waveform manually) to a connected/selected to instrument and the total points is not a multiple of the point step.	The total points should be a multiple of point step supported by the instrument. For step size of the selected instrument, refer to the Instrument Specifications.
1007	This waveform can be loaded successfully into the instrument selected	This error message appears when user validates the waveform for the selected instrument and the waveform can successfully generated in the selected instrument.	This message indicates the waveform conforms to the specification of the selected instrument.

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
File Han	Idling		
7001	Invalid file or no data points available	The file you tried to open is either corrupt or the file does not have enough data points to create a waveform.	Ensure that you are opening a valid file. If you need help to open your file or want to verify your file send the file to techsupport@tektronix.com with the description and format of the file.
7002	Error in file format	The file you opened is of the wrong format.	Ensure that the file format is one of the following—wfm, .pat, TekScope .wfm csv, .txt.
7003	Do you want to Save changes to the file <filename>?</filename>	This message appears when you try to close the waveform or application without saving.	Select Yes to save the file or No to close without saving.
7004	Unexpected file format	This error message appears when the file is not supported by ArbExpress or if it is a corrupted file.	Make sure it is not corrupted file format and it is supported by ArbExpress. If the file is not corrupt and is valid, please contact customer support for more clarification.
Multiple	Waveforms		
6001	Only two waveforms can be opened or created in a Wave Book	A maximum of two waveforms can be opened in a Wave Book. You have tried to open or create more than two waveforms in a Wave Book.	Open or create the waveform in another Wave Book or a new window.
6002	You can open only files with "####" points in this Wave Book. To open the file <filename> in a new window, set Multi-Waveform Properties to New Window and select File> New or Open. You can also use the Open or New icon from the toolbar</filename>	Only waveforms with files of the same number of points in size can be opened or created in the same window.	 You can: Select a new window by setting the Multi-Waveform Properties to New Window. Select a waveform with the same number of points as the existing waveform in the Wave Book.
6003	You can create only waveforms with #### points in this Wave Book To create a waveform in a new window, set Multi-waveform properties to New window and select File> New	Only waveforms with files of the same number of points in size can be opened or created in the same window.	 You can: Select a new window by setting the Multi-Waveform Properties to New Window. Select a waveform with the same number of points as the existing waveform in the Wave Book.

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
Standar	d Waveform		
1201	Enter a value	This message appears when no value has been entered in a field.	Enter a valid value in the field for the instrument selected. For more details refer to the instrument specification.
1202	Invalid value	This message appears if you have entered an invalid value in the editable fields.	Enter a value with within the range. The value must not cross the selected instruments specification. For more details, refer to the Instrument Specifications.
1203	Invalid amplitude. Voltage range supported is xx–xx	The value entered is not within the instrument's range.	Enter a value that lies within the amplitude range supported by the instrument. For more details, refer to the Instrument Specifications.
1204	Invalid Offset, Range +x.x to -x.x	This message appears when offset crosses the range supported by the instrument.	Enter a value that lies within the range.
1205	Instrument cannot generate this frequency	This message appears when the instrument cannot generate the frequency entered because the points per cycles is less than 2 for sine and triangle and less than 10 for square and pulse.	Enter the frequency such that there are at least 2 points per cycle for Sine and Triangle and at least 10 points per cycle for Square and Pulse.
1206	Invalid Sampling Rate Range supported by the instrument is xx - xx	This message appears if the sampling rate exceeds range supported by the instrument.	Enter a value that lies within the range of the selected instrument. Refer to the instrument specifications for the range supported.
1207	Start frequency greater than end frequency	This message appears when the start frequency entered for sweep and multi-tone waveforms is greater than the end frequency.	Start frequency entered should be less than the end frequency.
1208	Points per Cycle*Cycle, exceeds the Maximum memory limit of the instrument	This message appears for sine, triangle, pulse, and square waves when Points per Cycle multiplied by Cycles exceeds the maximum memory limit of the instrument.	Enter values for points per cycle and cycle such it does not exceed the maximum memory limit of the instrument. For more details, refer to the instrument specifications.
1209	Invalid cycles, points per cycle less than 2.	This message appears if number of points per cycle for the sine and triangle waveforms is less than 2.	Increase the number of points per cycle. For sine and triangle waves, the points per cycle should be greater than two to generate a good waveform.
1210	The number of points per cycle is less than 10, change the points per cycle	This message appears if number of points per cycle for the square and pulse waves is less than 10.	Increase the number of points per cycle. For square and pulse waves, the points per cycle should be greater than two to generate a good waveform.
1211	Points per cycle = Total Points/Cycle Number of points per cycle less than 10. Change cycles or total points	This message appears when points per cycle is less than 10 for exponential rise, exponential decay, and Sinc waveforms.	Change the cycle or total points such that points per cycle is greater than 10.

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
1212	Points per cycle = TotalPoints/Cycles. Number of points per cycle less than 10. Change cycles or total points (Sampling Rate * Delay)	This message appears when points per cycle is less than 10 for Lorentz waveform.	Increase the points per cycle change cycle or total points (Total points = Delay * Sampling Rate). Change the total points by changing sampling rate or delay.
1213	The value exceeds the total number of points	This message appears when the value entered for Rise Time or Fall Time for Square or Pulse waveform exceeds the total number of points.	The maximum value that can be entered for Rise Time or Fall Time should be less the than total number of points. Rise Time plus Fall Time should not cross the Total number of points.
1214	Rise Time + Fall Time of the waveform should be less than the total number of points	This message appears when Rise Time + Fall Time exceeds the total number of points.	Enter values for Rise Time and Fall Time, such that Rise Time plus Fall Time do not cross the total number of points.
1215	Number of zero crossings greater than the total number of points	This message appears when the number of zero crossings entered for Sinc exceeds the total number of points.	Enter number of zero crossings that lies within the total number of points.
1216	Total Points = Duration * Sampling Rate. Total points exceeds the maximum memory limit of the instrument	This message appears for the Sweep waveform when the total points (Duration *Sampling Rate) exceeds the maximum memory limit of the instrument.	Change the sampling rate or the duration so that the total points is within the instrument specification.
1217	Total Points = Delay * Sampling Rate Total points exceeds the maximum memory limit of the instrument	This message appears for Lorentz waveform when the total points (Delay *Sampling Rate) exceeds the maximum memory limit of the instrument.	Change the sampling rate or Delay so that the total points is within the instrument specification.
1218	Total Points = Sampling Rate /Tone Spacing Total points exceeds the maximum memory limit of the instrument	This message appears for Multi Tone waveform when the total points (Delay * Sampling Rate) exceeds the maximum memory limit of the instrument.	Change the sampling rate or tone spacing so that the total points is within the instrument specification.
1219	Total Points = Duration * Sampling Rate Change duration or sampling rate	This message appears if total points is zero for sweep.	Change the duration or sampling rate so that total points is greater than zero.
1220	Total Points = Delay * Sampling Rate Change delay or sampling rate	This message appears if total points is zero for the Lorentz waveform.	Change the Delay or sampling rate so that total points is greater than zero.
1221	Total Points = Sampling Rate/Tone Spacing Change sampling rate or tone spacing	This message appears if total points is zero for multi-tone waveform.	Change the Tone Spacing or sampling rate such that total points is greater than zero.
1222	Total number of points exceeds the maximum memory limit of the instrument	This message appears when total number of points exceeds the maximum memory limit of the instrument selected.	Enter total number of points such that it does not exceed the memory limit of the instrument selected. For more details refer to the instrument specification.

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
1223	Total Points not a multiple of 4. Change frequency or cycles.	This message appears for the sine, triangle, square, and pulse waveforms (in the basic mode) when total points is not a multiple of four and the instrument selected is AWG710, AWG520, and AWG510.	For the sine, triangle, square, and pulse waveforms, total points = points per cycle * cycles. When total points is not a multiple of four, change the frequency so that points per cycle changes or use the advanced option to change points per cycle directly. You can also change the number of cycles.
1224	Total Points not a multiple of 4.	This message appears when the total number of points is not a multiple of 4 for waveforms other than sine, triangle, square, and pulse waveforms, when the selected instrument is AWG710, AWG710B, AWG615, AWG510, and AWG520.	Ensure that the total points are a multiple of 4.
1225	Total Points not a multiple of 8. Change frequency or cycles.	This message appears for the sine, triangle, square, and pulse waveforms (in the basic mode) when the total points is not a multiple of eight and the instrument is AWG2021.	For the sine, triangle, square, and pulse waveforms, total points = points per cycle * cycles When the total points is not a multiple of eight, change the frequency so that points per cycle changes or use the advanced option to change points per cycle directly. You can also change the number of cycles.
1226	Total Points not a multiple of 8.	This message appears when the total number of points is not a multiple of 8 for waveforms other than sine, triangle, square, and pulse waveforms, when the selected instrument is AWG2021, and AWG610.	Ensure that the total points are a multiple of 8.
1227	Delay + Pulse width +Rise Time + Fall Time should be less than total points	This message appears for pulse if the value given for delay, pulse width, rise time and fall time added together exceeds or is equal to the total points.	Enter values so that with the given parameters when the waveform is generated it is within the total points.
1228	Delay + Pulse Width exceeds total number of points	This message appears for pulse waveform if the sum of delay and pulse width exceeds total points.	Enter Delay and Pulse width so that it does not exceeds total points.
1229	Rise Time + Fall Time + Duty Cycle should be less than total points	This message appears for the square waveform when the sum of rise time, fall time, and duty cycle exceeds or is equal to the total points.	Ensure that the sum of rise time, fall time, and duty cycle does not exceed total points.
1230	Value range 0–360 degree	This message appears when value entered for the phase in not within the range.	For phase, range is between 0–360. Enter a value within this range.
1231	Half Width exceeds Delay	For the Lorentz waveform, Half Width should not exceed delay.	For the Lorentz waveform, enter a value for Hal Width so that it does not exceed the delay.

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
1232	Sampling rate should be at least twice than that of the highest frequency component	This message appears when the end frequency (the highest frequency component) entered for the sweep and multi-tone waveforms is less than the sampling rate.	Enter end frequency so that the sampling rate is at least twice that of the highest frequency component.
1233	Tone Spacing is greater than difference between the frequencies	This message appears for multi- tone if the tone spacing is greater than the difference between the start and end frequency.	Enter value such that tone spacing is within the difference between start and end frequency.
1234	Total Range = Total Points/Sampling Rate. Duration greater than total range	This message appears for the sweep waveform when the duration entered is greater than the total range.	Change duration so that it is within the total range. Total range = Total Points / Sampling rate
1235	End frequency should be greater than start frequency	This message appears if the end frequency is greater than start frequency for the multi-tone and sweep waveforms.	End frequency should be always greater than start frequency.
1236	Value range 1– 99.9	This message appears for the square waveform when the duty cycle is not within the limits.	Enter a value within the range specified.
1237	Cycles exceeds the maximum limit of the instrument	This message appears when the number of cycles exceeds half the maximum memory limit.	There should at least two points per cycle. So the maximum cycles than can be entered is half the maximum memory limit.
1238	Invalid amplitude: change voltage entered	This message appears when you enter an invalid voltage in the Max/Min mode.	Enter a voltage value that lies within the voltage range supported by the instrument.
1239	Total Points = Cycles * Points per cycle .Change cycles or points per cycle	This error message appears for the sine, triangle, square, and pulse waveforms if the total points is zero.	Change points per cycle or cycles to change the total points.
1240	Invalid Frequency. Frequency range supported is x mHz – x MHz	This error message appears for the AFG3xxx series of instruments when the value entered is not within the instrument's range.	Enter a value that lies within the frequency range supported by the instrument. For more details, refer to the Instrument Specifications.
1241	Total number of points: XX. Minimum number of points required is XXX	This error message appears when the total points entered is less than the minimum number of points required by the instrument.	Increase the total points such that it meets the minimum number of points supported by the instrument.
1242	Total Points less than the minimum points required	This message appears when the total points is less than minimum points required and the user selects OK button.	Make sure total points is within the instruments specification .For any instrument selected the Min and Max memory limit is mentioned in the Notes section of the dialog box.
1243	Unable to generate this waveform	This message appears when the parameters given to generate the waveform is not valid and the user has selected OK button.	The parameters given to generate the waveform should be within the selected the instrument specification.

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
1244	Total Points not a multiple of 4. Change either the frequency, sampling rate points per cycle, or cycles.	This message appears for the sine, triangle, square, and pulse waveforms (in the advanced mode) when total points is not a multiple of four and the instrument selected is AWG710, AWG520, and AWG510.	For the sine, triangle, square, and pulse waveforms, total points = points per cycle * cycles. When total points is not a multiple of four, change the frequency so that points per cycle changes or change points per cycle and sampling rate directly. You can also change the number of cycles.
1245	Total Points not a multiple of 8. Change either the frequency, sampling rate points per cycle, or cycles.	This message appears for the sine, triangle, square, and pulse waveforms in advanced mode when total points is not a multiple of eight and the instrument selected is AWG2021.	For the sine, triangle, square, and pulse waveforms, total points = points per cycle * cycles. When total points is not a multiple of eight, change the frequency so that points per cycle changes or change points per cycle, sampling rate directly. You can also change the number of cycles.
1246	Invalid Amplitude Voltage range supported is Vamp ≤ 2(Vmax – Voffset)	This error message appears for the AFG310 and AFG320 when the amplitude entered is not within the range of the instrument.	The amplitude supported by the instrument is Vamp $\leq 2(Vmax - Voffset)$. Where Vmax is the maximum output voltage (Vmax) that the instrument can produce (±5 V) when terminated with 50 ohm. For example, if offset is zero then amplitude is 10 = 2(5–0)
1247	Invalid Offset Range supported is -0.75 V to +0.75 V	This error message appears for the AFG310 and AFG320 when the offset entered is not within the range of the instrument.	The valid range for the offset voltage setting is in the range \pm 0.75 V when the amplitude setting is 500 mVp-p or smaller.
1248	Invalid Offset .Range supported is Voffset ≤ Vmax – Vamp/2	This error message appears for the AFG310 and AFG320 when the offset entered is not within the range of the instrument.	The valid range for the offset voltage setting is restricted according to the following formula when the amplitude setting is 505 mVp-p or larger, for a Vmax value of \pm 5 V. Voffset \leq Vmax - Vamp/2 Example: if amplitude is 10 the offset is 0 = 5-10/2.
1249	Total Points = Delay * Sampling Rate. For given delay total points exceeds maximum memory limit	This error message appears when the value entered for delay multiplied by sampling rate exceeds the maximum memory limit of the instrument	For Lorentz wave, Total points = Delay * sampling rate. The value entered for delay multiplied by sampling rate should not exceed maximum memory limit of the selected instrument.
1250	Connected instrument and selected instrument do not match. Do you want to continue?	This message appears in standard waveform and equation editor when connected instrument and selected instrument do not match.	The connected instrument and the selected instrument should match for a successful transfer. If they differ, a warning message appears. You can select Yes to proceed, however, depending on the connected instrument's memory size and step size, the transfer may fail.

Error Messages and Warnings II

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
Waveforn	n Math		
1301	Cursors 1 and 2 are in the same location	This message appears If both cursors 1 and 2 are at the same point.	Change the cursor locations.
1302	No waveform data in clipboard	This message appears when nothing has been copied to the clipboard.	Copy a waveform, or part of it, to the clipboard.
Import fro	om Oscilloscope		I
1401	Cannot access the folder	You do not have enough permission to see the contents of this folder.	Go to folder properties on Windows Explorer and change the permissions to have enough permission.
1402	A file with this name already exists in this folder. Do you want to overwrite?	A file with the same name is found in the currently selected folder.	Rename the file in the selected folder or select a different folder.
1403	Switch on Ref# on the oscilloscope	The reference memory on the oscilloscope is switched off.	Switch on the reference memory on the oscilloscope using front panel buttons.
1404	FFT Waveforms cannot be imported. Select a Dual Math waveform	FFT waveforms are frequency domain waveforms. This version of ArbExpress does not support this type of waveforms.	NA
1405	Disconnect failed. Refresh Visa resource list and try to reconnect	Communication with the oscilloscope is lost. Therefore all commands including 'Disconnect' fail.	Check the physical connection, refresh the Visa resource and try to reconnect.
1406	Connect failed. Refresh Visa resource list, check if the instrument is properly connected and try again	 This message can appear for several reasons. 1. Physical connection between PC and oscilloscope is improper or does not exist 2. The connected oscilloscope is not in the Visa resource list 3. The oscilloscope is not in the Talk/Listen mode (If it is connected using GPIB cable) 	 Do one of the following: Check the physical connection to ensure that everything is fine Refresh VisaRM if and Instrument list in the Oscilloscope Acquisition dialog. Using oscilloscope front panel, select Talk/Listen mode. Refresh Visa resource and refresh the Instrument list in the Oscilloscope Acquisition dialog
1407	Visa not found on this PC	Visa was not found on the PC.	Install TekVisa.
1408	Error finding Visa resources	The application cannot find Visa resources.	Refresh the VisaRM and then refresh the ArbExpress instrument list.
1409	An oscilloscope is already connected. Disconnect it before connecting a different oscilloscope	You are trying to connect to a second oscilloscope while you are already connected to one.	Disconnect the oscilloscope currently connected, select the other and try to connect.

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
1410	No resources are found. Refresh TekVisa Resource manager and click Refresh button again	ArbExpress did not find any oscilloscopes that can be connected. Therefore the Scope List is empty	Refresh TekVisa resource manager and wait till the TekVisa Resource Manager dialog shows "Ready" state. Then click "Refresh" button on Import From Oscilloscope dialog.
1411	No Math equation is set on the Oscilloscope	You have not set a math equation for this math source on the Oscilloscope	Set a math equation that generates a time domain signal for this math source.
File Tran	sfer and Control		ł
1601	Could not connect to the instrument. Check: • the GPIB connection • the instrument mode • the IP Address	 When the instrument is connected to the PC via the GPIB or LAN, and the user fails to connect because the GPIB /LAN cable is not connected properly the instrument may be switched off the instrument is not in GPIB/LAN mode the IP Address is incorrect for the LAN connection VISA resource list is not updated. 	 Verify the GPIB (Talk/Listen)/LAN connection. Ensure there is no loose connection. Refresh the Visa resource list. Check that the instrument is powered on and is in GPIB/Network mode. For LAN connection, ping from the instrument to the PC and vice versa. Verify that instrument is ready for communication. Try reconnecting to the instrument. Connect only one PC connected to an instrument.
1602	Error getting instrument's file list, folder list	The instrument is successfully connected via the GPIB bus but the user cannot get instrument folder/file list. This may happen if the connection to the instrument is lost.	 Verify that instrument is ready for communication. Try reconnecting to the instrument
1603	Visa32.dll not found. Install TekVisa	 This message appears when you try to access the File Transfer dialog. TekVisa files not found in Windows' system folder (system32 or system folder depending on the Windows Operating System). TekVisa files may be corrupt. 	Do the following: 1. Ensure that the Windows Operating System is installed on the PC 2. Uninstall TekVisa if already installed. Reinstall TekVisa. 3. Ensure that the Tekvisa32.dll is placed in the Windows system folder (system or system32 folder).
1604	Error finding VISA resources	The user has set up the physical connection to this instrument via GPIB bus but is unable to get the instrument resource in the instrument list.	Start> Programs>TekVISA>TekVISA Configuration. Refresh the TekVisa resource list.

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
1605	Unable to write to the instrument	 The user tried to transfer a file from the PC to the instrument. The transfer failed due to: lost instrument connection insufficient hard disk space the file that is being transferred is opened by another application This message also appears when an AFG3xx is connected, and the user tries to drag-and-drop or copy an item from PC files list to the edit memory (EMEM) of the instrument. The write operation failed due to: Large file size. The edit memory can have a maximum of 16000 points Incompatible file format No communication between the application and the instrument. This message also appears while transferring a file from the PC to an AWG2000 series instrument whose file format is incompatible with the AWG2000 file format or NVRam may 	 Check instrument connection Check hard disk space Check whether the file is being used by another application Check whether the instrument file size and file format are compatible Ensure that the file being transferred from the PC to the AWG2000 series instrument is compatible with the AWG2000 file format or NVRam has enough memory
1606	Failed to get the instrument's default directory	be full. You tried to transfer a file from the instrument's memory to the PC. The application failed to get the instrument's current default directory (MAIN) because the connection to the instrument was lost during file transfer.	Verify whether the instrument is connected and is ready to communicate.
1607	A file with this name already exists in this folder. Do you want to overwrite?	You tried to transfer a file to the destination folder in a PC or an instrument but a file with the same file name exists in this folder.	Rename the existing file and then transfer the file again. Or select Yes to overwrite the existing file.
1608	An instrument is already connected. Disconnect it to connect to a new instrument	The software allows one connection at a time — either through GPIB or LAN. The user tried to connect to a second instrument.	Disconnect the connected instrument and connect a new instrument.
1609	This file is empty. Cannot transfer this file	You tried to transfer an empty file from the PC to the instrument or vice versa.	NA
1610	Unable to load the file. Check the instrument connection	You tried to load a file by pressing the Load button in the instrument control pane. The application failed to load the file because: The connection to the Instrument is lost	 Do one of the following: Check the instrument connection and whether the instrument is ready to communicate Check if the file is a .wfm, .pat, or .set file

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
		 The file format is invalid 	 Check if the file is present.
1611	No waveform/sequence file is loaded	This message appears when the waveform or sequence file is not loaded in the instrument's internal memory, and user presses Run/Stop button in the instrument control pane. This also appears when the user tries to enable the AWG channel by selecting the On/Off Channel in the instrument control pane. This is applicable only to AWGs.	Load a waveform into the internal memory of the connected AWG instrument, then perform Run/Stop.
1612	Enter a value	This message appears when no value has been entered in a field.	Enter a valid value for the field that is supported by the application.
1613	Failed to write to the PC	 This message appears when the user tries to transfer the remote file from the connected instrument to the PC file list. The application fails to do so because: the instrument is not ready the destination folder in the PC has a file with same name that is being accessed by another application the destination folder in the PC may not exist Instrument connection is lost 	 Check whether The instrument connection is alive The instrument is ready The destination folder exists
1614	Invalid amplitude. Voltage range supported is xx-xx.	The value entered is not within the instrument's range.	Enter a value that is supported by the instrument.
1615	Invalid offset. Voltage range supported is xx-xx.	The value entered is not within the instrument's range.	Enter a value that is supported by the instrument.
1616	Invalid marker voltage. Voltage range supported is xx-xx.	The value entered is not within the instrument's range.	Enter a value that is supported by the instrument.
1617	Invalid clock. Frequency range supported is xx-xx.	The value entered is not within the instrument's range.	Enter a value that is supported by the instrument.
1618	Invalid phase. Range supported is xx–xx.	The value entered is not within the instrument's range.	Enter a value that is supported by the instrument.
1619	Invalid output frequency. Frequency range supported is xx–xx.	The value entered is not within the instrument's range.	Enter a value that is supported by the instrument.
1620	Invalid EMEM size. Point range supported is xx-xx.	The value entered is not within the instrument's range.	Enter a value that is supported by the instrument.

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
1621	Insert a floppy	 This is caused when you select "DISK" on the Instrument Folder/PC folder. Floppy drive may not have a disk Floppy drive or the floppy disk may be bad 	 Ensure that the floppy disk is inserted in the disk drive and is working. Instrument/PC floppy drive is working
1622	Are you sure you want to overwrite EMEM with <pc file<br="">name>?</pc>	This message appears when user transfers file from PC to the Edit memory of the instrument (AFG).	NA
1623	Are you sure you want to overwrite USER <n> with EMEMfile?</n>	This message appears when user transfers file from Edit memory to the User memory of the instrument (AFG).	NA
1624	Are you sure you want to overwrite USER <n> with <pc file name>?"</pc </n>	This message appears when user transfers file from PC to the User <n> memory of the instrument (AFG).</n>	NA
1625	No Arb is connected. Do you want to connect now?	This message appears if the "Send To Arb" button is pressed in the application when no instrument is connected. Pressing Yes invokes the File Transfer and Control dialog.	NA

Error Messages and Warnings III

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
Scope Aco	quisition Wizard	1	
1701	No resources are found. Refresh TekVisa Resource manager and click Refresh button again.	This error message appears when the user tries to refresh or select "Select Instrument" page and when there are no instruments listed after the scan.	Refresh TekVisa.
1702	Connect failed. Refresh Visa resource list, check if the instrument is properly connected and try again.	This error message appears when the user tries to connect to a particular instrument and connection fails.	Refresh TekVisa.
1703	Switch on Ref# on the oscilloscope.	This error occurs when the user tries to acquire from Reference memory and reference is turned off.	Turn on the Reference memory.
1704	No Math equation is set on the Oscilloscope.	This error occurs when the user tries to acquire from Math data source when the equation is null.	Check whether the math equation is valid.
1705	No data points available. Please change the settings and acquire again.	This error occurs when the user tries to acquire data from a source and when no points are available.	Change the acquisition settings and acquire again.
1706	Frequency Domain Waveforms cannot be imported. Select a Dual Math waveform.	This error appears when the user tries to acquire waveform in frequency domain. For this error to happen the data source should be a MATH waveform.	Select a Dual Math waveform.
1707	Number of points match the instrument -" Selected Instrument Name"	This message appears when the user selects Validate button in the "Extract Segment" page and the number of points should match the instrument selected.	NA
1708	A file already exists with this name in this folder. Do you want to overwrite?	This message appears when the file is about to be overwritten.	NA
Point Drav	N	•	•
1801	Only 100 PD Points are allowed	This message appears when PD points exceed 100.	Remove the existing PD point and then add new PD point.
1901	Enter units in right place	This message appears when units are not entered properly for the time value. Time value can be entered when Time button is selected under XY group. The user will not be able to click the next cell until the right value is entered.	Enter the units appropriately.

Error code	Error message	Description	Possible solution
1902	Please enter only digits	This message appears when input is not correct for the time value. Time value can be entered when Time button is selected under XY group. The user will not be able to click the next cell until the right value is entered.	Enter the time value correctly.
1903	Please enter the units correctly	This message appears when units are not entered properly for the time value. Time value can be entered when Time button is selected under XY group. The user will not be able to click the next cell until the units are entered correctly.	Enter the units appropriately.
1904	Please enter correct double value	This message appears when the input value for Voltage is not correct. The user will not be able to click the next cell until the right voltage value is entered.	Enter the correct voltage value
1905	The time value entered should be within maximum time range	The maximum time value will depend on the waveform length. Time value can be entered when Time button is selected under XY group. The user will not be able to click the next cell until the right voltage value is entered.	The time value entered should be within the range.
1906	Sampling Index should be within Maximum Sampling value	This message appears when the point value exceeds the waveform length. Point mode can be selecting the Points under the XY group.	Enter the point within the range.
1907	Value of the Sampling Index should be unique	The sampling index should always be a unique value.	Enter unique sampling index.
1908	There should be minimum time difference of at least MinimumTimeDifference	This message appears when time values in two cells have a difference of less than the MinimumTimeDifference. Time value can be entered when Time button is selected under XY group.	Entering the time value in the cell such that they have the MinimumTimeDifference between them.

Default Settings

Parameter	Selection	Default Setting						
Edit> Paste	Paste at active cursor Prepend to the waveform Append to the waveform Replace between cursors	Paste at active cursor						
	Don't show this again and always paste at active cursor	Not selected by default						
Shift/Rotate	Points	10						
	Amplitude	.5 V						
	Vertical Segment: Shift Up, Shift Down	Shift Up						
	Horizontal Segment: Rotate Right, Rotate Left, Shift Left, Shift Right	Rotate Right						
Point Draw Table	Interpolation: Linear, Smooth, Staircase	Smooth						
	X Value: Time, Points	Depends on the X axis units of the active wavebook or window						
Display> Cursor Position	Points Seconds	The selection is based on the waveform. If the X-axis is Time, the setting is Seconds.						
	Cursor 1	Reflects the current location, in points or seconds, of Cursor 1						
	Cursor 2	Reflects the current location, in points or seconds, of Cursor 2						
Display> Properties	Waveform Name	Displays the name of the selected waveform						
isplay rioperlies	Enable Graticule	Enabled by default						
	Waveform Properties	Displays the currently selected waveform's color, line style, and line width						
	Marker Color	Displays the marker colors of Marker 1 and Marker 2						
	Background Color	Displays the background color of the selected waveform						
	Cursor Color	Displays the cursor colors of Cursor 1 and Cursor 2						
Equation Editor	Instrument	AWG710						
	Sampling Rate	1000000						
	Number of Points	1000						
	Total Range	0.001						
	Equation	#Change the range according to you settings range (0,1ms) #Your equation goes here sin(w)						
Waveform>	Instrument	Displays the currently selected instrument in the waveform						
Properties> Active Waveform tab	Sampling Rate	Displays the currently selected instrument in the waveform						
	Number of Points	Displays the currently selected instrument in the waveform						
	Resampling method: Sinc, Linear, Add points with zero amplitude	Sinc						

Parameter	Selection	Default Setting
	Normalize waveform before saving the file	Selected by default; always selected for AFG310, and AFG320
Waveform>	New Window/Existing Window	New Window
Properties> Multi- Waveform Properties	Wave Book Selection	Displays the currently selected wave book
tab	Change the incoming waveform's sampling rate Change the existing waveform's sampling rate	Change the incoming waveform's sampling rate
Waveform> Properties> Preferences tab	Save .set file along with the .wfm and .pat files Show paste option before pasting Always enable instrument's outputs after transferring the waveform	All the options are selected When the channel is turned on or off, the complementary channels are also turned on or off
Math> Waveform Math	Math Source Waveform Library— Sine, Square, Triangle, DC, Noise, Pulse, Exponential Rise, Exponential Decay	Waveform Library Amplitude 2.0, Cycles 1, Phase 0, Duty Cycle 50, Pulse Width 50, Damp Factor 5
	Scalar	Amplitude 1.0
	Copy from Clipboard	
	Operation	
	Add	Add
	Subtract	
	Multiply	
	Divide	
	Only Between Cursors	Always selected

Default Settings Cont...

This table lists the default settings for the standard waveforms.

Parameter	Selection	Default Setting
Waveform> Sine	Amplitude Peak to peak	2
	Points	1000
	Vertical offset	0
	Cycles	10
	Frequency	Maximum sampling rate / Points per cycle(100)
	Phase	0
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument
	Points per cycle	100
Waveform> Square	Amplitude Peak to peak	2
	Points	1000
	Vertical offset	0
	Cycles	10
	Frequency	Maximum sampling rate / Points per cycle(100)
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument
	Points per cycle	100
	Phase	0
	Duty Cycle	50
	Rise Time / Fall Time	0
	Rise Time / Fall Time Type	Ramp
Waveform> Triangle	Amplitude Peak to peak	2
	Points	1000
	Vertical offset	0
	Cycles	10
	Frequency	Maximum sampling rate / Points per cycle(100)
	Phase	0
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument
	Points per cycle	1000

Parameter	Selection	Default Setting						
Waveform> Pulse	Amplitude Peak to peak	2						
Vaveform> Pulse Vaveform> DC Vaveform> Exponential Rise Vaveform> Exponential Decay	Vertical offset	0						
	Cycles	10						
	Frequency	Maximum sampling rate / Points per cycle(100)						
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument						
	Points per cycle	100						
	Delay	0						
	Pulse Width	10						
	Rise Time / Fall Time	0						
	Rise Time / Fall Time Type	Ramp						
	Transition Pulse Direction	Positive						
Waveform> DC	Amplitude Peak to peak	2						
Naveform>	Points	1000						
	Vertical offset	0						
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument						
Waveform> Exponential Rise	Amplitude Peak to peak	2						
	Points	1000						
	Vertical offset	0						
	Cycles	1						
	Phase	0						
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument						
	Damp factor	5						
Waveform>	Amplitude Peak to peak	2						
Exponential Decay	Points	1000						
	Vertical offset	0						
	Cycles	1						
	Phase	0						
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument						
	Damp factor	5						
Waveform> Noise	Amplitude Peak to peak	2						
	Points	1000						
	Vertical offset	0						
	Noise Type	Gaussian White Noise						
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument						

Parameter	Selection	Default Setting							
Waveform> Sinc	Amplitude Peak to peak	2							
	Points	1000							
	Vertical offset	0							
	Cycles	1							
	Phase	0							
	Number of zero crossings	10							
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument							
Waveform> Sweep	Amplitude Peak to peak	1000							
	Vertical offset	0							
	Points	Duration * Sampling Rate							
	Start frequency	1M							
	End Frequency	5 M							
	Time Duration	1u (AWG710 – AWG2021), (AWG710 - AWG2021), and (AFG302X - AFG325X) 10u (AWG2005- AFG320), (AWG710 - AWG2021), and (AFG302X AFG325X)							
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument. The default sampling rate for AWG2021 is 248.							
Waveform> Multi-	Amplitude Peak to peak	2							
Tone	Vertical offset	0							
	Points	SamplingRate/ToneSpacing							
	Start frequency	1M (AWG 710–AWG2021), (AWG710 - AWG2021), and (AFG302) - AFG325X)							
		1K (AWG 2005–AFG 320), (AWG710 - AWG2021), and (AFG302X AFG325X)							
	End Frequency	5M (AWG 710–AWG2021), (AWG710 - AWG2021), and (AFG302X - AFG325X)							
		5K (AWG 2005–AFG 320), (AWG710 - AWG2021), and (AFG302X AFG325X)							
	Tone Spacing	1M (AWG 710–AWG2021), (AWG710 - AWG2021), and (AFG302) - AFG325X)							
		1K (AWG 2005–AFG 320), (AWG710 - AWG2021), and (AFG302X AFG325X)							
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument. The default sampling rate for AWG2021 is 248.							

Parameter	Selection	Default Setting						
Waveform> Lorentz	Amplitude Peak to peak	2						
	Vertical offset	0						
	Points	Delay * Sampling Rate						
	Cycles	1						
	Phase	0						
	Delay	1u (AWG710–AWG2021), (AWG710 - AWG2021), and (AFG302X - AFG325X)						
		10u (AWG2005–AFG320), (AWG710 - AWG2021), and (AFG302X - AFG325X)						
	Half Width	0.3us						
	Sampling Rate	Maximum sampling rate supported by the instrument. The default sampling rate for AWG2021 is 248.						
Waveform Padding Options	Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points Add zeros to achieve minimum number of points Add last vector to achieve minimum number of points	Manually change the Horizontal settings to reach minimum number of points.						

Valid Parameter Ranges

The table below lists the filters, amplitudes, offsets, and levels supported by the AWGs and AFGs.

	Output amplitude option
	Memory length option
9	Output channel option

			Main Analog Output													
				Amplitude		×5	Offset		~	Level	1		Filte	er (MH	z)	
	6		MaxVpp	Min Vpp	Res. V	+ xx V	- 88V	Res. V	Max V	Min V	Res. V				3	
	STD	Normal	2.00	0.02	0.001	+ 0.5	-0.5	0.001	+1.5	-1.5	0.001	Through	20	50	100	200
AVG710	SID	Direct	1.00	0.02	0.001	п	o contro)	+0.5	-0.5	0.001		no s	electio	n	
AWG710	option 02		1.00	0.50	0.001	n	io contro	ol :	+0.5	-0.5	0.001		no s	electio	n	. 1
	option 01		10		<u></u>	·	· · · · · ·		2	· · · · · · · · ·	í l	-		YY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Normal	2.00	0.02	0.001	+ 0.5	-0.5	0.001	+1.5	-1.5	0.001	Through	20	50	100	200
	STD	Direct	1.00	0.02	0.001	n	o contro	ol	+0.5	-0.5	0.001		no s	electio	on	
AVG710B	option 02		1.00	0.50	0.001	n	o contro	ol	+0.5	-0.5	0.001	20	no s	electio	on	
	option 01															1
	-	Normal	2.00	0.02	0.001	+ 1.0	-1.0	0.001	+2.0	-2.0	0.001	Through	20	50	100	200
AVG610	STD	Direct	1.00	0.02	0.001				+0.5	-0.5	0.001		nos	electio		1
	Grands.	Normal	2.00	0.02	0.001	+ 0.5	-0.5	0.001	+1.5	-1.5	0.001	Through	20	50	100	200
	STD	Direct	1.00	0.02	0.001		o contro		+0.5	-0.5	0.001	no selection			1 200	
AWG615	option 02		1.00	0.50	0.001	52	o contro	124	+0.5	-0.5	0.001			electic		
	option 02	-	1.00	0.00	0.001	0 0		<i>a</i>	+0.0	-0.0	0.001	no selection		/II		
	option of	Normal	2.00	0.02	0.001	+ 1.0	-1.0	0.001	+2.0	-2.0	0.001	Through	10	20	50	100
AVG510	STD	Direct	0.5 fix			-0.27 fix	-10	~~~		~~~~	~~~	rniougn		electio		1 100
A#4010		Normal	2.00	0.02	0.001	+ 1.0	-1.0	0.001	+2.0	-2.0	0.001	Through	10	20	50	100
AVG520	STD	Direct	0.5 fix			-0.27 fix	5	~~	5	~	~	moogn		no selection		
AVG420		Normal	2.00	0.02	0.001	+ 1.0	-1.0	0.001	+2.0	-2.0	0.001	Through	1	5	20	50
	STD	Direct	0.50	0.02	0.001		o contro		+0.25	-0.25	0.001	Through	1	5	20	50
	1 10 10 10	Normal	5.00	0.02	0.001	+ 2.5	-2.5	0.001	+5.0	-5.0	0.001	Through	1	5	20	50
	option 05	Direct	0.50	0.02	0.001	n	o contro		+0.25	-0.25	0.001	Through	1	5	20	50
	option 01				1				2		1			1	1	1 3
AVG430	STD	Normal	2.00	0.02	0.001	+ 1.0	-1.0	0.001	+2.0	-2.0	0.001	Through	1	5	20	50
		Direct	0.50	0.02	0.001	n	o contro	ol .	+0.25	-0.25	0.001	Through	1	5	20	50
	option 05	Normal	5.00	0.02	0.001	+ 2.5	-2.5	0.001	+5.0	-5.0	0.001	Through	1	5	20	50
		Direct	0.50	0.02	0.001	n	io contro)	+0.25	-0.25	0.001	Through	1	5	20	50
	option 01															
AVG2021			5.00	0.05	0.005	+ 2.5	-2.5	0.005	+5.0	-5.0	0.005	Through	1	5	20	50
	option 02					0	i i i		2 2			10013° N				
AVG2005	51		10.00	0.05	0.005	+ 5.0	-5.0	0.005	+10.0	-10.0	0.005	Through	0.5	1	2	5
	option 02					· · · ·										
AFG310			10.00	0.05	0.005	+ 5.0	-5.0	0.005	+10.0	-10.0	0.005					
AFG320			10.00	0.05	0.005	+ 5.0	-5.0	0.005	+10.0	-10.0	0.005					

	1	Output and	a stat	Manager In	-1-	1 1	Marker out	A man David -	-		Laure	
	-	Output style	# of ch	Memory length/				Amplitude			Level	
				Max	Min	Restriction	Max Vpp	Min Vpp	Res. V	Max V	Min V	Res. V
	STD	Differential		16,200,000	960	X 4	2.5	0.05	0.05	+3.00	-1.10	0.05
AVG710		Differential			3	1			8 - 8		6	<u> </u>
	option 02	Differential			960							<u> </u>
	option 01			32,400,000	960							
	STD	Differential	1	32,400,000	960	X4	1.25	0.05	0.05	+2.45	-2.00	0.05
AVG710B	0.0	Differential	1 1	20.5 2.00						1		
Awariob	option 02	Differential			960					C.		
	option 01	9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	64,800,000	960							
AVG610	STD	Differential	1	8,100,032	512	X8	2.5	0.05	0.05	+3.00	-1.10	0.05
AWG610	SID	Differential							,			
		Differential	1	32,400,000	960	×4	1.25	0.05	0.05	+2.45	-2.00	0.05
	STD	Differential										
AWG615	option 02	Differential			960							
	option 01			64,800,000	960					1		
- 		Differential	1	4,194,048	256	X4	4.0	0.05	0.05	+2.00	-2.00	0.005
AVG510	STD	Differential										
		Single-end	2	4,194,048	256	×4	4.0	0.05	0.05	+2.00	-2.00	0.005
AVG520	STD	Single-end										
AVG420	STD	Differential	2	4,050,000	64	X1						
2		÷.			1							
	option 05	Single-end			_							
-				and the second								
	option 01			16,200,000	64							
AVG430	STD	Differential	3	4,050,000	64	X1						
	010				~							
_	option 05	Single-end	1									
			1									
<	option 01	3	(in the second se	16,200,000	64	3					3	
AVG2021	2	Single end	1	262,144	64	X8						
	option 02		2	2010/2011/11/20								
AVG2005		Single end	2	65,536	16	X1						
	option 02		4		-							
AFG310		Single end	1	16,384	10	X1						
AFG320		Single end	2	16,384	10	X1						

The table below lists the output styles, number of channels, memory lengths, and marker out levels supported by the AWGs and AFGs.

				Main A	Inalog O	utput				J				
	1	Amplitude			Offset			Level		Output style	# of ch	Memory length/	ch	
	MaxVpp	Min Vpp	Res. V	+ xx V	- xxV	Res. V	Max V	Min V	Res. V			Max	Min	Restriction
AFG3021	10.000	0.01	0.0001	+5.000	-5.000	0.001	+5.000	-5.000	0.001	Single end	1	65536 @250MS/s	2	X2
AFG3022	10.000	0.01	0.0001	+5.000	-5.000	0.001	+5.000	-5.000	0.001	Single end	2	65536@250MS/s	2	X2
AFG3101	10.000	0.02	0.0001	+5.000	-5.000	0.001	+5.000	-5.000	0.001	Single end	1	16384 @1000MS/s, 131072@250MHz	2	X2
AFG3102	10.000	0.02	0.0001	+5.000	-5.000	0.001	+5.000	-5.000	0.001	Single end	2	16384 @1000MS/s, 131072@250MHz	2	X2
AFG3251	5.000	0.05	0.0001	+2.500	-2.500	0.001	+5.000	-5.000	0.001	Single end	1	16384 @2000MS/s, 131072@250MHz	2	X2
AFG3252	5.000	0.05	0.0001	+2.500	-2.500	0.001	+5.000	-5.000	0.001	Single end	2	16384 @2000MS/s, 131072@250MHz	2	X2

The table below lists the output styles and the number of channels supported by theAFG3xxx series of instruments.

Equation Editor Reference I

Use the equation editor to edit files with the extension of .equ, .eqa, or *.*. The default selection is *.eqa. Equation file data takes the form of mathematical equations. An equation program file can have up to 100 lines. An equation file is compiled to create a waveform file and to output the waveform.

Sin(Cos(exp(log(int(pi	()
ln(Sqrt(Max(Min(×	e	+	-
range(rnd(mark(diff(v	ĸ	*	1
norm(round(abs(integ(t	w	^	=

The component menu contains the items used to set the time range as well as functions, operators, variables, constants, syntax items and characters. You can use these items to create equations and enter comments.

Component	Symbol	Meaning	Example
Syntax Items	()	These are parentheses – (and) – for specifying the order of operations. Each opening (left) parenthesis must be paired with a closing (right) parenthesis. When there are two arguments – for example, range, max, min – they are separated with a ,(comma).	NA
Variables. Here are the variables	t	Time from the head of that range() statement Variable taking on a value from 0.0 to 1.0 within	NA
that can be used in an equation.	X	that range () Variable showing the current value of the waveform data at that position.statement	
a <i>i</i>	V	'	
Operators	+, -, *, /	These add, subtract, multiply, or divide the components. The priorities are the same as usual for these four operators – * and / have priority over + and –.	NA
	٨	Expresses exponents. Only integers can be raised to a higher power. ^ has the same priority as * and /. Therefore, parentheses are required to give priority to multiplication.	Example: pi * (2^3) * x where 2^3 = two raised to the third power.
Comment	#	Comments are preceded by a number sign (#). When a number sign is entered, all characters after that until the end of the line are treated as a comment. All of the items in the component menu can be used in a comment.	NA
Characters	a–z, %, \$, &, @, A, _	The characters available in the component menu are the letters of the alphabet (a–z) and several symbols (%, \$, &, @, A and _). These are used in comments.	NA
Other items	pi, e, k, =, ←		NA
	pi	The circumferential ratio.	NA

Component	Symbol	Meaning	Example
	e	Exponent (for an implied 10). The range for numbers expressed in this scientific notation is from [5.9e–39] to [3.4e38].	Examples: 1e6=1,000,000, 1e– 3=0.001
	k	The k0–k9 can be specified; these are constants that may be used in equations. Specifying a new value for the same k# replaces the old value with the new one. If no constant is defined for k, this value will be automatically set to 0.	NA
	=	Equals sign. = is used with k constants.	Example: k0=2*pi
	┙	Ends the line for the range or equation; inserting a return (+) in the middle of the line partitions it.	NA
Functions	sin(, cos(The arguments for these trigonometric functions are in radians.	Example: range(0,100 s)cos(2*pi*x) Example: range(0,100 s)sin(2*pi*1e4*t)
	exp(, log(, ln(Exponential function, common log function, natural log function. The log and In arguments must be positive.	Example: range(0,50 _s) 1-exp(-5*x) range(50 _s,100 _s) exp(-5*x) Example: range(0,100 _s) log(10*(x+0.1)) Example: range(0,100 _s) ln(2*(x+0.2))
	sqrt(The square root; the argument must be a positive value.	Example: range(0,100 _s) sqrt(sin(pi*x))
	abs(The absolute value.	Example: range(0,100 _s) abs(sin(2*pi*x))
	int(Truncates the fraction to obtain the integer.	Example: range(0,100 _s) int(5*sin(2*pi*x))/5
	round(Rounds off the fraction to obtain the integer.	Example: range(0,100 _s) round(5*sin(2*pi*x))/5
	norm(Normalizes the range specified with range() and scales the amplitude values so that the maximum absolute value is 1.0 (i.e. a value of $+1.0$ or -1.0). The norm() statement comprises an entire line.	Example: range(0,100 _s) sin(2*pi*x)+rnd()/10 norm()
	max(min(Takes the larger of two values. Takes the smaller of two values.	Example: range(0,100 _s) sin(2*pi*x) range(0,50 _s) min(v,0.5) range(50 _s,100 _s) max(v,-0.5)

Component	Symbol	Meaning	Example
	range(The equation must specify the time domain. If the time domain is not defined, this is an error. The time domain is specified with range(). When making a new equation file, range(0, is input in the first line of equation. Next, the time is specified. This setting is valid until the next range(item is specified. With the first range() specification, any number of lines of equation can be input. Text written after the range() on the same line is invalid. Here is the format for the range(item. range(Equation starting time, Equation ending time)	range(0,1ms) Time range sin(2*pi*x) Equation
	rnd (integer from 1 to 16,777,215)	When an argument is specified, generates a random number sequence using that argument as the initial value. If the argument is omitted, 1 is used.	Example: range(0,100 _s) rnd(2)/3
	diff(Differentiates the function over the range specified with range(). Specified with diff(). The diff() comprises an entire line.	Example: range(0,33 _s) -0.5 range(33 _s,66 _s) 0.5 range(66 _s,100 _s) -0.5 range(0,100 _s) diff()
	integ(Integrates the function over the range specified with range(). Specified with integ(). The integ() comprises an entire line. After integ(), specify normalization (norm()) as necessary.	Example: range(0,33 _s) -0.5 range(33 _s,66 _s) 0.5 range(66 _s,100 _s) -0.5 range(0,100 _s) integ() norm()
	mark (marker1 or marker2)	Sets the marker for the range set with range(). After compiling, there is no marker display, but the set marker can be verified with the waveform editor. The mark() statement comprises an entire line. For example, when mark(1) is input, nothing else can be input on that line.	NA

Equation Editor Reference II

Use the equation editor's units menu to specify the units for the parameters or variables used in the equation.

m	u	n	P
s	,	к	м

The following table lists the units that you can use and their descriptions.

Unit	Meaning	
m	milli (e ⁻³)	
u	micro (e ⁻⁶)	
n	nano (e ^{_9})	
р	pico (e ⁻¹²)	
S	second	
3	comma separator	
К	Kilo (e ³)	
М	Mega (e ⁶)	

Use the selection menu to confirm, backspace, or clear the equation.



The following table lists the units that you can use and their descriptions.

Button	Meaning
Enter	Confirms the selection and moves to the next line of the equation
BKSP	Backspaces over the last character. Works like the backspace key on the keyboard
CLR	Clears the entire equation

Reference